

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.****Financial Statements****With Independent Auditors' Report  
For the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**

Address: No. 219, Sec. 4, Zhongxiao E. Road, Taipei, Taiwan  
Telephone: (02)27765567

The independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' report and financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

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安侯建業聯合會計師事務所  
KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓)  
68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5,  
Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Telephone 電話 + 886 (2) 8101 6666  
Fax 傳真 + 886 (2) 8101 6667  
Internet 網址 kpmg.com/tw

## Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors of Union Insurance Co., LTD.:

### Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Union Insurance Co., LTD. ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises.

### Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Certified Public Accountants Code of Professional Ethics in Republic of China ("the Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis of our opinion.

### Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

#### Assessment of insurance liability

Please refer to Note 4(p) "Insurance liabilities" for the related accounting policy, Note 5(a) for accounting assumptions and estimation uncertainty of insurance liability, and Note 6(q) for details of the assessment of insurance liability.

#### Description of key audit matter:

The Company measures insurance liabilities in accordance with "Regulations Governing the Provision of Various Reserves" and relevant administrative rules, of which the judgment of future uncertainty and related hypothetical parameters include claim development factor and expected claim rate used in estimating the claim reserve, as well as the reserve of unearned premium is based on the calculated factors according to characteristics of each insurance type. Above mentioned assessment is involved the exercise of significant professional judgments. Therefore, the valuation of insurance liabilities has been identified as a key audit matter in our audit.

How the matter was addressed in our audit:

Our principal audit procedures included: engaging our internal actuarial specialists to perform relevant audit procedures over insurance liability, inspecting whether the methods and parameters of insurance liabilities are in accordance with insurance related regulations and administrative rules and relevant practical principles set by the Actuarial Institute of the Republic of China; independently establishing models to recalculate the amount of reserves and further comparing the result of recalculation with the one provided by the management; the appropriateness of actuarial assumptions based on internal data or industry experiences with the characteristics of insurance products, performing the changes of insurance liabilities analysis, including understanding of industry and market, and evaluating the rationality of actuarial assumption adopted by the management.

### **Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are LEE, FENG HUI and CHUNG, TAN TAN.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)

March 26, 2021

#### **Notes to Readers**

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors' audit report and the accompanying financial statements are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors' audit report and financial statements, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019			December 31, 2020		December 31, 2019	
	Amount	%	Amount	%		Amount	%	Amount	%
<b>Assets</b>									
11000 Cash and cash equivalents (note 6(a))	\$ 2,386,542	13	2,117,261	12	21000 Accounts payable (note 6(b) and (e))	\$ 1,256,750	7	1,283,230	7
12000 Receivables (note 6(b))	667,810	4	858,220	5	21700 Current tax liabilities	180	-	3,166	-
12600 Current tax assets	302	-	77	-	24000 Insurance liabilities (note 6(q))	10,326,662	58	10,404,545	59
13000 Assets classified as held-for-sale (note 6(h))	-	-	39,080	-	27000 Provisions (note 6(o))	214,043	2	233,432	1
14110 Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 6(f))	1,966,543	11	1,619,258	9	23800 Lease liabilities (note 6(m))	7,863	-	19,679	-
14190 Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (note 6(f))	2,356,484	13	1,860,294	11	28000 Deferred tax liabilities (note 6(r))	63,920	-	63,920	-
14145 Financial assets at amortized cost (note 6(f))	1,493,894	8	1,437,951	8	25000 Other liabilities	28,121	-	108,175	2
14180 Other financial assets, net (note 6(f))	2,121,637	12	2,587,570	15	<b>Total liabilities</b>	<u>11,897,539</u>	<u>67</u>	<u>12,116,147</u>	<u>69</u>
16700 Right-of-use assets (note 6(l))	7,810	-	19,584	-					
14200 Investment property (note 6(j))	791,880	5	839,087	5	<b>Equity</b>				
15000 Reinsurance assets (note 6(c))	3,920,832	22	4,149,186	24	31100 Ordinary share (note 6(s))	2,236,080	13	2,129,600	12
16000 Property and equipment (note 6(k))	1,165,781	7	1,127,260	6	33100 Legal reserve (note 6(s))	718,040	4	577,284	3
17000 Intangible assets	136,982	1	133,831	1	33200 Special reserve (note 6(q) and (s))	2,235,431	13	2,038,341	12
18000 Other assets	728,235	4	745,329	4	33300 Unappropriated retained earnings (note 6(s))	599,184	3	549,288	3
					34210 Revaluation gains (losses) on investments in equity instruments measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	58,458	-	120,375	1
					34700 Equity related to assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale (note 6(h))	-	-	2,953	-
					<b>Total equity</b>	<u>5,847,193</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>5,417,841</u>	<u>31</u>
<b>Total assets</b>	<u>\$ 17,744,732</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>17,533,988</u>	<u>100</u>	<b>Total liabilities and equity</b>	<u>\$ 17,744,732</u>	<u>100</u>	<u>17,533,988</u>	<u>100</u>

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

## UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.

## Statements of Comprehensive Income

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars , Except for Earnings Per Share)

	2020		2019		Change
	Amount	%	Amount	%	
41000	<b>Operating revenue:</b>				
41110	\$ 10,222,889	124	9,833,305	122	4
41120	419,272	5	400,459	5	5
41100	10,642,161	129	10,233,764	127	
51100	3,259,029	39	3,231,917	40	1
51310	238,756	3	(32,853)	-	827
41130	7,144,376	87	7,034,700	87	
41300	579,520	7	586,449	7	(1)
41500	Net income(loss) from investments				
41510	78,337	1	89,255	1	(12)
41521	264,405	3	253,965	3	4
41527	67,954	1	48,037	1	41
41540	-	-	(1,999)	-	100
41550	(657)	-	(827)	-	21
41570	51,825	1	45,120	1	15
41585	76	-	(288)	-	126
41590	38,855	-	-	-	-
41800	13,091	-	11,586	-	13
	<b>8,237,782</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>8,065,998</b>	<b>100</b>	
51000	<b>Operating costs:</b>				
51200	5,926,033	72	6,014,604	75	(1)
41200	2,136,153	26	2,115,782	26	1
51260	3,789,880	46	3,898,822	49	
51300	Net change in other insurance liability (note6(q))				
51320	58,378	1	(104,753)	(1)	156
51340	(5,066)	-	(23,009)	1	78
51350	-	-	(4,314)	-	100
51500	1,618,526	20	1,537,730	19	5
51800	45,501	-	39,386	-	16
51700	2,484	-	2,168	-	15
	<b>5,509,703</b>	<b>67</b>	<b>5,346,030</b>	<b>68</b>	
58000	<b>Operating expenses:</b>				
58100	1,611,241	20	1,575,227	20	2
58200	434,332	5	410,054	5	6
58300	1,195	-	3,994	-	(70)
58400	7,421	-	43,272	1	(83)
	<b>2,054,189</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>2,032,547</b>	<b>26</b>	
	<b>673,890</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>687,421</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>(2)</b>
59000	<b>Net operating income</b>				
59000	<b>Non-operating income and expenses:</b>				
59100	2,141	-	-	-	-
59900	30,021	1	13,930	-	116
	<b>32,162</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13,930</b>	<b>-</b>	
62000	<b>706,052</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>701,351</b>	<b>6</b>	
63000	3,955	-	(2,431)	-	
	<b>702,097</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>703,782</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>-</b>
83000	<b>Other comprehensive income:</b>				
83100	<b>Components of other comprehensive income that will not be reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
83110	(29,815)	-	(19,579)	-	(52)
83190	(52,572)	(1)	85,209	1	(162)
	<b>(82,387)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>65,630</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(226)</b>
83200	<b>Components of other comprehensive income (loss) that will be reclassified to profit or loss</b>				
83210	-	-	(668)	-	100
83260	-	-	2,953	-	(100)
	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,285</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(100)</b>
83000	<b>(82,387)</b>	<b>(1)</b>	<b>67,915</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(221)</b>
	<b>619,710</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>771,697</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>(20)</b>
97500	<b>3.14</b>		<b>3.15</b>		
98500	<b>3.12</b>		<b>3.13</b>		

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

## UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.

## Statements of Changes in Equity

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	Share capital		Retained earnings		Other equity			Total equity
	Ordinary shares	Legal reserve	Special reserve	Unappropriated retained earnings	Exchange differences on translation of foreign financial statements	Unrealized gains (losses) on financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income	Equity related to current assets (or disposal groups) classified as held for sale	
<b>Balance at January 1, 2019</b>	\$ 2,129,600	456,160	1,764,966	431,190	668	55,224	-	4,837,808
Net income	-	-	-	703,782	-	-	-	703,782
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(19,579)	(668)	85,209	2,953	67,915
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	684,203	(668)	85,209	2,953	771,697
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:								
Legal reserve appropriated	-	121,124	-	(121,124)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated-net change in special claim reserve	-	-	270,875	(270,875)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated-employee training and transferring plan	-	-	2,500	(2,500)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	(191,664)	-	-	-	(191,664)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	20,058	-	(20,058)	-	-
Balance at December 31, 2019	2,129,600	577,284	2,038,341	549,288	-	120,375	2,953	5,417,841
Net income	-	-	-	702,097	-	-	-	702,097
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(29,815)	-	(52,572)	-	(82,387)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	-	672,282	-	(52,572)	-	619,710
Appropriation and distribution of retained earnings:								
Legal reserve appropriated	-	140,756	-	(140,756)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve appropriated-net change in special claim reserve	-	-	200,110	(200,110)	-	-	-	-
Cash dividends of ordinary share	-	-	-	(187,405)	-	-	-	(187,405)
Stock dividends of ordinary share	106,480	-	-	(106,480)	-	-	-	-
Special reserve reversal-employee training and transferring plan	-	-	(3,020)	3,020	-	-	-	-
Disposal of subsidiaries	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,953)	(2,953)
Disposal of investments in equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	-	-	9,345	-	(9,345)	-	-
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	\$ 2,236,080	718,040	2,235,431	599,184	-	58,458	-	5,847,193

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)  
UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.

Statements of Cash Flows

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019

(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

	2020	2019
<b>Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:</b>		
Net income before income tax	\$ 706,052	701,351
<b>Adjustments:</b>		
<b>Adjustments to reconcile profit (loss):</b>		
Depreciation expense	53,997	55,523
Amortization expense	17,301	16,498
Net profit on financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss	(240,451)	(238,212)
Interest expense	2,484	2,168
Interest revenue	(78,337)	(89,255)
Dividend revenue	(91,908)	(63,790)
Net change in insurance liabilities	(69,823)	(483,076)
Net change in other provisions	(49,204)	(61,796)
Expected credit loss (Reversal of credit loss) of investments	(76)	288
Expected credit loss of non-investments	7,421	43,272
Share of loss of subsidiaries accounted for using equity method	-	1,999
Gain on disposal of property and equipment	(2,141)	-
Gain on disposal of investment properties	(9,947)	-
Gain on disposal of intangible assets	(3,189)	-
Gain on disposal of subsidiaries	(38,855)	-
Others	(15)	-
<b>Total adjustments to reconcile profit (loss)</b>	<u>(502,743)</u>	<u>(816,381)</u>
<b>Changes in operating assets and liabilities:</b>		
<b>Changes in operating assets:</b>		
Decrease (increase) in notes receivable	(16,689)	45,160
Decrease in premiums receivable	224,866	10,433
Increase in other receivables	(25,108)	(27,812)
Increase in financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	(106,834)	(727,072)
Increase in financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	(548,762)	(787,965)
Increase in financial assets at amortized cost	(72,991)	(200,000)
Decrease in other financial assets	465,933	1,439,464
Decrease in reinsurance assets	228,338	323,785
Decrease (increase) in other assets	12,091	(50,574)
<b>Total changes in operating assets</b>	<u>160,844</u>	<u>25,419</u>
<b>Changes in operating liabilities:</b>		
Increase (decrease) in other payable	(26,478)	73,286
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(80,054)	67,523
<b>Total changes in operating liabilities</b>	<u>(106,532)</u>	<u>140,809</u>
Cash inflow generated from operations	257,621	51,198
Interest received	78,686	88,765
Dividends received	92,163	61,987
Interest paid	(2,484)	(2,168)
Income taxes paid	(7,166)	(2,999)
<b>Net Cash flows from operating activities</b>	<u>418,820</u>	<u>196,783</u>
<b>Cash flows from (used in) investing activities:</b>		
Proceeds from disposal of subsidiaries	74,980	-
Acquisition of property and equipment	(56,714)	(120,801)
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	3,980	-
Acquisition of intangible assets	(14,364)	(18,738)
Proceeds from disposal of intangible assets	10,500	-
Acquisition of investment properties	(2,251)	-
Proceeds from disposal of investment properties	38,000	-
<b>Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities</b>	<u>54,131</u>	<u>(139,539)</u>
<b>Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:</b>		
Payment of lease liabilities	(16,265)	(16,448)
Cash dividends paid	(187,405)	(191,664)
<b>Net cash flows used in financing activities</b>	<u>(203,670)</u>	<u>(208,112)</u>
<b>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</b>	269,281	(150,868)
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period</b>	2,117,261	2,268,129
<b>Cash and cash equivalents at end of period</b>	<u>\$ 2,386,542</u>	<u>2,117,261</u>

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

(English Translation of Financial Statements Originally Issued in Chinese)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**

**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**

**(Expressed in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Otherwise Specified)**

**(1) Company history**

UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD. (the “Company”) was founded on February 20, 1963 and registered under the Ministry of Economic Affairs, R.O.C. The address of the Company’s registered office is 12th Floor, No. 219, Sec. 4, Zhongxiao E. Road, Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. The Company are primarily engaged in underwriting of fire, marine, automobile, engineering, liability and accident insurance, reinsurance, insurance businesses entrusted by other companies, performing a variety of investments and other businesses in accordance with the regulations.

**(2) Approval date and procedures of the financial statements:**

These individual financial reports were approved and announced by the Board of Directors on March 26, 2021.

**(3) New standards, amendments and interpretations adopted:**

- (a) The impact of the International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRSs”) endorsed by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (“FSC”) which have already been adopted.

The Company has initially adopted the following new amendments, which do not have a significant impact on its financial statements, from January 1, 2020:

- Amendments to IFRS 3 “Definition of a Business”
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39 and IFRS7 “Interest Rate Benchmark Reform”
- Amendments to IAS 1 and IAS 8 “Definition of Material”
- Amendments to IFRS 16 “COVID-19-Related Rent Concessions”

- (b) The impact of IFRS issued by the FSC but not yet effective

The Company assesses that the adoption of the following new amendments, effective for annual period beginning on January 1, 2021, would not have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 4 “Extension of the Temporary Exemption from Applying IFRS 9”
- Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS39, IFRS7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 “Interest Rate Benchmark Reform—Phase 2”

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- (c) The impact of IFRS issued by IASB but not yet endorsed by the FSC

The following new and amended standards, which may be relevant to the Company, have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), but have yet to be endorsed by the FSC:

<b>Standards or Interpretations</b>	<b>Content of amendment</b>	<b>Effective date per IASB</b>
IFRS 17 “ Insurance Contracts”	<p>The new standard of accounting for insurance contracts contain recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts issued, and the main amendments are as follows:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Recognition: an entity recognizes a group of insurance contracts that it issues from the earliest of : <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the beginning of the coverage period of the group of contracts ;</li> <li>- the date when the first payment from a policyholder in the group because due ; and</li> <li>- for a group of onerous contracts, when the group becomes onerous, if facts and circumstances indicate that there is such a group.</li> </ul> </li> <li>● Measurement: on initial recognition, an entity shall measure a group of insurance contracts at the total of the fulfilment cash flows and the contractual service margin. For subsequent measurement, the entity shall estimate the cash flows, discount rates and the adjustment for non-financial risk.</li> <li>● Presentation and disclosure: the presentation of insurance revenue is based on the provision of service pattern and investment components excluded from insurance revenue.</li> </ul>	January 1, 2023

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

<u>Standards or Interpretations</u>	<u>Content of amendment</u>	<u>Effective date per IASB</u>
Amendments to IFRS 17 “Insurance Contracts”	<p>The fundamental principles introduced when the Board first issued IFRS 17 in May 2017 remain unaffected. The amendments are designed to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● reduce costs by simplifying some requirements in the Standard ;</li> <li>● make financial performance easier to explain; and</li> <li>● ease transition by deferring the effective date of the Standard to 2023 and by providing additional relief to reduce the effort required when applying IFRS 17 for the first time.</li> </ul>	January 1, 2023

The Company is evaluating the impact of its initial adoption of the abovementioned standards or interpretations on its financial position and financial performance. The results thereof will be disclosed when the Company completes its evaluation.

The Company does not expect the following other new and amended standards, which have yet to be endorsed by the FSC, to have a significant impact on its consolidated financial statements:

- Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 “Sale or Contribution of Assets Between an Investor and Its Associate or Joint Venture”
- Amendments to IAS 1 “Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current”
- Amendments to IAS 16 “Property, Plant and Equipment – Proceeds before Intended Use”
- Amendments to IAS 37 “Onerous Contracts – Cost of Fulfilling a Contract”
- Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020
- Amendments to IFRS 3 “Reference to the Conceptual Framework”
- Amendments to IAS 1 “Disclosure of Accounting Policies”
- Amendments to IAS 8 “Definition of Accounting Estimates”

**(4) Summary of significant accounting policies:**

The significant accounting policies presented in the financial statements are summarized as follows. Unless otherwise indicated, the significant accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

**(a) Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Companies.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(b) Basis of preparation

(i) Basis of measure

Except for the following significant accounts, the consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis:

- 1) FVTPL are measured at fair value.
- 2) FVOCI are measured at fair value.
- 3) Net defined benefit liability is recognized as the fair value of the plan assets less the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the effect of the asset ceiling.
- 4) Part of investment properties are measured at fair value as their recognized cost.
- 5) Reinsurance reserve assets and insurance liability are measured in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Provision of Various Reserves”.

(ii) Functional currency and Presentation Currency

The functional currency of the Group entities is determined based on the primary economic environment in which the entities operate. The consolidated financial statement is presented in New Taiwan Dollar, which is the Group’s functional currency. All financial information presented in New Taiwan Dollar has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currencies of the Company at the exchange rates at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each subsequent reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at that date. Non-monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are translated into the functional currencies using the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined. Non monetary items denominated in foreign currencies that are measured based on historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction.

Exchange differences are generally recognized in profit or loss, except for the differences relating to an investment in equity securities designated as at fair value through other comprehensive income.

The assets and liabilities of foreign operations, including goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on acquisition, are translated into the presentation currency at the exchange rates at the reporting date. The income and expenses of foreign operations are translated into the presentation currency at the average exchange rate. Exchange differences are recognized in other comprehensive income.

When a foreign operation is disposed of such that control, significant influence, or joint control is lost, the cumulative amount in the translation reserve related to that foreign operation is reclassified to profit or loss as part of the gain or loss on disposal. When the Company disposes of only part of its interest in a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation while retaining control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reattributed to non controlling interests. When the Company disposes of only part of its investment in an associate or joint venture that includes a foreign operation while retaining significant influence or joint control, the relevant proportion of the cumulative amount is reclassified to profit or loss.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

When the settlement of a monetary receivable from or payable to a foreign operation is neither planned nor likely to occur in the foreseeable future, Exchange differences arising from such a monetary item that are considered to form part of the net investment in the foreign operation are recognized in other comprehensive income.

(d) Principle of classifying assets and liabilities as current and non-current

Due to the specific business feature of insurance business, the operating cycle is more difficult to establish, and therefore assets and liabilities are not classified as current or non-current. Nonetheless, the items are classified per their properties and are arranged per their liquidity.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents comprise time deposits due within three months and bonds purchased under resale agreements which are held for the purpose of meeting short term cash commitments, readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Those time deposits exceed three months are recognized as other financial assets – net.

(f) Bills and bonds purchased/sold under agreements to resell

Bills and bonds purchased/sold under agreements to resell, they are accounted at the transaction price and are included in assets on the delivery date if it's compliance with financing conditions. When selling back, they are regarded as the realization of the assets, and the difference between the trading and the selling is classified as interest income.

(g) Financial instruments

Trade receivables and debt securities issued are initially recognized when they are originated. All other financial assets and financial liabilities are initially recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. A financial asset (unless it is a trade receivable without a significant financing component) or financial liability is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition or issue. A trade receivable without a significant financing component is initially measured at the transaction price.

(i) Financial assets

All regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date basis.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortized cost; Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or FVTPL. Financial assets are not reclassified subsequent to their initial recognition unless the Company changes its business model for managing financial assets, in which case all affected financial assets are reclassified on the first day of the first reporting period following the change in the business model.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

1) Financial assets measured at amortized cost

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost, which is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition, plus/minus, the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method, adjusted for any loss allowance. Interest income, foreign exchange gains and losses, as well as impairment, are recognized in profit or loss. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

2) Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI)

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions and is not designated as at FVTPL:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in other comprehensive income. This election is made on an instrument-by-instrument basis.

Debt investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized as income in profit or loss unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income and are never reclassified to profit or loss.

Dividend income is recognized in profit or loss on the date on which the Company's right to receive payment is established.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

3) Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

All financial assets not classified as amortized cost or FVOCI described as above are measured at FVTPL, including derivative financial assets. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset, which meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or at FVOCI, as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including any interest or dividend income, are recognized in profit or loss.

4) Assessment whether contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest

For the purposes of this assessment, ‘principal’ is defined as the fair value of the financial assets on initial recognition. ‘Interest’ is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs, as well as a profit margin.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company’s claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features)

5) Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses on financial assets measured at amortized cost (including cash and cash equivalents, amortized costs, receivables, guarantee deposit paid and other financial assets), debt investments measured at FVOCI, accounts receivable and contract assets.

The Company measures loss allowances at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit loss (ECL), except for the following which are measured as 12-month ECL:

- debt securities that are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date; and
- other debt securities and bank balances for which credit risk (i.e. the risk of default occurring over the expected life of the financial instrument) has not increased significantly since initial recognition.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Loss allowance for trade receivables and contract assets are always measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL.

When determining whether the credit risk of a financial asset has increased significantly since initial recognition and when estimating ECL, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information that is relevant and available without undue cost or effort. This includes both quantitative and qualitative information and analysis based on the Company's historical experience and informed credit assessment as well as forward-looking information.

Lifetime ECLs are the ECLs that result from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

12-month ECLs are the portion of ECLs that result from default events that are possible within the 12 month after the reporting date (or a shorter period if the expected life of the instrument is less than 12 months).

The maximum period considered when estimating ECLs is the maximum contractual period over which the Company is exposed to credit risk.

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether financial assets carried at amortized cost and debt securities at FVOCI are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Evidence that a financial assets is credit-impaired includes the following observable data:

- significant financial difficulty of the borrower or issuer;
- a breach of contract such as a default or being more than 90 days past due;

Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortized cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the assets. For debt securities at FVOCI, the loss allowance is charge to profit or loss and is recognized in other comprehensive income instead of reducing the carrying amount of the asset.

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectations of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof. For corporate customers, the Company individually makes an assessment with respect to the timing and amount of write-off based on whether there is a reasonable expectation of recovery. The Company expects no significant recovery from the amount written off. However, financial assets that are written off could still be subject to enforcement activities in order to comply with the Company's procedures for recovery of amounts due.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

6) Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of balance sheet, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognized.

(ii) Financial liabilities

1) Other financial liabilities

Financial liabilities not classified as held for trading or designated as at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value (including payables and other liabilities), plus any directly attributable transaction costs at the time of initial recognition. Subsequent to initial recognition, they are measured at amortized cost calculated using the effective interest method.

2) Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognizes a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

3) Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of balance sheet when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(h) Assets classified as held-for-sale

Investments of subsidiary accounted for using equity method that are highly probable to be recovered primarily through sale rather than through continuing use, are reclassified as held-for-sale. Immediately before classification as held-for-sale, these investments are remeasured in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Thereafter, generally, these investments are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(i) Investment property

Investment property is property held either to earn rental income or for capital appreciation or for both, but not for sale in the ordinary course of business, use in the production or supply of goods or services, or for administrative purposes. Investment property is measured at cost on initial recognition and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation expense is calculated based on the depreciation method, useful life, and residual value which are the same as those adopted for property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an investment property (calculated as the difference between the net proceeds from disposal and the carrying amount) is recognized in profit or loss.

Rental income from investment property is recognized as other revenue on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives granted are recognized as an integral part of the total rental income, over the term of the lease.

When the use of an investment property changes such that it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, its book value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for subsequent accounting.

(j) Insurance contracts

An insurance contract is a “contract under which one party (the insurer) accepts significant insurance risk from another party (the policyholder) by agreeing to compensate the policyholder if a specified uncertain future event (the insured event) adversely affects the policyholder”. The Company defines significant insurance risk as the event which might lead to additional significant payment.

Once a contract has qualified as an insurance contract, it remains an insurance contract until all rights and obligations are extinguished or expired, even if insurance risk becomes insignificant or not existent. However, some contracts do not transfer any insurance risk to the Company at inception, although they do transfer insurance risk at a later time. In those cases, the contract is not considered an insurance contract until the risk transfer happens.

(k) Reinsurance contract assets

The Company’s rights to the reinsurer include ceded unearned premium reserve, ceded claim reserve, ceded premium deficiency reserve, claims recoverable from reinsurers, and net reinsurance receivables. The way to estimate claims and payments recoverable from reinsurers is consistent with the way to estimate claims of policies. Receivables and payables of reinsurance are not offset and present by net amounts unless both parties to the contract have statutory offsetting rights and intend to deliver on a net basis or at the same time.

The Company periodically assesses the impairment of the reinsurance assets described above, reinsurance reserve assets, claims recoverable from reinsurers, reinsurance receivables, and reinsurance liabilities reserve deposit. A reinsurance asset is impaired if, and only if (a) there is objective evidence, as a result of an event that occurred after initial recognition of the reinsurance asset, that the Company may not receive all amounts due to it under the terms of the contract; and (b) that event has a reliably measurable impact on the amounts that the Company will receive from the reinsurer. If the Company’s reinsurance reserve assets are impaired, the Company shall reduce its carrying amount accordingly and recognize that impairment loss in profit or loss, and recognize proper allowance for claims recoverable from reinsurers, reinsurance receivables, and reinsurance liabilities reserve deposit.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Company assesses whether significant insurance risks have been transferred to the reinsurer. If significant insurance risks of the insurance contract have not been transferred, the contract is recognized via deposit accounting. The premium minus the company retained reinsurance premium (or fee) is recognized as deposit asset or liability, not profit or loss.

Compliance with the “Regulations Governing the Provision of Unauthorized Reinsurance Reserves for Insurance Company”, the Company deposits reserve for those unauthorized reinsurance ceded businesses according to “Regulations Governing Insurance Enterprises Engaging in Operating Reinsurance and Other Risk Spreading Mechanisms” on ceded date or balance sheet date and discloses in notes of financial statements.

(l) Property, plant and equipment

(i) Recognition and measurement

Items of property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

If significant parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment.

Any gain or loss on disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized in profit or loss.

(ii) Reclassifies the property to investment property

When the use of a property changes to investment property, the Company reclassifies the property to investment property based on the carrying amount when the use is changed.

(iii) Subsequent cost

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.

(iv) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated on the cost of an asset less its residual value and is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of each component of an item of property, plant and equipment.

Land is not depreciated.

The estimated useful lives for the current and comparative years of significant items of property, plant and equipment are as follows:

- |                               |             |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| 1) Buildings                  | 21-60 years |
| 2) Office and other equipment | 3-8 years   |

Depreciation methods, useful lives, and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(m) Leases

(i) Identifying a lease

At inception of a contract, the Company assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- 1) the contract involves the use of an identified asset – this may be specified explicitly or implicitly, and should be physically distinct or represent substantially all of the capacity of a physically distinct asset. If the supplier has a substantive substitution right, then the asset is not identified; and
- 2) the Company has the right to obtain substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset throughout the period of use; and
- 3) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset when it has the decision-making rights that are most relevant to changing how and for what purpose the asset is used. In rare cases where the decision about how and for what purpose the asset is used is predetermined, the Company has the right to direct the use of an asset if either:
  - the Company has the right to operate the asset; or
  - the Company designed the asset in a way that predetermines how and for what purpose it will be used.

At inception or on reassessment of a contract that contains a lease component, the Company allocates the consideration in the contract to each lease component on the basis of their relative stand-alone prices. However, for the leases of land and buildings in which it is a lessee, the Company has elected not to separate non-lease components and account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

(ii) As a lessee

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. In addition, the right-of-use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be reliably determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- payments for purchase or termination options that are reasonably certain to be exercised.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when:

- there is a change in future lease payments arising from the change in an index or rate; or
- there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; or
- there is a change of its assessment on whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option; or
- there is any lease modifications

When the lease liability is remeasured, other than lease modifications, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or in profit and loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

When the lease liability is remeasured to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease for lease modifications that decrease the scope of the lease, the Company accounts for the remeasurement of the lease liability by decreasing the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset to reflect the partial or full termination of the lease, and recognize in profit or loss any gain or loss relating to the partial or full termination of the lease.

The Company presents right-of-use assets that do not meet the definition of investment and lease liabilities as a separate line item respectively in the statement of financial position.

The Company has elected not to recognize right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases of machinery and leases of low-value assets, including IT equipment. The Company recognizes the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(iii) As a lessor

When the Company acts as a lessor, it determines at lease commencement whether each lease is a finance lease or an operating lease. To classify each lease, the Company makes an overall assessment of whether the lease transfers to the lessee substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership incidental to ownership of the underlying asset. If this is the case, then the lease is a finance lease; if not, then the lease is an operating lease. As part of this assessment, the Company considers certain indicators such as whether the lease is for the major part of the economic life of the asset.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Company recognizes lease payments received under operating leases as income on a straight-line basis over the lease term as part of lease income.

(n) Intangible assets

(i) Recognition and measurement

Intangible assets, including computer software and golf membership, that are acquired by the Company are measured at cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses.

(ii) Subsequent Expenditure

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditure is recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

(iii) Amortization

The amortizable amount is the cost of an asset less its residual value. Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets from the date that they are available for use.

The estimated useful lives for current and comparative periods are as follows:

- |                       |             |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| (1) Computer software | 3-10 years  |
| (2) Golf membership   | 10-20 years |

Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted if appropriate.

(o) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets (other than deferred tax assets) to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated.

For impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or CGUs.

The recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. They are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to the CGU, and then to reduce the carrying amounts of the other assets in the CGU on a pro rata basis.

An impairment loss in respect of goodwill is not reversed. For other assets, an impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(p) Insurance liability

The Company determines reserves for insurance contracts in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Provision of Various Reserves”, “Regulations for Management of the Various Reserve of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance”, “Enforcement Rules for the Risk Spreading Mechanism of Residential Earthquake Insurance”, and “Regulations for the Reserve of Nuclear Insurance”, methodologies used to determine the reserve are certified by the appointed actuary who is authorized by the Financial Supervisory Commission, Executive Yuan.

The methodologies used to determine the reserves are described as follows:

(i) Unearned premiums reserve:

Unearned premium reserve is determined based on the exposure of the unexpired period for the unexpired policies and the policies that have been not terminated.

(ii) Claim reserve:

The Company shall determine claim reserve, including case reserve and IBNR, using actuarial approaches, based on the historical experiences for each line of business. The case reserve shall be estimated case by case, based on actual relevant information.

(iii) Special reserve:

Special reserve comprises two parts, catastrophe reserve and risk volatility reserve.

1) Special reserve - catastrophe special reserve

Catastrophe special reserve for each line of business shall be determined based on ratios regulated by the Authority. The portion of the losses over NT\$ 30 million shall be recovered from catastrophe special reserve. Catastrophe special reserve can be released after 15 years based on the mechanism decided by the appointed actuary and filed to the Authority.

From July 1, 2011, reserve of Commercial Earthquake Insurance and Typhoon and Flood Insurance can be released after 30 years and recognized in accordance with the “Regulations for Insurance Companies Determining Various Reserves of Commercial Earthquake Insurance and Typhoon and Flood Insurance”

2) Special reserve - risk volatility special reserve

If the actual loss, after deducting catastrophe special reserve, is less than the expected loss, an equalization special reserve shall be recognized at 15% of that difference. From July 1, 2011, according to “Regulations for Insurance Companies Determining Various Reserves of Commercial Earthquake Insurance and Typhoon and Flood Insurance”, for commercial earthquake insurance and typhoon and flood insurance, if the actual claim of the retention, deducted by the balance of the insurance written off by catastrophe special reserve, is lower than the expected claim, then a equalization special reserve shall be provided based on 75% of the difference. The expected claim shall not be less than 60% of the expected rate of loss.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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If the actual loss, after deducting the catastrophe special reserve recovered for the line of business, exceeds the expected loss, the amount of that difference shall be recovered from the equalization special reserve. If the equalization special reserve is insufficient to deduct for a specific line of business, it can be released from other line of business. The amount released and the line of business from which shall follow the related regulations. If the cumulative equalization special reserve exceeds 60% of the net earned premium, the equalization special reserve shall be released by that difference. Although accident insurance and health insurance shall be released in accordance with the “Regulations Governing the Provision of Various Reserves” Art. 20.1.(3).

From July 1, 2011, according to “Regulations for Insurance Companies Determining Various Reserves of Commercial Earthquake Insurance and Typhoon and Flood Insurance”, if the equalization special reserve of commercial earthquake insurance exceeds 18 times of the net earned premium, or the equalization special reserve of typhoon and flood insurance exceeds 8 times of the net earned premium, the equalization special reserve shall be released by that difference.

In addition, according to “Directions Concerning Enhanced Natural Disaster Reserve of Property Insurance (Commercial Earthquake Insurance, Typhoon Insurance, and Flood Insurance)” under Jin Guan Bao Tsai No. 10102515061, from January 1, 2013, “Enforcement Rules for the Risk Spreading Mechanism of Residential Earthquake Insurance” under Jin Guan Bao Chan No. 10102531691, and “Regulations for Insurance Companies Determining Various Reserves of Nuclear Insurance” under Jin Guan Bao Tsai No. 10102517091, the Company should first fill the special catastrophe reserve and risk volatility reserve for commercial earthquake insurance and typhoon and flood insurance to maximum amount with the special catastrophe reserve and risk volatility reserve, which was in liability account and was provided before December 31, 2012, in the equity account. The calculation of the maximum amount of the special catastrophe reserve and risk volatility reserve for Commercial Earthquake Insurance, Typhoon Insurance, and Flood Insurance is to take the net earned premium of 2012 and the average amount of net earned premium from 2008 to 2012, which is higher, as the base. The catastrophe special reserve is calculated by the base amount described above multiply the catastrophe special reserve rate (7%) and cumulative age (30 years), and the maximum amount of risk volatility reserve is calculated by the base amount described above multiply the cumulative multiples (Commercial Earthquake Insurance multiply 18; Typhoon Insurance and Flood Insurance multiply 8).

The deficiency between the amount which was in liability and equity accounts on December 31, 2012 and the maximum amount of the special catastrophe reserve shall be first filled by special reserves of other insurances and then scaled to the risk volatility special reserve of Commercial Earthquake Insurance, Typhoon Insurance, and Flood Insurance. If there is any reserve left, the amount deducted by income tax calculated based on IAS 12 shall be reclassified to special reserve in equity account.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The amount that is transferred from special reserves of other insurances to catastrophe special reserve under liability accounts shall be released by one thirtieth of the ending balance of liability on January 1, 2013. The recoverable amount described above shall first deduct the amount of losses caused by the event exceed over NT\$ 30 million dollars for the individual company. If the cumulative amount of catastrophe special reserve is lower than the recoverable amount described above before deduction, the excess amount can only be released after the deficiency being filled. In addition, the recoverable amount described above shall be reviewed annually before 2025. If the recoverable amount described above is greater than the released amount of other types of accidents before the implementation of the precautions, the after tax difference shall be transferred to equity account. The difference described above shall be allocated in proportion to the retained premiums of other insurances of current period.

The “ Regulations for Insurance Companies Determining Various Reserves of Commercial Earthquake Insurance and Typhoon and Flood Insurance” shall be followed when determining risk volatility special reserve of Commercial Earthquake Insurance and Typhoon and Flood Insurance.

3) Compulsory automobile liability insurance

The special reserve of compulsory automobile liability insurance is determined in accordance with the Regulations for Management of the Various Reserve of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance. The amount calculated by sum of retention of earned premium, withdrawal of claims reserve and special reserve of prior period plus interests deducts retained claim payment and deposit claim reserve, shall be deposited as special reserve. If the former amount is less than the latter amount, the deficiency shall be recovered by the special reserve cumulated in previous periods. If the deficiency still exists, it shall be recorded by memo entries and recovered by the special reserve cumulated in future periods.

Except for the special reserve of compulsory automobile liability insurance, the provision each year is recognized in special reserve under equity account with the amount deducted by income tax. The amount is calculated based on IAS 12. For the amount which should be written off or reclaimed, the Company writes off and reclaims it via special reserve under equity account with the amount deducted by income tax.

(iv) Premium deficiency reserve

The company shall evaluate the future losses and expenses for the unexpired policies and the policies that have been not terminated. If the expected future losses and expenses exceed the sum of the recognized unearned premium reserve and the expected future premium income, a premium deficiency reserve shall be recognized at the amount of that difference.

(v) Liability adequacy reserve

In accordance with IFRS 4, the Company should assess whether its recognized insurance liabilities are adequate, using current estimates of future cash flows at the end of each reporting period. If that assessment shows that the carrying amount of its insurance liabilities (less related intangible assets) is inadequate, the entire deficiency shall be recognized as a liability adequacy reserve.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(q) Provisions

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that can be estimated reliably, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects the current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The unwinding of the discount is recognized as finance cost.

(r) Premium income and acquisition costs

Premium income direct business is recognized based on the written policies and endorsement. Since January 1, 2015, sales that are attributable to car insurance recognize revenue. Assumed reinsurance premiums for reinsurance assumed business is recognized when the reinsurance statement arrived. For those statements have not been received, assumed reinsurance premium shall be estimated by a reasonable and systematic method on the balance sheet date. The related acquisition costs (such as: commissions, brokerages, fees, reinsurance commissions and etc.) is recognized in the same period without deferring.

Unearned premium reserve is determined based on the exposure of the unexpired period for the unexpired policies and the policies that have been not terminated.

Unearned premium reserve for the compulsory auto liability is determined in accordance with the Regulations for Management of the Various Reserve of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance.

Unearned premium reserve for the Residential earthquake insurance is determined in accordance with the Enforcement Rules for the Risk Spreading Mechanism of Residential Earthquake Insurance.

Unearned premiums reserve for the nuclear insurance is determined in accordance with the Regulations for the Reserve of Nuclear Insurance.

The approaches to determine unearned premiums reserves selected based on the characteristics of the line of business and decided by the actuary (The approaches are not allowed to change without the permission of the Authority.) Unearned premium reserve shall be certified by the appointed actuary.

Income tax, based on Value added and Non value added Business Tax Act, the Stamp Tax Act, and other relevant laws and regulations, related to the premium income shall be recognized on accrual basis.

(s) The cost of insurance claims

Loss for direct business is recognized based on the paid losses for the reported claims. Loss shall be estimated case by case, based on the actual relevant information, and recognized as the net change in reported but unpaid reserve for the claims which have been not yet paid, either have been determined or not been determined by the claim department.

Assumed reinsurance loss for reinsurance assumed business is recognized when the statement is arrival. For those statements have not been received, assumed reinsurance, loss shall be estimated in a reasonable and systematic way and recognized as the net change in loss reserve.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Unreported loss for direct written business and reinsurance assumed business shall be estimated using actuarial methodologies, based on the historical experience, and recognized as net change in the IBNR.

The loss receivable from the reinsurance companies according to the reinsurance ceded contract shall be recognized as claims recovered from reinsurers if the loss has been paid and recognized as net change in loss reserve if the loss has not been paid.

The loss reserve is not discounted.

The loss reserve for compulsory automobile liability insurance is determined in accordance with the Regulations for Management of the Various Reserve of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance.

The loss reserve for residential earthquake insurance is determined in accordance with the Enforcement Rules for the Risk Spreading Mechanism of Residential Earthquake Insurance.

The loss reserve for nuclear insurance is determined based on the Regulations for the Reserve of Nuclear Insurance.

- (t) Coinsurance organization, coinsurance business and guarantee fund agreement.

The Company signed coinsurance contract of the compulsory automobile liability insurance with all the member companies which approved by the government to operate the compulsory automobile liability coinsurance. It was agreed that all business of compulsory automobile liability insurance should be covered by the coinsurance institution or the Company should pay the penalty and be audited by the auditor of the coinsurance organization. The business of the coinsurance was calculated based on pure premium, and distribute by coinsurance percentage.

- (u) Employee benefits

- (i) Defined contribution plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognized as an employee benefit expense in profit or loss in the periods during which services are rendered by employees.

- (ii) Defined benefit plans

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each the plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income, and accumulated in retained earnings within equity. The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognizes gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are expensed at the earlier of when the Company can no longer withdraw the offer of those benefits and when the Company recognizes costs for a restructuring. If benefits are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the reporting date, then they are discounted.

(iv) Short-term employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

(v) Income taxes

Income taxes comprise current taxes and deferred taxes. Except for expenses related to business combinations or recognized directly in equity or other comprehensive income, all current and deferred taxes are recognized in profit or loss.

Current taxes comprise the expected tax payables or receivables on the taxable profits (losses) for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable or receivable in respect of previous years. The amount of current tax payables or receivables are the best estimate of the tax amount expected to be paid or received that reflects uncertainty related to income taxes, if any. It is measured using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred taxes arise due to temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases. Deferred taxes are recognized except for the following:

- (i) Assets and liabilities that are initially recognized but are not related to the business combination and have no effect on net income or taxable gains (losses) arising from the transaction.
- (ii) Temporary differences related to investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements to the extent that the Company is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future; and

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(iii) Taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill.

Deferred taxes are measured at tax rates that are expected to be applied to temporary differences when they reverse, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if the following criteria are met:

- (i) the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities; and
- (ii) the deferred tax assets and the deferred tax liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either:
  - 1) the same taxable entity; or
  - 2) different taxable entities which intend to settle current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis, or to realize the assets and liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for the carry forward of unused tax losses, unused tax credits, and deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which they can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefits will be realized; such reductions are reversed when the probability of future taxable profits improves.

(w) Earnings per share

The Company discloses the Company's basic and diluted earnings per share attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company. Basic earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding. Diluted earnings per share is calculated as the profit attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company divided by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding after adjustment for the effects of all potentially dilutive ordinary shares.

(x) Operating segments

The Company has disclosed operating segments information in the consolidated financial report; therefore, the individual financial report do not disclose operating segments information.

(y) Salvage and subrogation

Salvage legally acquired from the claim procedure for direct written business shall be valued and recognized at its fair value. Subrogation legally acquired shall be recognized when the actual recovery is definite (the inflow of the economic benefits in the future is more likely than not), and its amount can be reliably measured.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**(5) Significant accounting assumptions and judgments, and major sources of estimation uncertainty:**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amount of assets, liabilities, income and expenses in accordance with Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The management continues to monitor the accounting estimates and assumptions. The management recognizes any changes in accounting estimates during the period and the impact of those changes in accounting estimates in the following period.

The carrying amount of the assets and liabilities as mentioned below may be affected by accounting estimates and judgment that have the most significant effects on the amounts recognized in the consolidated financial statements. The actual results may be influenced by the change of taken accounting estimates and professional judgments with the content has an existing significant difference as follows:

**(a) Insurance liability**

The Company measures insurance liabilities in accordance with “ Regulations Governing the Provision of Various Reserves”.

- (i) Unearned premium reserve is estimated based on the exposure of the unexpired period of each business line. The provision of reserves is determined by actuarial specialists in accordance with of characteristics each business line.
- (ii) Claim reserve is estimated in accordance with the method of a loss triangle. The final claim cost is calculated based on the primary assumptions that are loss development factors and expected claim ratio. The loss development factors and expected claim ratio of each business line are calculated based on historical claim experience and adjusted by Company's policies such as insurance rate and claim management.

The professional judgment used in the above process will affect the amount recognized, including net change in insurance liability, the provision of insurance liability and reserve for the insurance contract with the nature of financial products.

**(b) Reinsurance Reserve assets**

The estimate of ceded reinsurance unearned premiums reserve, ceded reinsurance claim reserve and ceded reinsurance liability reserve is according to with the “Regulations Governing the Provision of Various Reserves”.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**(6) Explanation of significant accounts:**

## (a) Cash and cash equivalents

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Cash on hand	\$ 500	500
Petty cash	12,400	11,000
Cash in bank	1,803,141	1,872,668
Bonds purchased under resale agreements	570,501	233,093
Total	<u>\$ 2,386,542</u>	<u>2,117,261</u>

## (b) Receivables and Payables

## (i) Receivables

<b>Item</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Notes receivable	\$ 236,368	219,728
Premiums receivable	273,893	498,898
Other receivables	157,549	139,594
Total	<u>\$ 667,810</u>	<u>858,220</u>

## (ii) Payables

<b>Item</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Commission payable	\$ 172,896	169,185
Due to ceding companies	60,797	67,565
Reinsurance premium payable	599,748	632,328
Reinsurance commission payable	1,712	1,628
Insurance claim payable	2,753	30,178
Other payables	418,844	382,346
Total	<u>\$ 1,256,750</u>	<u>1,283,230</u>

## (iii) Receivables of insurance contracts

<b>Item</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Notes receivable	\$ 237,986	221,298
Less : Loss allowance	(1,618)	(1,570)
Total	<u>\$ 236,368</u>	<u>219,728</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Item	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Premiums receivable		
Fire insurance	\$ 64,814	165,306
Marine insurance	28,507	64,214
Hull and fishing vessel insurance	9,199	8,633
Other accident insurance	97,190	104,004
Compulsory pure premium	10,230	13,302
Voluntary automobile insurance	17,859	88,981
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	4,772	6,154
Overdue receivables	<u>46,257</u>	<u>53,100</u>
Subtotal	278,828	503,694
Less : Loss allowance	<u>(4,935)</u>	<u>(4,796)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 273,893</u>	<u>498,898</u>

## (iv) Other receivables

Item	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
Other receivables	\$ 187,153	161,980
Less : Loss allowance	<u>(29,604)</u>	<u>(22,386)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 157,549</u>	<u>139,594</u>

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the overdue receivables in notes receivable, premiums receivable and other receivable were \$77,484 and \$80,473, which provisioned the loss allowance \$36,157 and \$28,752, respectively. The movements of the loss allowance for receivable were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Beginning balance	\$ 28,752	24,999
Loss recognized	7,405	5,375
Amounts write-off	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,622)</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 36,157</u>	<u>28,752</u>

The Company's Board of Directors has decided to write off \$32 of notes receivable and \$1,590 of premiums receivable which are impossible to recover on December 30, 2019.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Company's aging analysis of receivables is as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Under 90 days	\$ 646,679	829,843
90~270 days	30,726	37,012
More than 271 days	26,562	20,117

The estimate of expected credit losses of the Company's receivable please refer to Note 6(x).

(v) Payables of insurance contracts

<b>Item</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Commission payable	<u>\$ 172,896</u>	<u>169,185</u>

(c) Reinsurance assets

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Claims recovered from reinsurers (Note 6(d))	\$ 354,660	347,461
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies – net (Note 6(e))	346,272	220,015
Reinsurance reserve assets (Note 6(q))		
Ceded unearned premiums reserve	1,907,983	1,913,563
Ceded claim reserve	<u>1,311,917</u>	<u>1,668,147</u>
Total	<u>\$ 3,920,832</u>	<u>4,149,186</u>

(d) Claims recovered from reinsurers

<b>Item</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Fire insurance	\$ 7,990	8,524
Marine insurance	95	836
Land and air insurance	98	43
Liability insurance	78,633	73,591
Surety insurance	-	2,491
Other property insurance	156,371	146,760
Accident insurance	40,611	40,592
Health insurance	706	495
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	70,141	72,750
Overdue receivables	15	1,379
Less : Loss allowance	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 354,660</u>	<u>347,461</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(e) Due from (to) reinsurers and ceding companies

(i) Receivables of insurance contracts

<u>Item</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Due from ceding companies	\$ 215,149	78,042
Reinsurance premium receivable	62,081	59,585
Reinsurance commission receivable	61,381	81,396
Overdue receivable	<u>45,574</u>	<u>38,808</u>
Subtotal	384,185	257,831
Less : Loss allowance	<u>(37,913)</u>	<u>(37,816)</u>
Total	<u>\$ 346,272</u>	<u>220,015</u>

The movements of the loss allowance for receivables of insurance contracts were as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Beginning balance	\$ 37,816	-
Loss recognized	<u>97</u>	<u>37,816</u>
Ending balance	<u>\$ 37,913</u>	<u>37,816</u>

(ii) Payables of insurance contracts

<u>Item</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Due to ceding companies	\$ 60,797	67,565
Reinsurance premium payable	599,748	632,328
Reinsurance commission payable	<u>1,712</u>	<u>1,628</u>
Total	<u>\$ 662,257</u>	<u>701,521</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

## (f) Financial assets

## (i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
Financial assets mandatorily measured at fair value through profit or loss:		
Beneficiary certificate	\$ 52,666	71,711
Real estate investment trust beneficiary certificate	353,825	334,724
Domestic listed stocks and OTC stocks	<u>1,560,052</u>	<u>1,212,823</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,966,543</u>	<u>1,619,258</u>

Sensitivity analysis - the risk of equity price:

If there is an increase in the securities price of 1% on the reporting date (assume that all other variables remain the same), the impact on comprehensive income for 2020 and 2019 will increase \$19,665 and \$16,193, respectively. Conversely, if there is a decrease in the securities price of 1% on the reporting date based on all other variables remain the same, there will be the same amount but opposite direction of influence.

## (ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
Equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income:		
Domestic listed stocks and OTC stocks	\$ 2,342,540	1,846,770
Domestic unlisted stocks	<u>13,944</u>	<u>13,524</u>
Total	<u>\$ 2,356,484</u>	<u>1,860,294</u>

The Company designated the investments shown above as equity securities at fair value through other comprehensive income because these equity securities represent those investments that the Company intends to hold not for trading purposes.

During the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the dividends of \$67,954 and \$48,037, respectively, related to equity investments at fair value through other comprehensive income held on the years then ended, were recognized; the dividend of \$0 and \$13,596, respectively, related to the investments derecognized during the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were recognized.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The Company disposed shares designated as measured at fair value through other comprehensive income due to assets allocation, managing and rearranging portfolio. The disposed shares, during the December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Fair value	\$ <b>466,560</b>	<b>363,271</b>
Accumulate gains by disposing	\$ <b>9,345</b>	<b>20,058</b>

The accumulate gains by disposing above have been transferred from other equity to retained earning.

Sensitivity analysis-the risk of equity price:

If there is an increase in the securities price of 1% on the reporting date (assume that all other variables remain the same), the impact on comprehensive income for 2020 and 2019 will increase \$23,565 and \$18,603, respectively. Conversely, if there is a decrease in the securities price of 1% on the reporting date based on all other variables remain the same, there will be the same amount but opposite direction of influence.

(iii) Financial assets at amortized cost

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Government bonds	\$ 610,619	538,296
Financial bonds	300,000	300,000
Corporate bonds	950,000	950,000
Subtotal	1,860,619	1,788,296
Less: Securities serving as deposits paid	(365,852)	(349,396)
Loss allowance	(873)	(949)
Total	\$ <b>1,493,894</b>	<b>1,437,951</b>

- 1) The Company assesses financial assets that are held to maturity in order to collect contractual cash flows, which are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding. Therefore, these financial assets are classified as measured at amortized cost.
- 2) Please refer to Note 6(x) for further information of credit risk and the movement in the loss allowance of financial assets measured at amortized cost.
- 3) The Company's financial assets measured at amortized cost had been pledged partially, please refer to Note 8.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- 4) The Company assessed the impairment of financial asset on December 31, 2020 and 2019, the amounts of the expected credit loss recognized (reversal of credit loss) were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Beginning balance	\$ 949	661
Loss recognized	(76)	288
Ending balance	<u>\$ 873</u>	<u>949</u>

- (iv) Other financial asset:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Time deposits – initial maturity date over than three months	\$ 2,288,637	2,772,892
Less: Securities serving as deposits paid	(167,000)	(185,322)
Total	<u>\$ 2,121,637</u>	<u>2,587,570</u>

The Company's time deposits were pledged as securities serving as deposits paid, please refer to Note 8 for further information.

- (v) Capital outsourcing information

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company has outsourced to Securities Investment Trust to manage investment project and capital amount. Further information were as follows:

<b>Investment Trust Company</b>	<b>Investment</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
		<b>Amount</b>	<b>Amount</b>
Nomura Asset Management	Domestic listed stocks and OTC stocks, bonds purchased under resale agreements, short term bills, etc.	\$ 500,000	400,000
Fuh Hwa Securities Investment Trust	"	500,000	400,000
CTBC Investments	"	-	200,000
Capital Investment Trust Corporation	"	500,000	200,000
		<u>\$ 1,500,000</u>	<u>1,200,000</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

The investment project was mentioned above, and the carry amounts as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 499,330	426,457
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss - stocks	<u>1,243,321</u>	<u>859,443</u>
	<u><u>\$ 1,742,651</u></u>	<u><u>1,285,900</u></u>

(g) Investment under equity method

On December 30, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company approved to sell China Insurance (THAI) Public Company Ltd., the subsidiary of the Company. All shares were transferred in January 2020. Thus, the investments accounted for using equity method were reclassified from assets to held-for-sale. Please refer to Note 6(h).

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's shares of gains or losses of its subsidiary, which was audited by the certified public accountants, were as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Audited by the certified public accountants	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>(1,999)</u>

(h) Assets classified as held-for-sale

On December 30, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company approved to sell China Insurance (THAI) Public Company Ltd., the subsidiary of the Company, at the disposal amount of \$74,980. All shares were transferred in January 2020. Thus, the investments accounted for using equity method were reclassified from assets to held-for-sale. On December 31, 2019, the assets classified as held-for-sale and the other related comprehensive income amounted to \$39,080 and \$2,953, respectively. For the explanation of the loss of control of a subsidiary, please refer to Note 6(i).

(i) Loss of control of a subsidiary

The Company has completed the disposal of 62.39% ownership of China Insurance (THAI) Public Company Ltd. and lost control of it on January 7, 2020. The disposal price was \$74,980, and the disposal benefit of \$38,855 has been reported under the consolidated statements of comprehensive income item "Other net income (loss) from investments". The details of the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities of China Insurance (THAI) Public Company Ltd. on the date of loss of control were as follows:

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,107
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss		7,435
Other financial assets - net		60,588
Reinsurance assets		9,239
Other assets		7,342
Accounts payable		(13,523)
Insurance liabilities		(12,440)
Other liabilities		(1,108)
Carrying amounts of net assets	<b>\$</b>	<b><u>62,640</u></b>

## (j) Investment property

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the investment property of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	<b>Land and Improvement</b>	<b>Buildings and constructions</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Cost or deemed cost:</b>			
<b>Balance at January 1, 2020</b>	\$ 714,171	204,027	918,198
Additions	-	2,251	2,251
Disposal	(22,640)	(7,400)	(30,040)
Reclassification to property, plant and equipment	(10,006)	(11,242)	(21,248)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	<b><u>\$ 681,525</u></b>	<b><u>187,636</u></b>	<b><u>869,161</u></b>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2019</b>	\$ 715,381	206,626	922,007
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment	2,444	1,162	3,606
Reclassification to property, plant and equipment	(3,654)	(3,761)	(7,415)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	<b><u>\$ 714,171</u></b>	<b><u>204,027</u></b>	<b><u>918,198</u></b>
<b>Accumulated depreciation and impairments</b>			
<b>Balance at January 1, 2020</b>	\$ 2,359	76,752	79,111
Depreciation	-	4,262	4,262
Disposal	-	(1,987)	(1,987)
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment	-	(4,105)	(4,105)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	<b><u>\$ 2,359</u></b>	<b><u>74,922</u></b>	<b><u>77,281</u></b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

	<u>Land and Improvement</u>	<u>Buildings and constructions</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2019</b>	\$ 2,359	72,841	75,200
Depreciation	-	4,366	4,366
Reclassification from property, plant and equipment	-	444	444
Reclassification to property, plant and equipment	-	(899)	(899)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	<u>\$ 2,359</u>	<u>76,752</u>	<u>79,111</u>
<b>Carrying amount:</b>			
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 679,166</u>	<u>112,714</u>	<u>791,880</u>
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 711,812</u>	<u>127,275</u>	<u>839,087</u>
<b>Fair value :</b>			
December 31, 2020			<u>\$ 1,695,676</u>
December 31, 2019			<u>\$ 1,529,595</u>

On December 31, 2020 and 2019, the assessment of fair value of investment property mainly referred to the market trade.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's investment property has not been pledged as collateral.

(k) Property, plant and equipment

The cost, depreciation, and impairment of the property, plant and equipment of the Company for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings and constructions</u>	<u>Computer Equipment</u>	<u>Transportation equipment</u>	<u>Other equipment</u>	<u>Leasehold improvement</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Cost:</b>							
<b>Balance at January 1, 2020</b>	\$ 802,214	441,007	182,043	579	47,893	7,216	1,480,952
Additions	14,580	30,243	5,632	-	6,060	199	56,714
Reclassification from investment property	10,006	11,242	-	-	-	-	21,248
Disposal	(854)	(2,296)	-	-	-	-	(3,150)
Scrap	-	-	(4,074)	-	(2,154)	(5,411)	(11,639)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	<u>825,946</u>	<u>480,196</u>	<u>183,601</u>	<u>579</u>	<u>51,799</u>	<u>2,004</u>	<u>1,544,125</u>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2019</b>	735,797	412,108	158,638	579	45,340	12,930	1,365,392
Additions	65,207	26,300	24,222	-	3,653	1,419	120,801
Reclassification from investment property	3,654	3,761	-	-	-	-	7,415
Reclassification to investment property	(2,444)	(1,162)	-	-	-	-	(3,606)
Scrap	-	-	(817)	-	(1,100)	(7,133)	(9,050)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	<u>802,214</u>	<u>441,007</u>	<u>182,043</u>	<u>579</u>	<u>47,893</u>	<u>7,216</u>	<u>1,480,952</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

	<u>Land</u>	<u>Buildings and constructions</u>	<u>Computer Equipment</u>	<u>Transportation equipment</u>	<u>Other equipment</u>	<u>Leasehold improvement</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Depreciation and impairment loss:</b>							
<b>Balance at January 1, 2020</b>	\$ 15,196	148,303	143,477	467	40,455	5,794	353,692
Depreciation	-	12,834	16,351	97	3,740	475	33,497
Reclassification from investment property	-	4,105	-	-	-	-	4,105
Disposal	-	(1,311)	-	-	-	-	(1,311)
Scrap	-	-	(4,074)	-	(2,154)	(5,411)	(11,639)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2020</b>	<u>15,196</u>	<u>163,931</u>	<u>155,754</u>	<u>564</u>	<u>42,041</u>	<u>858</u>	<u>378,344</u>
<b>Balance at January 1, 2019</b>	15,196	137,310	124,540	370	38,707	11,873	327,996
Depreciation	-	10,538	19,754	97	2,848	1,054	34,291
Reclassification from investment property	-	899	-	-	-	-	899
Reclassification to investment property	-	(444)	-	-	-	-	(444)
Scrap	-	-	(817)	-	(1,100)	(7,133)	(9,050)
<b>Balance at December 31, 2019</b>	<u>15,196</u>	<u>148,303</u>	<u>143,477</u>	<u>467</u>	<u>40,455</u>	<u>5,794</u>	<u>353,692</u>
<b>Carrying amount:</b>							
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 810,750</u>	<u>316,265</u>	<u>27,847</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>9,758</u>	<u>1,146</u>	<u>1,165,781</u>
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 787,018</u>	<u>292,704</u>	<u>38,566</u>	<u>112</u>	<u>7,438</u>	<u>1,422</u>	<u>1,127,260</u>

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's property, plant and equipment have not been pledged as collateral.

(l) Right-of-use assets

The changes in the Company's costs and depreciation of leasing buildings, constructions, and transportation equipment were as follows:

	<u>Buildings and Constructions</u>	<u>Transportation Equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
<b>Costs of right-of-use assets:</b>			
January 1, 2020	\$ 27,052	5,434	32,486
Additions	5,345	-	5,345
Derecognition	(5,235)	-	(5,235)
<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<u>\$ 27,162</u>	<u>5,434</u>	<u>32,596</u>
January 1, 2019	\$ -	-	-
Effects of retrospective application IFRS16	24,118	5,730	29,848
Additions	6,214	2,904	9,118
Derecognition	(3,280)	(3,200)	(6,480)
<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<u>\$ 27,052</u>	<u>5,434</u>	<u>32,486</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

	<u>Buildings and Constructions</u>	<u>Transportation Equipment</u>	<u>Total</u>
Depreciation of right-of-use assets:			
January 1, 2020	\$ 11,391	1,511	12,902
Depreciation	13,798	2,440	16,238
Derecognition	<u>(4,354)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,354)</u>
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 20,835</u>	<u>3,951</u>	<u>24,786</u>
January 1, 2019	\$ -	-	-
Effects of retrospective application IFRS16	-	-	-
Depreciation	14,422	2,444	16,866
Derecognition	<u>(3,031)</u>	<u>(933)</u>	<u>(3,964)</u>
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 11,391</u>	<u>1,511</u>	<u>12,902</u>
Carrying amounts:			
December 31, 2020	<u>\$ 6,327</u>	<u>1,483</u>	<u>7,810</u>
December 31, 2019	<u>\$ 15,661</u>	<u>3,923</u>	<u>19,584</u>

## (m) Lease liabilities

The Company's lease liabilities were as follows:

	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Within a year	\$ 6,526	15,257
One to five years	<u>1,337</u>	<u>4,422</u>
Total	<u>\$ 7,863</u>	<u>19,679</u>

The maturity analysis please refer to note 6(x) financial instruments.

The amounts recognized in profit or loss were as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Interest on lease liabilities	<u>\$ 278</u>	<u>477</u>

The amounts recognized in the statement of cash flows for the Company was as follows:

	<u>For the years ended December 31,</u>	
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Total cash outflow for leases	<u>\$ 16,543</u>	<u>16,925</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(i) Leases of buildings and constructions

The Company leases buildings and constructions for its office space. The leases of office space typically run for 1 to 3 years.

(ii) Other leases

The Company leases transportation equipment with contract terms of 1 to 3 years.

(n) Operating lease

Leases as lessor

The Company leases out its investment properties (please refer to Note 6(j)). The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable leases are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Within a year	\$ 22,514	47,360
One to five years	43,556	136,942
More than five years	<u>11,242</u>	<u>278,138</u>
	<b><u>\$ 77,312</u></b>	<b><u>462,440</u></b>

Rental incomes from investment properties were \$46,140 and \$49,486 for 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(o) Employee benefits

(i) Defined benefit plans

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation at present value and plan asset at fair value for the Company are as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Present value of the defined benefit obligations	\$ (564,445)	(540,267)
Fair value of plan assets	<u>350,402</u>	<u>306,835</u>
Net defined benefit (liabilities) assets	<b><u>\$ (214,043)</u></b>	<b><u>(233,432)</u></b>

The Company makes defined benefit plan contributions to the pension fund account with Bank of Taiwan that provides pensions for employees upon retirement. Plans (covered by the Labor Standards Law) entitle a retired employee to receive retirement benefits based on years of service and average monthly salary for the six months prior to retirement.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

1) Composition of plan assets

The Company allocates pension funds in accordance with the Regulations for Revenues, Expenditures, Safeguard and Utilization of the Labor Retirement Fund, and such funds are managed by the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor. With regard to the utilization of the funds, minimum earnings shall be no less than the earnings attainable from two year time deposits with interest rates offered by local banks.

The Company's Bank of Taiwan labor pension reserve account balance amounted to \$350,402 and \$306,835 as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. For information on the utilization of the labor pension fund assets, including the asset allocation and yield of the fund, please refer to the website of the Bureau of Labor Funds, Ministry of Labor.

2) Movements in present value of the defined benefit obligations

The movement in present value of the defined benefit obligations for Company were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Defined benefit obligation at January 1	\$ 540,267	532,833
Current serviced costs and interest cost	11,079	12,531
Past service cost	486	-
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liabilities		
— Actuarial gains or losses arising from changes of demographic assumptions	1,616	462
— Actuarial gains or losses arising from changes of financial assumptions	41,557	21,201
— Actuarial gains or losses arising from experience adjustments	(3,118)	7,990
Benefits paid by the plan	(27,442)	(34,750)
Defined benefit obligation at December 31	<u>\$ 564,445</u>	<u>540,267</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

3) Movements of defined benefit plan assets

The movements in the present value of the defined benefit plan assets for the Company were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Fair value of plan assets at January 1	\$ 306,835	257,184
Interest income	2,025	2,238
Remeasurements of net defined benefit liabilities		
— Expected return on plan assets (excluding current interest)	10,240	10,074
Contribution made to the plan	58,744	72,089
Benefit paid by the plan	(27,442)	(34,750)
Fair value of plan assets at December 31	<b>\$ 350,402</b>	<b>306,835</b>

4) Expenses recognized in profit or loss

The expenses recognized in profit or loss for the Company were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Current service cost	\$ 7,513	7,895
Net interest of net liabilities (assets) for defined benefit obligations	1,541	2,398
Past service cost	486	-
	<b>\$ 9,540</b>	<b>10,293</b>

5) Remeasurement of net defined benefit liability (asset) recognized in other comprehensive income

The Company's remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability (asset) recognized in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, was as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Accumulated amount at January 1	\$ 195,159	175,580
Recognized during the period	29,815	19,579
Accumulated amount at December 31	<b>\$ 224,974</b>	<b>195,159</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

6) Actuarial assumptions

The principal actuarial assumptions at the reporting date were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Discount rate	0.39 %	0.66 %
Expected return on planned assets	0.39 %	0.66 %
Future salary increases	1.50 %	1.00 %

The expected allocation payment to be made by the Company to the defined benefit plans for the one year period after the reporting date is \$8,019. The weighted average lifetime of the defined benefits plans is 12 years.

7) Sensitivity Analysis

When calculating the present value of the defined benefit obligations, the Company uses judgments and estimations to determine the actuarial assumptions, including discount rate and future salary increases. Any changes in the actuarial assumptions may significantly impact the amount of the defined benefit obligations.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, if the actuarial assumptions had changed, the impact on the present value of the defined benefit obligation shall be as follows

	<b>Effects to Defined Benefit Obligations</b>	
	<b>Increase</b>	<b>Decrease</b>
December 31, 2020		
Discount rate (change 0.5%)	\$ 36,294	33,370
Future salary increases(change 0.5%)	35,699	33,195
December 31, 2019		
Discount rate (change 0.5%)	27,803	15,216
Future salary increases (change 0.5%)	27,492	15,239

The sensitivity analysis presented above is based on the condition that other variables are unchanged. In practice, the changes of many assumptions are correlated. The method that the sensitivity analysis adopted is in accordance with the method of calculating net pension liability.

There is no change in the method and assumptions used in the preparation of sensitivity analysis for 2020 and 2019.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(ii) Defined contribution plan

The Company allocates 6% of each employee's monthly wages to the labor pension personal account at the Bureau of Labor Insurance in accordance with the provisions of the Labor Pension Act. Under these defined contribution plans, the Company allocates a fixed amount to the Bureau of Labor Insurance without additional legal or constructive obligation.

The pension costs of the Company incurred from the contributions to the Bureau of the Labor Insurance amounted to \$31,948 and \$31,613 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

(p) Employee compensation and directors' remuneration

In accordance with the Articles of Incorporation the Company should contribute 1%~5% of the profit as employee compensation, and no more than 5% directors' and supervisors' remuneration when there is profit for the year. However, if the Company has accumulated deficits, the profit should be reserved to offset the deficit.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company estimated its employee remuneration amounting to \$28,500 and \$28,000, respectively, and directors' remuneration amounting to \$6,500 and \$6,000, respectively. The estimated amounts mentioned above are calculated based on the net profit before tax, excluding the remuneration to employees and directors of each period, multiplied by the percentage of remuneration to employees and directors as specified in the Company's articles. These remunerations were expensed under operating costs or operating expenses during 2020 and 2019. If the actual amounts were subsequently decided after the approval and the issuance date of the financial statements in the following year differ from the estimated amounts, the differences are accounted for as changes in accounting estimates and recognized in profit or loss in the following year. If the Board of Directors resolved to distribute the employees' remuneration in the form of shares, the number of shares of the distribution is based on the closing price of the day before the Board of Directors' meeting date.

The amounts of compensation for employees and directors of the Company in 2019 and 2018 were \$28,000 and \$6,000, \$9,000 and \$6,000, respectively. There is no difference in the actual distribution situation. Relevant information can be obtained from the Market Observation Post System.

(q) Insurance liability

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Unearned premium reserve	\$ 5,847,692	5,622,576
Claims reserve	3,325,019	3,622,952
Special reserve	1,153,951	1,159,017
Total	<b>\$ 10,326,662</b>	<b>10,404,545</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

## (i) Unearned premium reserve

## 1) Unearned premium reserve and ceded reinsurance unearned premiums reserve

<b>December 31, 2020</b>					
<b>Item</b>	<b>Unearned premium reserve</b>		<b>Ceded unearned premiums reserve</b>		<b>Retained business</b>
	<b>Direct business</b>	<b>Reinsurance ceded in</b>	<b>Reinsurance ceded out</b>		
Fire insurance	\$ 732,273	35,118	388,904		378,487
Marine insurance	69,509	1,122	62,285		8,346
Land and air insurance	46,222	1,026	32,715		14,533
Liability insurance	1,510,914	223,871	415,550		1,319,235
Surety insurance	11,492	362	6,331		5,523
Other property insurance	2,244,480	37,288	734,876		1,546,892
Accident insurance	384,605	1,909	41,534		344,980
Health insurance	10,921	-	1,986		8,935
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	372,987	163,593	223,802		312,778
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,383,403</b>	<b>464,289</b>	<b>1,907,983</b>		<b>3,939,709</b>

  

<b>December 31, 2019</b>					
<b>Item</b>	<b>Unearned premium reserve</b>		<b>Ceded unearned premiums reserve</b>		<b>Retained business</b>
	<b>Direct business</b>	<b>Reinsurance ceded in</b>	<b>Reinsurance ceded out</b>		
Fire insurance	\$ 768,183	29,901	415,777		382,307
Marine insurance	66,708	1,285	57,720		10,273
Land and air insurance	41,503	483	33,525		8,461
Liability insurance	1,364,268	327,926	459,556		1,232,638
Surety insurance	11,939	362	6,469		5,832
Other property insurance	2,054,694	35,553	672,854		1,417,393
Accident insurance	374,146	2,071	42,451		333,766
Health insurance	6,891	-	1,110		5,781
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	373,487	163,176	224,101		312,562
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,061,819</b>	<b>560,757</b>	<b>1,913,563</b>		<b>3,709,013</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

2) Reserve for unearned premiums and reserve for unearned premiums out

For the years ended December 31, 2020													
Items	Premium revenue	Reinsurance premium	Reinsurance expense	Retained Premiums	Direct business Unearned premium reserve		Reinsurance ceded in Unearned premium reserve		Net change in unearned premiums reserve	Reinsurance ceded out Ceded unearned premium reserve		Net change in ceded unearned premiums reserve	Retained premiums earned
					Provision	Recover	Provision	Recover		Provision	Recover		
Compulsory insurance	\$ 975,122	293,622	412,365	856,379	372,987	373,487	163,593	163,176	(83)	223,802	224,101	(299)	856,163
Non-compulsory insurance	9,247,767	125,650	2,846,664	6,526,753	5,010,416	4,680,272	300,696	397,581	233,259	1,684,181	1,689,462	(5,281)	6,288,213
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 10,222,889</b>	<b>419,272</b>	<b>3,259,029</b>	<b>7,383,132</b>	<b>5,383,403</b>	<b>5,053,759</b>	<b>464,289</b>	<b>560,757</b>	<b>233,176</b>	<b>1,907,983</b>	<b>1,913,563</b>	<b>(5,580)</b>	<b>7,144,376</b>
For the years ended December 31, 2019													
Items	Premium revenue	Reinsurance premium	Reinsurance expenses	Retained Premiums	Direct business Unearned premium reserve		Reinsurance ceded in Unearned premium reserve		Net change in unearned premiums reserve	Reinsurance ceded out Ceded unearned premium reserve		Net change in ceded unearned premiums reserve	Retained premiums earned
					Provision	Recover	Provision	Recover		Provision	Recover		
Compulsory insurance	\$ 967,336	290,532	406,885	850,983	373,487	373,024	163,176	163,691	(52)	224,101	223,821	280	851,315
Non-compulsory insurance	8,865,969	109,927	2,825,032	6,150,864	4,688,332	4,575,652	397,581	479,453	30,808	1,689,462	1,626,133	63,329	6,183,385
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 9,833,305</b>	<b>400,459</b>	<b>3,231,917</b>	<b>7,001,847</b>	<b>5,061,819</b>	<b>4,948,676</b>	<b>560,757</b>	<b>643,144</b>	<b>30,756</b>	<b>1,913,563</b>	<b>1,849,954</b>	<b>63,609</b>	<b>7,034,700</b>

3) The movements in unearned premium reserve and ceded unearned premiums reserve were as follows:

Item	For the years ended December 31, 2020	
	Unearned premium reserve	Ceded unearned premiums reserve
Beginning balance	\$ 5,622,576	1,913,563
Provision	5,847,692	1,907,983
Recovery	(5,622,576)	(1,913,563)
Ending balance	<b>\$ 5,847,692</b>	<b>1,907,983</b>
Item	For the years ended December 31, 2019	
	Unearned premium reserve	Ceded unearned premiums reserve
Beginning balance	\$ 5,603,272	1,849,954
Provision	5,622,576	1,913,563
Recovery	(5,603,272)	(1,849,954)
Ending balance	<b>\$ 5,622,576</b>	<b>1,913,563</b>

The provision methods of unearned premiums reserve are determined by an actuary according to the characteristics of each insurance and are stated in the instruction of insurance commodity calculation and shall not be changed without the approval of the competent authority. The Company has submitted the provision method of unearned premiums reserve on Letter (Wang) Zong Jing Suan No. 1112 on October 24, 2011 and had been approved by Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (Taiwan) Insurance Bureau Jin Guan Bao Cai Zi No. 10002518120.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

On October 9, 2014, the Company signed a specific business transferring contract with Asia Insurance Company Ltd. Taiwan Branch and accepted its long term fire insurance contracts on the delivery date, which was December 15, 2014. The Company undertook the amount of \$3,916 unearned premium reserve and charged \$3,648 to Asia Insurance Company Ltd. Taiwan Branch. According to IFRS 4 "Insurance Contract" that paragraph of insurance contracts acquired in business combination or portfolio transfer: the intangible asset recognized was the difference of \$268 from the fair value of the contractual insurance rights acquired and insurance obligations assumed to a liability measured in accordance with the insurer's accounting policies for insurance contracts that it issued. The subsequent measurement of this asset shall be consistent with the measurement of the related insurance liability.

On December 7, 2012, the Company signed a special business transferring contract with Walsun Insurance Ltd. and accepted its direct business of four types of insurance contracts on January 10, 2013: long term residential fire insurance contracts, employer's accidental liability insurance contracts, contractor's liability insurance contracts, and architect's professional liability insurance contracts. The Company undertook the amount of \$232,939 unearned premium reserve and requested for a grants of \$67,451 from the Insurance and Security Fund of the Corporation. According to IFRS 4 "Insurance Contract" that paragraph of insurance contracts acquired in business combination or portfolio transfer: the intangible asset recognized was the difference of \$165,488 from the fair value of the contractual insurance rights acquired and insurance obligations assumed to a liability measured in accordance with the insurer's accounting policies for insurance contracts that it issued. The subsequent measurement of this asset shall be consistent with the measurement of the related insurance liability

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the undertook unearned premium reserve has recovered \$11,565 and \$16,452, respectively. According to relevant measurements, the intangible asset has reduced \$8,060 and \$11,452 as recovery deduction of unearned premium reserve, respectively. The amount of \$3,505 and \$5,000 were net recovered unearned premium reserve. .As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the relevant unearned premium reserve and intangible assets were \$25,643 and \$17,974, \$37,208 and \$26,034, respectively.

(ii) Special reserve

1) Segmentation of specific assets

The Company is engaged in business of compulsory automobile liability insurance (hereinafter referred to as "this insurance") accounting to this insurance's relevant accounting of Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance Law.

This insurance of special reserve provision obeys "Regulations for the Management of the Various Reserves for Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance" Article 5 that is to the insurer shall purchase treasury bills or deposit the reserve with a financial institution as a time deposit. Provided that with the approval of the competent authority, the insurer may purchase the following domestic securities:

- a) Government bonds, not including exchangeable government bonds.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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- b) Financial bonds, negotiable certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, and commercial paper guaranteed by a financial institution, provided that financial bonds shall be limited to ordinary financial bonds only.

The amount of treasury bills purchased or time deposits placed in a financial institution under the preceding paragraph shall not be less than 30 percent of the total amount of the insurer's retained earned pure premiums for this Insurance in the most recent period, as audited or reviewed by a certified public accountant. The competent authority may raise that percentage to a level it deems appropriate based on the insurer's operational status.

If the balance of special reserve is less than 30 percent of the total amount of the retained earned pure premiums for this insurance in the most recent period, as audited or reviewed by a certified public accountant, then the full amount of its special reserve shall be deposited in a financial institution as a time deposit or treasury bills.

According to Article 6 of "Regulations for the Management of the Various Reserves for Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance", funds (all types of reserves, payables, temporary credits and amounts to be carried forward) held by an insurer for this Insurance shall be deposited in a financial institution in the form of demand deposits and time deposits, provided that with the approval of the competent authority, an insurer may purchase any of the following domestic securities:

- a) Treasury bills.
- b) Negotiable certificates of deposit, bankers' acceptances, and commercial paper guaranteed by a financial institution.
- c) Government bonds in a repo transaction.

The amount of deposits deposited in financial institutions under the first paragraph shall not be less than 45 percent of the balance remaining after subtracting the amount of special reserves from the amount of funds held by the insurer due to the operation of this Insurance, or less than 30 percent of the retained earned pure premium for the most recent period as audited or reviewed by a certified public accountant. The competent authority may raise the percentage of deposits required by the insurer to a level it deems appropriate based on the insurer's operational status.

If the total amount of unearned premium reserve and loss reserve of the insurer with respect to this Insurance is less than 30 percent of the retained earned pure premiums of this Insurance for the most recent period as audited or reviewed by a certified public accountant, the funds held by the insurer through its conduct of this Insurance shall be deposited in full with a financial institution in the form of deposits.

Accounting Article 11 of "Regulations for the Management of the Various Reserves for Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance", when an insurer suspends business operations or terminates its operation of this Insurance, the various reserves for this Insurance shall be transferred into the various reserves set aside for handling of this Insurance by the other insurer that assumes the business.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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When an insurer has been duly ordered to suspend business and undergo rehabilitation, ordered to dissolve, or its permission to operate this Insurance business has been revoked, and no other insurer is to assume this Insurance business, and there is no outstanding liability under this Insurance, and the balance of the special reserve is positive, the assets corresponding to the special reserve shall be transferred to the Motor Vehicle Accident Compensation Fund.

Special reserve – Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance

Item	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Beginning balance	\$ -	17,944
Provision	35,350	-
Recovery	(35,350)	(17,944)
Ending balance	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>-</u>

Special reserve – Non-Compulsory Automobile Liability Insurance

Item	For the years ended December 31, 2020					
	Liability			Special reserve		
	Catastrophic risk	Contingency risk	Total	Contingency risk	Contingency risk	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 116,676	1,038,185	1,154,861	624,342	1,396,038	2,020,380
Provision	-	-	-	79,442	193,200	272,642
Recover	(5,066)	-	(5,066)	-	(72,532)	(72,532)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 111,610</u>	<u>1,038,185</u>	<u>1,149,795</u>	<u>703,784</u>	<u>1,516,706</u>	<u>2,220,490</u>

  

Item	For the years ended December 31, 2019					
	Liability			Special reserve		
	Catastrophic risk	Contingency risk	Total	Contingency risk	Contingency risk	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 121,741	1,038,185	1,159,926	547,980	1,201,525	1,749,505
Provision	-	-	-	76,362	206,653	283,015
Recover	(5,065)	-	(5,065)	-	(12,140)	(12,140)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 116,676</u>	<u>1,038,185</u>	<u>1,154,861</u>	<u>624,342</u>	<u>1,396,038</u>	<u>2,020,380</u>

Note: The liability of special reserve mentioned above means non-compulsory automobile liability insurance reserve had been provisioned before January 1, 2011. In addition, Article 8 4 of Various Provisions of Insurance Industry and Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (Taiwan) Insurance Bureau Jin Guan Bao Cai Zi No.1002509161 on June, 16, 2011 also have set the standard that the business of commercial earthquake insurance and typhoon flood insurance should provision various reserve, which is the base of recovered special reserve as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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2) Special reserves -Other

In 2013, the determination of cost of real estate and equipment based on the International Financial Reporting Standards No. 1 that approved by the Financial Supervisory Committee, the Company chose the exemption that the revaluation reserve of land and buildings according to the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles of the Republic of China transferred to retained earnings. However, according to the standard of the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises, the revaluation reserve that estimated by the cash flow discount approach via contractual rent of the investment real estate target as the upper limit adjustment to define the cost and the value added part. Then, to fill the unrecognized pension loss, the unrecognized transition net payment obligation, the increase on defined benefit obligation based on the change of actuarial assumptions, and the employee's paid leave liability, those adjustment increased the special increase of \$4,156.

(iii) Claim reserve

- 1) Liabilities for claims are to be paid, reported but unpaid and incurred but not reported (IBNR).

Item	December 31, 2020			
	Insurance claims payable	Claims reserve		
	Reported to be paid	Reported but unpaid	IBNR	Total
Fire insurance	\$ -	325,150	30,219	355,369
Marine insurance	-	105,686	34,749	140,435
Land and air insurance	-	69,185	8,167	77,352
Liability insurance	392	751,959	211,272	963,231
Surety insurance	1	17,362	7,685	25,047
Other property insurance	1,730	541,193	40,491	581,684
Accident insurance	536	93,143	226,200	319,343
Health insurance	36	1,971	5,352	7,323
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	58	171,796	683,439	855,235
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,753</b>	<b>2,077,445</b>	<b>1,247,574</b>	<b>3,325,019</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2019				
Item	Insurance claims payable	Claims reserve		
	Reported to be paid	Reported but unpaid	IBNR	Total
Fire insurance	\$ 2,829	503,164	66,957	570,121
Marine insurance	32	108,298	50,121	158,419
Land and air insurance	-	113,096	12,643	125,739
Liability insurance	8,582	804,639	122,269	926,908
Surety insurance	1	16,854	7,661	24,515
Other property insurance	9,445	603,476	59,950	663,426
Accident insurance	6,425	40,210	249,257	289,467
Health insurance	28	1,034	2,752	3,786
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	2,836	155,574	704,997	860,571
Total	<b>\$ 30,178</b>	<b>2,346,345</b>	<b>1,276,607</b>	<b>3,622,952</b>

- 2) Reinsurance assets - the insurance ceded business for the policy holders with reported but unpaid or unreported claims

December 31, 2020			
Item	Reported but unpaid	IBNR	Total
Fire insurance	\$ 166,373	6,566	172,939
Marine insurance	95,164	20,622	115,786
Land and air insurance	61,569	2,565	64,134
Liability insurance	138,376	37,215	175,591
Surety insurance	8,059	2,872	10,931
Other property insurance	250,247	8,037	258,284
Accident insurance	52,406	85,918	138,324
Health insurance	54	911	965
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	68,837	306,126	374,963
Total	<b>\$ 841,085</b>	<b>470,832</b>	<b>1,311,917</b>

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

December 31, 2019			
Item	Reported but unpaid	IBNR	Total
Fire insurance	\$ 362,112	34,682	396,794
Marine insurance	93,530	33,666	127,196
Land and air insurance	111,125	4,805	115,930
Liability insurance	154,923	59,299	214,222
Surety insurance	7,880	2,710	10,590
Other property insurance	269,677	26,533	296,210
Accident insurance	14,493	112,335	126,828
Health insurance	32	694	726
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	59,761	319,971	379,732
Less: Accumulated impairment	(81)	-	(81)
Total	<b>\$ 1,073,452</b>	<b>594,695</b>	<b>1,668,147</b>

3) The net change of claim reserve and ceded reinsurance claim reserve

For the years ended December 31, 2020								
Item	Direct underwrite business		Reinsurance ceded-in		The net change in claim reserve	Reinsurance ceded-out		The net change in ceded claim reserve
	Provision	Recover	Provision	Recover		Provision	Recover	
Fire insurance	\$ 351,230	554,720	4,139	15,401	(214,752)	172,939	396,794	(223,855)
Marine insurance	132,881	151,355	7,554	7,064	(17,984)	115,786	127,196	(11,410)
Land and air insurance	75,598	123,308	1,754	2,431	(48,387)	64,134	115,930	(51,796)
Liability insurance	951,224	918,225	12,007	8,683	36,323	175,591	214,222	(38,631)
Surety insurance	23,283	23,994	1,764	521	532	10,931	10,590	341
Other property insurance	578,526	656,817	3,158	6,609	(81,742)	258,284	296,210	(37,926)
Accident insurance	316,489	284,371	2,854	5,096	29,876	138,324	126,828	11,496
Health insurance	7,065	3,389	258	397	3,537	965	726	239
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	625,276	633,326	229,959	227,245	(5,336)	374,963	379,732	(4,769)
Total	<b>\$ 3,061,572</b>	<b>3,349,505</b>	<b>263,447</b>	<b>273,447</b>	<b>(297,933)</b>	<b>1,311,917</b>	<b>1,668,228</b>	<b>(356,311)</b>

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the years ended December 31, 2019								
Item	Direct underwrite business		Reinsurance ceded-in		The net change in claim reserve	Reinsurance ceded-out		The net change in ceded claim reserve
	Provision	Recover	Provision	Recover		Provision	Recover	
Fire insurance	\$ 554,720	1,024,308	15,401	14,150	(468,337)	396,794	755,310	(358,516)
Marine insurance	151,355	192,252	7,064	8,281	(42,114)	127,196	158,039	(30,843)
Land and air insurance	123,308	144,974	2,431	3,018	(22,253)	115,930	136,010	(20,080)
Liability insurance	918,225	916,395	8,683	11,200	(687)	214,222	232,410	(18,188)
Surety insurance	23,994	27,016	521	685	(3,186)	10,590	13,122	(2,532)
Other property insurance	656,817	584,252	6,609	8,652	70,522	296,210	217,242	78,968
Accident insurance	284,371	260,453	5,096	4,816	24,198	126,828	118,262	8,566
Health insurance	3,389	3,993	397	474	(681)	726	759	(33)
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	633,326	632,089	227,245	231,782	(3,300)	379,732	378,159	1,573
Total	<u>\$ 3,349,505</u>	<u>3,785,732</u>	<u>273,447</u>	<u>283,058</u>	<u>(445,838)</u>	<u>1,668,228</u>	<u>2,009,313</u>	<u>(341,085)</u>

4) The movements in claim reserve and ceded claim reserve

For the years ended December 31,				
Item	2020		2019	
	Claims reserve	Ceded claim reserve	Claims reserve	Ceded claim reserve
Beginning balance	\$ 3,622,952	1,668,147	4,068,790	2,009,313
Provision	3,325,019	1,311,917	3,622,952	1,668,228
Recovery	(3,622,952)	(1,668,228)	(4,068,790)	(2,009,313)
Impairment loss recognized	-	81	-	(81)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 3,325,019</u>	<u>1,311,917</u>	<u>3,622,952</u>	<u>1,668,147</u>

The methodology for providing claims reserve is decided by actuaries and reported to the Authority. If there is any change, it should adopt the same procedures as fore mentioned. The Company submitted the method of claims reserve provision in the letter of (Wang) Zong Qi Zi No. 1920 on December 23, 2009, which has been approved by Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (Taiwan) Insurance Bureau Jin Guan Bao Cai Zi No. 09802245610. The relevant provision methods is explained as follows:

- 1) Regarding to the claims reserve for reported but not paid, it should be estimated based on actual situation by each case.
- 2) Regarding to the claims reserve for IBNR, it should be estimated based on the experience of claim loss development of each type insurance by actuary methodology.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

## (iv) Premium deficiency reserve

## 1) The net change of premium deficiency reserve and ceded premium deficiency reserve

Item	For the years ended December 31, 2019								
	Direct underwrite		Reinsurance ceded-in		The net change in premium deficiency	Reinsurance ceded-out		The net change in premium ceded deficiency	Net deposit of premium deficiency reserve
	Provision	Recover	Provision	Recover		Provision	Recover		
Fire insurance	\$ -	44,342	-	642	(44,984)	-	40,670	(40,670)	(4,314)

## 2) The movements in net premium deficiency reserve and net ceded premium deficiency reserve

Item	For the years ended December 31, 2019	
	Premium deficiency reserve	Ceding premium deficiency reserve
Beginning balance	\$ 44,984	40,670
Recovery	(44,984)	(40,670)
Ending balance	\$ -	-

The methodology for premium deficiency reserve provision is decided by actuaries and shall report to the Authority, same as afterward change. The Company reported the methodology for premium deficiency reserve provision on February 16, 2012 in the letter of (Wang) Zong Jing Suan No.0005, which has been approved by Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (Taiwan) Jin Guan Bao Cai Zi No. No.10102503930.

## (r) Income tax

## (i) The components of the Company's income tax in the years 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Current income tax expenses (benefits)	\$ 3,955	(2,431)

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Reconciliation of income tax and profit before tax for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Income before income tax	\$ <u>706,052</u>	<u>701,351</u>
Income tax using the Company's domestic tax rate	141,211	140,270
Adjustment items:		
Tax-free income	(32,698)	(29,693)
Change in unrecognized temporary differences	(9,601)	(3,113)
Permanent differences	3,856	7,480
Decrease of offset taxable income	(102,768)	(114,944)
Undistributed earnings additional tax	-	2,420
Prior income tax expense (over) under estimated	(3,659)	(13,802)
Income basic tax	<u>7,614</u>	<u>8,951</u>
Income tax expenses (benefits)	<u>\$ <u>3,955</u></u>	<u><u>(2,431)</u></u>

(ii) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

1) Unrecognized deferred tax assets

	<b>December 31,</b>	<b>December 31,</b>
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
The carryforward of unused tax losses	\$ 17,329	566,321
Actuarial losses of defined benefit plans	<u>44,995</u>	<u>39,031</u>
Unrecognized deferred tax assets	<u>\$ <u>62,324</u></u>	<u><u>605,352</u></u>

The Company's tax returns for the years through 2018 were assessed by the Taipei National Tax Administration.

According to the R.O.C. Income Tax Act allows net losses, as assessed by the tax authorities, to offset taxable income over a period of ten years for local tax reporting purpose. As of December 31, 2020, the information of the Company's losses for which no deferred tax assets were recognized are as follows:

<u>Year of loss</u>	<u>Unused tax loss</u>	<u>Expiry date</u>
2010 (Assessed)	\$ 74,055	2020
2011 (Assessed)	<u>12,590</u>	2021
	<u>\$ <u>86,645</u></u>	

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- 2) Recognized deferred income tax liabilities:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Land value-added tax	<b>\$ 63,920</b>	<b>63,920</b>

- (s) Capital and other equity

- (i) Share capital

The Company's transfer \$106,480 from retained earnings to common stocks distributed to shareholders was approved by the resolution of the shareholders' meeting held on June 24, 2020; therefore, total of 10,648 thousand shares were issued. This issuance of shares was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (Taiwan) on August 14, 2020. The committee approved the declaration to take effect. The base date for the capital increase was set on September 18, 2020. The relevant statutory registration procedures have been completed.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the number of authorized ordinary shares were both \$6,236,320 with par value of \$10 per share, i.e. 623,632 thousand shares. The issued shares were 223,608 and 212,960 thousand shares of common stock, respectively.

- (ii) Retained earnings

- 1) Legal reserve

According to the Company Act, the Company is able to issue new stock or cash dividend from legal reserve if there is no deficit as long as the legal reserve is over 25% of the paid in capital.

- 2) Special reserve

Based on Financial Supervisory Committee Jin Guan Bao Cai Zi No.10102508861 on June 5, 2011, when the Company distributes retained surplus that transferred from the special reserve of unrealized revaluation increment \$12,143, it should be accounted a decrease in other equity, with the same amount of the prior years' inappropriate retained earning provision being equal to current year's net income. The amount of decrease in other equity belonged to the prior accumulation, the same amount of special reserve should be not appropriated. However, the Company's has provisioned the special reserve based on former standard, the difference between the provision amount and the decrease in other equity has been provision special reserve. Then, if a reversal of shareholders' equity contra account occurs, the reversed portion of the special reserve could be distributed as dividends.

According to the letter from the Financial Supervisory Committee Jin Guan Bao Zi No. 10502066464 on July 13, 2016. The insurance industry should allocate a special surplus reserve from 0.5% to 1% of the net profit after tax when the 2016-2018 fiscal year surplus is distributed. Moreover, since 2017, the expense of employee transferring training, transferring occupation, and settle down during the development of financial technology should be reversal.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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3) Undistributed retained earnings appropriated

Under the Company's Article of Incorporation, the Company's net income after deduction of income tax and losses (if any) and offset the prior years' deficits, should be provisioned 20% of remaining amount as legal reserve, except the legal reserve is equal to the capital. In addition to any remaining profit together with any undistributed retained earnings shall be distributed based on the Company considering the operating need and legal requirement to provision special reserve, the distribution plan proposed by the Board of Directors and submitted to the stockholders' meeting for approval.

The remuneration of non-executive director in the Company is authorized to the board's meeting to set rational remuneration, and do not attend the earning distribution. The Company belongs to property and casualty insurance, the enterprise development should cooperate with the Government's policy and risk based capital, the ability of underwriting and solvency have to be stronger. The Company's earning distribution policy has to consider the current and future investment environment, capital requirement, market competition situation and budget, etc., with the benefit of shareholders, balancing dividend and long term financial plan, etc. and then the earning distribution that the board's meeting set will provide to the shareholder's meeting. The earning distribution should be in form of cash or stock dividend to distribute, in addition to the amount of cash dividend should not be lower than 10% of stock dividend. However, the amount of par cash dividend is lower than \$0.1, the dividend should use the form of stock dividend to distribute.

The Company's distribution of retained earnings to shareholders was approved by the resolution of the shareholders' meeting held on June 24, 2020 and June 18, 2019 for the years ended December 31, 2019 and 2018, respectively. The information were as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2019</b>	<b>2018</b>
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders		
Cash	\$ 187,405	(191,664)
Shares	106,480	-
Total	<u>\$ 293,885</u>	<u>(191,664)</u>

On March 26, 2021, the Company's Board of Directors resolved to appropriate the 2020 earnings. These earnings were appropriated as follow:

	<b>For the years ended December 31, 2020</b>
Dividends distributed to ordinary shareholders	
Cash	<u>\$ 178,886</u>

The relevant information about distribution of retained earnings under the consent of the shareholders' meeting, can be obtained on the website of Market Observation Post System.

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## (t) Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share and diluted earnings per share were shown as follows:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
<b>Basic earnings per share</b>		
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ <u>702,097</u>	<u>703,782</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (thousands shares)	<u>223,608</u>	<u>223,608</u>
<b>Basic earnings per share (in dollars)</b>	\$ <u>3.14</u>	<u>3.15</u>
<b>Diluted earnings per share</b>		
Net income attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company	\$ <u>702,097</u>	<u>703,782</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (thousands shares)	223,608	223,608
Employee share options	<u>1,732</u>	<u>1,236</u>
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (Dilutive potential common shares)(thousands shares)	<u>225,340</u>	<u>224,844</u>
<b>Diluted earnings per share (in dollars)</b>	\$ <u>3.12</u>	<u>3.13</u>

## (u) Disclosure of acquisition cost of insurance contracts

Acquisition cost of insurance contracts

Item	For the years ended December 31, 2020					
	Commission expense	Agent fee	Charge	Reinsurance commission expense	Other cost	Total
Fire insurance	\$ 119,591	-	-	5,165	-	124,756
Marine insurance	20,654	-	-	629	-	21,283
Land and air insurance	13,166	-	-	384	-	13,550
Surety insurance	516,729	-	-	244	-	516,973
Surety insurance	2,732	-	-	13	-	2,745
Other Property Insurance	600,910	-	-	9,204	-	610,114
Accident insurance	190,335	-	-	93	-	190,428
Health insurance	6,025	-	-	-	-	6,025
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	132,652	-	-	-	-	132,652
Total	<u>\$ 1,602,794</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,732</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,618,526</u>

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the years ended December 31, 2019						
Item	Commission expense	Agent fee	Charge	Reinsurance commission expense	Other cost	Total
Fire insurance	\$ 109,179	-	-	5,364	-	114,543
Marine insurance	21,274	-	-	674	-	21,948
Land and air insurance	2,289	-	-	195	-	2,484
Liability insurance	474,565	-	-	150	-	474,715
Surety insurance	2,773	-	-	2	-	2,775
Other property insurance	589,724	-	-	8,255	-	597,979
Accident insurance	185,339	-	-	66	-	185,405
Health insurance	7,344	-	-	-	-	7,344
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	130,537	-	-	-	-	130,537
Total	<u>\$ 1,523,024</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>14,706</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,537,730</u>

## (v) Disclosure of insurance cost benefit analysis

## (i) Direct written business cost benefit analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2020						
Item	Written premium	The net change in unearned premium reserve	Insurance contract acquisition cost	Claims	The net change in claims reverse	Gain/Loss
Fire insurance	\$ 1,272,828	(27,861)	119,591	458,216	(203,490)	926,372
Marine insurance	241,233	2,801	20,654	53,268	(18,474)	182,984
Land and air insurance	100,710	4,719	13,166	91,447	(47,710)	39,088
Liability insurance	2,934,833	146,657	516,729	1,632,461	32,999	605,987
Surety insurance	19,445	(447)	2,732	44	(711)	17,827
Other property insurance	3,650,001	189,786	600,910	1,977,531	(78,291)	960,065
Accident insurance	1,001,610	10,459	190,335	598,697	32,118	170,001
Health insurance	27,107	4,030	6,025	14,540	3,676	(1,164)
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	975,122	(500)	132,652	718,341	(8,050)	132,679
Total	<u>\$ 10,222,889</u>	<u>329,644</u>	<u>1,602,794</u>	<u>5,544,545</u>	<u>(287,933)</u>	<u>3,033,839</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the years ended December 31, 2019

Item	Written premium	The net change in unearned premium reserve	Insurance contract acquisition cost	Claims	The net change in claims reverse	Gain/Loss
Fire insurance	\$ 1,225,645	(34,644)	109,179	688,417	(469,588)	932,281
Marine insurance	231,602	6,373	21,274	134,091	(40,897)	110,761
Land and air insurance	89,284	(656)	2,289	4,386	(21,666)	104,931
Liability insurance	2,723,858	75,613	474,565	1,449,560	1,830	722,290
Surety insurance	20,310	998	2,773	3,943	(3,022)	15,618
Other property insurance	3,500,383	92,091	589,724	1,922,989	72,565	823,014
Accident insurance	1,026,823	(27,161)	185,339	573,595	23,918	271,132
Health insurance	48,064	66	7,344	11,544	(604)	29,714
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	967,336	463	130,537	833,338	1,237	1,761
Total	<u>\$ 9,833,305</u>	<u>113,143</u>	<u>1,523,024</u>	<u>5,621,863</u>	<u>(436,227)</u>	<u>3,011,502</u>

(ii) Reinsurance cost-benefit analysis

For the years ended December 31, 2020

Item	Reinsurance premium	The net change in unearned premium reserve	Reinsurance commission expense	Reinsurance Claims	The net change in claim reverse	Ceded in gain/Loss
Fire insurance	\$ 69,748	5,217	5,165	8,520	(11,262)	62,108
Marine insurance	5,792	(163)	629	809	490	4,027
Land and air insurance	2,230	543	384	798	(677)	1,182
Liability insurance	2,001	(104,055)	244	86,227	3,324	16,261
Surety insurance	1,107	-	13	92	1,243	(241)
Other property insurance	38,466	1,735	9,204	14,140	(3,451)	16,838
Accident insurance	6,306	(162)	93	902	(2,242)	7,715
Health insurance	-	-	-	-	(139)	139
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	293,622	417	-	270,000	2,714	20,491
Total	<u>\$ 419,272</u>	<u>(96,468)</u>	<u>15,732</u>	<u>381,488</u>	<u>(10,000)</u>	<u>128,520</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the years ended December 31, 2019

Item	Reinsurance premium	The net change in unearned premium reserve	Reinsurance commission expense	Reinsurance Claims	The net change in claim reverse	Ceded in gain/Loss
Fire insurance	\$ 57,939	6,797	5,364	545	1,251	43,982
Marine insurance	7,861	460	674	4,794	(1,217)	3,150
Land and air insurance	1,156	483	195	(596)	(587)	1,661
Liability insurance	1,595	(95,229)	150	71,228	(2,517)	27,963
Surety insurance	1,126	(7)	2	600	(164)	695
Other property insurance	34,076	5,523	8,255	10,056	(2,043)	12,285
Accident insurance	6,174	101	66	403	280	5,324
Health insurance	-	-	-	-	(77)	77
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	290,532	(515)	-	305,711	(4,537)	(10,127)
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 400,459</b>	<b>(82,387)</b>	<b>14,706</b>	<b>392,741</b>	<b>(9,611)</b>	<b>85,010</b>

(iii) Gain/Loss on reinsurance contracts

For the years ended December 31, 2020

Item	Reinsurance expense	The net change in unearned premium reserve	Reinsurance commission received	Claims recovered from reinsurers	The net change in ceded claim reserve	Ceded out gain/Loss
Fire insurance	\$ (803,613)	(26,873)	124,197	372,035	(223,855)	(558,109)
Marine insurance	(166,393)	4,565	10,778	37,717	(11,410)	(124,743)
Land and air insurance	(74,961)	(810)	1,772	89,284	(51,796)	(36,511)
Liability insurance	(511,956)	(44,006)	145,433	362,679	(38,631)	(86,481)
Surety insurance	(8,557)	(138)	1,790	33	341	(6,531)
Other property insurance	(974,190)	62,022	236,650	587,160	(37,926)	(126,284)
Accident insurance	(302,893)	(917)	57,624	257,947	11,496	23,257
Health insurance	(4,101)	876	1,276	2,535	239	825
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	(412,365)	(299)	-	426,763	(4,769)	9,330
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ (3,259,029)</b>	<b>(5,580)</b>	<b>579,520</b>	<b>2,136,153</b>	<b>(356,311)</b>	<b>(905,247)</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the years ended December 31, 2019

Item	Reinsurance expense	The net change in unearned premium reserve	Reinsurance commission received	Claims recovered from reinsurers	The net change in ceded claim reserve	Ceded out gain/Loss
Fire insurance	\$ (863,405)	28,925	93,206	478,022	(358,516)	(621,768)
Marine insurance	(153,096)	5,406	9,932	110,529	(30,843)	(58,072)
Land and air insurance	(74,145)	4,543	7,641	565	(20,080)	(81,476)
Liability insurance	(462,021)	(66,133)	146,108	323,964	(18,188)	(76,270)
Surety insurance	(9,763)	1,709	2,076	2,791	(2,532)	(5,719)
Other property insurance	(951,519)	94,835	243,185	526,229	78,968	(8,302)
Accident insurance	(308,714)	(6,150)	83,726	186,745	8,566	(35,827)
Health insurance	(2,369)	194	575	2,284	(33)	651
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	(406,885)	280	-	484,653	1,573	79,621
Total	<u>\$ (3,231,917)</u>	<u>63,609</u>	<u>586,449</u>	<u>2,115,782</u>	<u>(341,085)</u>	<u>(807,162)</u>

(w) Disclosure of insurance contract risk

(i) The purpose, policy, procedure and the managing method of risk related to the risk management of control insurance contract

1) The range of risk management in framework, organizational, accountability

a) Risk management of framework and organization

The Company's risk managing organizational framework includes the Board of Directors, Risk Management Committee, Risk Management Department, operating segments and Audit department.

b) The responsibility of various unit are as follows:

i) The Board of Directors

The Board of Directors is the highest decision making unit of risk management in the Company, which is responsible for approving risk management policy and framework, establishing the risk management culture, ensuring the effectiveness of risk management, and bear the ultimate responsibility of risk management.

ii) Risk Management Committee

1. In charge of making the risk management policy, framework, organization function, in order to establish the managing quality and quantity standard. To submit regularly the report of the executing the risk management to the Board of Directors, in case providing the necessary improve suggestion.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

2. To execute the Board of Directors' decision, and entirely and periodically oversee the development, establishment and executing performance.
  3. To assist and oversee various segments' risk management activities.
  4. To consider the environment to adjust the types of risk, risk limit allocating and the bearing method.
  5. To coordinate interaction and communication of the risk managing function between departments.
- iii) Risk Management Department
1. To be responsible for risk monitoring, measuring, evaluating executive layer of routine affairs, which should be independent to the executing right of operating segments.
  2. Should depend on the type of operating business to execute:
    - To assist and execute the Board setting risk management policies and strategies.
    - Accounting the Company risk appetite set risk tolerance
    - Summarize risk information, coordinated and communicated for carrying out policy and quota of each unit.
    - Risk management report is proposed regularly.
    - Monitor the risk of each operating segments regularly.
    - Assistance of pressure test.
    - Back testing.
    - Others
  3. To deal with the violation of other units by the authorization of the Board of Directors or Risk Management Committee
- iv) Operating segments
1. The responsibilities of operating segments supervisor to execute the risk management are as follows:
    - To be responsible for preparing daily risk report, taking actions.
    - To monitor related information of risk management and report to risk management department regularly.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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2. The responsibilities of operating segments to execute the risk management are as follows:
- To recognize risk, and to report the information of risk exposure situation.
  - To measure the influence of degree of risk occurred (quality and quantity), and response the accurate solution with passing the risk information.
  - Reviewing the effectiveness of the setting risk tolerance.
  - Monitor risk exposure and measure the risk exceed the tolerance.
  - To assist the risk modelling development, ensuring that the uses and hypothesis of measuring, modeling are rational and consist of the basis.
  - Ensure the effectiveness of internal control.
  - Gather the information which is related to operational risk.

v) Audit department

Based on incumbent related legal regulation, to audit the implementation of risk management of each department in the Company.

2) Scope and nature of risk reporting or measure system

The Company's insurance risk monitoring included the entire or individual deal process of operating segments and various insurance goods, such as business volume, loss rate change, business structure, etc., should be in accordance with the standard, the limit, the process of over limit and the authorization. Then, through operating segments supervisors report daily or regularly to higher management level and Risk Management Department to summarize.

The Company holds Risk Management Committee periodically to report officially the insurance risk management monitor for decision making by the operating level.

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- 3) Procedures for risk assuming, measurement, monitoring and control, as well as adequate risk classification and the underwriting policy

The Company set the underwriting policy which is following the Company's target, client demand and market competition environment. The unit of underwriting should process danger options in accordance with the underwriting policy. In addition the underwriting should cooperate with operating in term of assessment of danger and choice of business, policy due to the organization become more and more big and the market become more competitive. To achieve the goal of good quality, higher quantity, faster receivable rolling and faster claim procedure which is customer focus, the Company should enhance the method of thinking and innovation in underwriting, operating, claim and managing.

- 4) The range of entire basic evaluation assessment of the enterprise and risk management

The entire risk as a basic identify the Company's insurance risk, includes the design and price set risk, underwriting risk, insurance risk, claim risk, catastrophic risk and reserve risk, etc., in accordance with the various insurance risk of insurance risk management.

- 5) Limiting insurance risk exposure and avoiding the concentrations of insurance risk

The business of retained, ceded in reinsurance, ceded out reinsurance of the Company is under "Regulations Governing Insurance Enterprises Engaging in Operating Reinsurance and Other Risk Spreading Mechanisms" to establish the mechanism of risk management, and considering the risk bearing capacity, formulating a reinsurance risk management plan and implementing.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the amount of the retained risk limit per unit for each type of insurance is disclosed in the following table:

<u>Insurance by Type</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>
Fire insurance	\$ 350,000	300,000
Hull insurance	100,000	100,000
Fishing vessel insurance	50,000	50,000
Aviation insurance	200,000	200,000
Marine Cargo insurance	300,000	150,000
Accident insurance	200,000	200,000
Engineering insurance	300,000	300,000
Casualty insurance	360,000	360,000
Vehicle insurance	30,000	30,000
Automobile liability insurance	120,000	120,000
Other property insurance	300,000	300,000
Health insurance	4,000	4,000
Accident insurance -travel insurance	240,000	240,000

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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6) The method of assets and liabilities management

The Company's assets and liabilities are coordinate with the factor of risk, including market risk, liquidity risk and insurance risk, which depend on the various risk management mechanism of monitor assets and liabilities cash flows, and using such as ratio of debt to assets, net debt to assets, etc., to entirely evaluate and analyze the appropriateness of managing assets and liabilities.

7) The illustration of management, monitor and control procedure of taking extra liabilities and equities promise when obtaining or providing on special events.

Under the Insurance Act, the Company's risk based capital ratio (RBC) should be at least 200%. Otherwise, the Company would be required to raise additional capital within a certain period; in addition, the Company will be prohibited from appropriating its earnings. Moreover, the authorities will restrict the Company's operations and use of capital.

(ii) Insurance risk information

1) Sensitivity analysis of insurance risk

Item	For the years ended December 31, 2020				
	Written premium	Expected rate of loss	Impact on the Income Statement of a One Percent Change in Rate of Expected Loss		
			Before reinsurance	After reinsurance	
The Company					
Fire insurance	\$ 1,342,576	66.79 %	13,733	5,428	
Marine insurance	247,025	63.55 %	2,444	826	
Land and air insurance	102,940	69.66 %	977	219	
Liability insurance	2,936,834	66.07 %	28,942	23,383	
Surety insurance	20,552	72.40 %	210	123	
Other property insurance	3,688,467	64.77 %	34,969	25,848	
Accident insurance	1,007,916	75.60 %	9,976	6,938	
Health insurance	27,107	81.60 %	231	199	
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	1,268,744	No applicable	No applicable	No applicable	

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

<u>Item</u>	<u>For the years ended December 31, 2019</u>				
	<u>Written premium</u>	<u>Expected rate of loss</u>	<u>Impact on the Income Statement of a One Percent Change in Rate of Expected Loss</u>		
			<u>Before reinsurance</u>	<u>After reinsurance</u>	
The Company					
Fire insurance	\$ 1,283,584	66.94 %	13,229	4,884	
Marine insurance	239,463	62.95 %	2,326	849	
Land and air insurance	90,440	70.18 %	906	210	
Liability insurance	2,725,453	66.44 %	27,451	22,169	
Surety insurance	21,436	72.60 %	204	124	
Other property insurance	3,534,459	64.90 %	34,368	25,802	
Accident insurance	1,032,997	75.10 %	10,601	7,452	
Health insurance	48,064	81.30 %	480	458	
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	1,257,868	No applicable	No applicable	No applicable	

Note: Due to various insurance contract frameworks are difference, the impact of a one percent change in rate of expected loss is not linear relationship to incomes and losses.

2) Concentration of insurance risk

The risk of insurance risk concentration is controlled by reinsurance transfer method. For example, the risk caused by natural disasters is based on the RMS and AIR natural disaster model and the selected 250-year regression period is used as the basis for arranging the natural disaster reinsurance contract. Its content is used as a reference for setting key risk indicators for catastrophe.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- a) The premium proportion of underwriting and ceded in reinsurance.

The insurance contracts which the Company underwrites are separated in various types of insurances, and not concentrated in any single type of insurance. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the top 3 insurances in terms of proportion is voluntary automobile insurance, compulsory automobile liability insurance and accident insurance. The voluntary automobile insurance has the highest proportion accounts for 53.83% and 51.95% for 2020 and 2019, respectively. Although the proportion is slightly higher than other insurances, the loss experience of voluntary automobile insurance is stable and the risk variation is low. The remaining types of insurance are no risk concentration.

The premium proportion of underwriting insurance and ceded in reinsurance:

Type	For the years ended December 31,			
	2020		2019	
	Amount	Percentage	Amount	Percentage
Fire insurance	\$ 628,648	5.91 %	619,196	6.05 %
Marine cargo insurance	176,782	1.66 %	184,607	1.80 %
Hull, fishing vessel and aviation insurance	169,467	1.59 %	141,120	1.38 %
Voluntary automobile insurance	5,728,134	53.83 %	5,316,539	51.95 %
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	1,268,744	11.92 %	1,257,868	12.29 %
Liability insurance	336,375	3.16 %	383,984	3.75 %
Engineering and nuclear insurance	486,219	4.57 %	450,764	4.41 %
Surety and credit insurance	20,515	0.19 %	22,289	0.22 %
Other property insurance	42,850	0.40 %	39,962	0.39 %
Accident insurance	1,007,916	9.47 %	1,032,997	10.09 %
Typhoon, flood and earthquake insurance	709,421	6.67 %	659,962	6.45 %
Personal and commercial all-risk insurance	31,487	0.30 %	67,364	0.66 %
Health insurance	27,107	0.25 %	48,064	0.47 %
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	8,496	0.08 %	9,048	0.09 %
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 10,642,161</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>	<b>10,233,764</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
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b) Percentage of retained premium

The top 3 insurances with the highest proportion is voluntary automobile insurance, compulsory automobile liability insurance, accident insurance in term of retained business. The voluntary automobile insurance which has the highest proportion accounts for 63.53% and 61.64% for 2020 and 2019, respectively. The Company assesses the possibility of accumulated loss in order to arrange the contracts of reinsuring to diversify the risk. Therefore, there is no the situation of risk concentration.

In addition, the insurance which is likely to result in significant accumulated loss such as catastrophe insurance (earthquake, typhoon and flood) and the insurances are likely to result in accumulation are property insurance (fire insurance and engineering insurance), marine insurance and accident insurance should avoid the operating risk resulting from the underwriting risk concentration, the Company has bought catastrophe reinsurance contracts in advance for abovementioned insurances to diversify the risk.

The percentage of retained premium was as follows:

Type	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>			
	<b>2020</b>		<b>2019</b>	
	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage</b>	<b>Amount</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
Fire insurance	\$ 339,970	4.61 %	273,913	3.91 %
Marine cargo insurance	94,500	1.28 %	93,191	1.33 %
Hull, fishing vessel and aviation insurance	12,982	0.18 %	8,689	0.12 %
Voluntary automobile insurance	4,690,764	63.53 %	4,315,668	61.64 %
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	856,379	11.60 %	850,983	12.15 %
Liability insurance	217,775	2.95 %	285,104	4.07 %
Engineering and nuclear insurance	166,830	2.26 %	150,010	2.14 %
Surety and credit insurance	11,993	0.16 %	11,663	0.17 %
Other property insurance	32,810	0.44 %	28,683	0.41 %
Accident insurance	705,023	9.55 %	724,283	10.35 %
Typhoon, flood and earthquake insurance	194,486	2.63 %	141,840	2.03 %
Personal and commercial all-risk insurance	30,705	0.42 %	66,471	0.95 %
Health insurance	23,006	0.31 %	45,695	0.65 %
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	5,909	0.08 %	5,654	0.08 %
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 7,383,132</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>	<b>7,001,847</b>	<b>100.00 %</b>

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

c) Claims trend

For the year ended December 31, 2020

Occurrence year	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1	31,856,311	3,422,196	2,724,767	2,593,826	3,019,920	3,505,019	4,231,875	3,846,573	4,548,623	4,201,280	4,053,992
2	32,046,002	3,619,245	2,990,271	2,885,933	3,216,949	3,615,016	4,483,260	4,058,010	4,804,267	4,843,061	
3	31,766,189	3,712,638	2,954,427	2,855,978	3,161,079	3,557,644	4,338,968	3,989,815	4,730,282		
4	31,723,641	3,646,063	2,934,992	2,837,248	3,151,586	3,530,087	4,331,187	3,964,421			
5	31,676,632	3,633,221	2,908,274	2,835,816	3,151,839	3,505,206	4,320,542				
6	31,663,979	3,618,015	2,881,191	2,830,761	3,130,980	3,500,447					
7	31,661,765	3,613,200	2,880,642	2,834,001	3,129,167						
8	31,637,957	3,612,072	2,875,661	2,834,283							
9	31,621,070	3,611,620	2,877,806								
10	31,608,145	3,582,469									
11	31,608,398										
Estimates	31,608,398	3,582,469	2,877,806	2,834,283	3,129,167	3,500,447	4,320,542	3,964,421	4,730,282	4,843,061	4,053,992
Actual	31,593,052	3,578,711	2,849,059	2,829,528	3,118,932	3,493,254	4,293,122	3,903,485	4,541,350	4,447,550	2,901,504
Subtotal	15,346	3,758	28,747	4,755	10,235	7,193	27,420	60,936	188,932	395,511	1,152,488
Reconciliations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total amount recognized in balance sheet	15,346	3,758	28,747	4,755	10,235	7,193	27,420	60,936	188,932	395,511	1,152,488

For the year ended December 31, 2019

Occurrence year	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
1	27,710,777	3,369,658	3,422,196	2,724,767	2,593,826	3,019,920	3,505,019	4,231,875	3,846,573	4,548,623	4,201,280
2	28,486,653	3,483,032	3,619,245	2,990,271	2,885,933	3,216,949	3,615,016	4,483,260	4,058,010	4,804,267	
3	28,562,970	3,322,498	3,712,638	2,954,427	2,855,978	3,161,079	3,557,644	4,338,968	3,989,815		
4	28,443,691	3,293,671	3,646,063	2,934,992	2,837,248	3,151,586	3,530,087	4,331,187			
5	28,429,970	3,296,180	3,633,221	2,908,274	2,835,816	3,151,839	3,505,206				
6	28,380,452	3,286,198	3,618,015	2,881,191	2,830,761	3,130,980					
7	28,377,781	3,284,263	3,613,200	2,880,642	2,834,001						
8	28,377,502	3,282,971	3,612,072	2,875,661							
9	28,354,986	3,285,710	3,611,620								
10	28,335,360	3,284,263									
11	28,323,882										
Estimates	28,323,882	3,284,263	3,611,620	2,875,661	2,834,001	3,130,980	3,505,206	4,331,187	3,989,815	4,804,267	4,201,280
Actual	28,317,268	3,275,531	3,557,862	2,846,880	2,829,786	3,118,753	3,490,860	4,279,122	3,802,860	4,359,680	2,844,750
Subtotal	6,614	8,732	53,758	28,781	4,215	12,227	14,346	52,065	186,955	444,587	1,356,530
Reconciliations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total amount recognized in balance sheet	6,614	8,732	53,758	28,781	4,215	12,227	14,346	52,065	186,955	444,587	1,356,530

3) Credit risk of insurance contracts

a) Credit risk

i) Compliance with the “Regulations Governing the Provision of Unauthorized Reinsurance Reserves for Insurance Company” No.5, the transaction with unauthorized reinsurers shall be represented in the notes of financial statements and the content shall include:

1. The summary of unauthorized reinsurance contracts and types of reinsurance.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

2. The reinsurance premium expense of unauthorized reinsurance contracts.
  3. General description of the amount of unauthorized reserve and its components.
- ii) The abstract and related insurance of unauthorized reinsurance contracts in the Company were as follows:

As of December 31, 2020,

<b>Company</b>	<b>Annotation</b>
Asia Capital Reinsurance Group Pte Ltd.	Facultative reinsurance of each kind of insurance
Asia Capital Reinsurance Group Pte Ltd. (Hong Kong Branch)	Treaty and Facultative reinsurance of each kind of insurance
Trust International Insurance and Reinsurance CO.B.S.C (C) Trust Re	Treaty and Facultative reinsurance of each kind of insurance.
Tugu Insurance Company Limited, HK	Facultative reinsurance of marine insurance
Mugatlal Bhagwandas Boda & Company	Treaty reinsurance of engineering insurance

As of December 31, 2019

<b>Company</b>	<b>Annotation</b>
Arab Insurance Group (B.S.C.) (ARIG) in Bahrain	Facultative reinsurance of commercial fire insurance
Asia Capital Reinsurance Group Pte Ltd.	Facultative reinsurance of each kind of insurance
Asia Capital Reinsurance Group Pte Ltd. (Hong Kong Branch)	Treaty and Facultative reinsurance of each kind of insurance
Trust International Insurance and Reinsurance CO. B.S.C. (C) Trust Re	Treaty and Facultative reinsurance of each kind of insurance
Trust International Insurance and Reinsurance CO. B.S.C. (C) Trust Re, Labuan	Facultative reinsurance of commercial fire insurance
Tugu Insurance Company Limited, HK	Facultative reinsurance of marine insurance

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- iii) For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the reinsurance premium expenses (recoveral) for unauthorized reinsurance in the Company amounted to \$(908) and \$31,826, respectively.
- iv) The principle summary of amounts and component items of unauthorized reinsurance reserve in the Company was as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Unearned premium reserve	\$ 3	5,235
Claims recoverable from reinsurers of paid claims overdue in nine month	13	109
Claims recoverable from reinsurers reported but unpaid	4,520	17,338
The unauthorized reinsurance reserves- Total	<b>\$ 4,536</b>	<b>22,682</b>

b) Liquidity risk

The Company's liquidity risk includes capital liquidity risk and market liquidity risk of insurance contracts, via monitoring and managing the liquidity risk of risk management to maintain the sufficient liquidity when the occasion events and raise the balance of assets income investment.

To ensure the operating stability, the Company needs the sufficient liquidity assets that can immediately into cash in case the needs of premium deficiency or unexpected claim duty increase sharply.

c) Market risk

The market risk of insurance contracts in the Company includes interest rate risk, foreign currency risk and price risk. The monitoring market risk includes the overall and individual transaction processes of each trading unit and each financial product, such as change in positions, change in profit and loss, trading patterns and trading targets, etc., which should be carried out within the scope of the Company including quota, stop loss and over limit treatment. The competent authority shall conduct risk reporting according to its responsibilities and the risk management department shall regularly report the market risk monitoring table to the operating management and report to the risk management committee and the Board of Directors regularly.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

## (x) Financial instruments

## (i) Credit risk

## 1) Credit risk exposure

Maximum credit risk exposure were as follows:

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,386,542	2,117,261
Receivables	667,810	858,220
Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	1,966,543	1,619,258
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	2,356,484	1,860,294
Financial assets measured at amortized cost	1,493,894	1,437,951
Other financial assets	2,121,637	2,587,570
Reinsurance contract assets	3,920,832	4,149,186
Other assets	<u>637,804</u>	<u>638,662</u>
Total	<u><b>\$ 15,551,546</b></u>	<u><b>15,268,402</b></u>

The Company does not involve into lending business. The financial assets are mainly receivables, reinsurance contract assets and investment projects in the open market. The credit risk is controlled by the limit method and the risk status of the counterparty is assessed regularly.

(Continued)



**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- 3) The movement in loss allowance and information of credit quality of financial assets at amortized cost
- a) The movement in loss allowance

For the year ended December 31, 2020						
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (assessed on collective)	Lifetime ECL (assessed on individual)	The provision of impairment in accordance with IFRS 9(subtotal)	The provision of impairment in accordance with Guidelines for Handling Assessment of Assets, Loans Overdue, Receivable on Demand and Bad Debts by Insurance Enterprises	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 949	-	-	949	-	949
Changes	(76)	-	-	(76)	-	(76)
Ending balance	<u>\$ 873</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>873</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>873</u>

For the year ended December 31, 2019						
	12-month ECL	Lifetime ECL (assessed on collective)	Lifetime ECL (assessed on individual)	The provision of impairment in accordance with IFRS 9(subtotal)	The provision of impairment in accordance with Guidelines for Handling Assessment of Assets, Loans Overdue, Receivable on Demand and Bad Debts by Insurance Enterprises	Total
Beginning balance	\$ 661	-	-	661	-	661
Changes	288	-	-	288	-	288
Ending balance	<u>\$ 949</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>949</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>949</u>

- b) The information of credit quality

December 31, 2020											
stage1				stage2							
	Low-risk	Moderate-risk	High-risk	Total	Low-risk	Moderate-risk	High-risk	Total	stage3	Allowance impairment loss	Total
Financial assets at amortized cost (including statutory deposit)	\$ <u>1,860,619</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,860,619</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>873</u>	<u>1,859,746</u>

December 31, 2019											
stage1				stage2							
	Low-risk	Moderate-risk	High-risk	Total	Low-risk	Moderate-risk	High-risk	Total	stage3	Allowance impairment loss	Total
Financial assets at amortized cost (including statutory deposit)	\$ <u>1,788,296</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,788,296</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>949</u>	<u>1,787,347</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(ii) Liquidity risk

The following table shows the maturity date of financial liabilities. The Company does not anticipate that the cash flow of the maturity analysis will occur significantly earlier, or the actual amount will be significantly different.

		December 31, 2020					
		Amount	Contract undiscounted cash amount	Overdue under 3 months	Overdue for 3 - 9 months	Overdue for 9 - 12 months	Overdue over 12 months
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities:</b>							
Payables							
Claims payable	\$	2,753	2,753	723	1,170	16	844
Commissions payable		172,896	172,896	172,896	-	-	-
Due to ceding companies		662,257	662,257	631,236	24,567	-	6,454
Other payables		418,844	418,844	382,531	35,524	159	630
Lease liabilities		7,863	7,950	2,638	3,225	735	1,352
Other liabilities							
Guarantee deposits received		4,814	4,814	-	1,565	1	3,248
Reinsurance liability reserve deposits		11,963	11,963	11,963	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b><u>1,281,390</u></b>	<b><u>1,281,477</u></b>	<b><u>1,201,987</u></b>	<b><u>66,051</u></b>	<b><u>911</u></b>	<b><u>12,528</u></b>
		December 31, 2019					
		Amount	Contract undiscounted cash amount	Overdue under 3 months	Overdue for 3 - 9 months	Overdue for 9 - 12 months	Overdue over 12 months
<b>Non-derivative financial liabilities:</b>							
Payables							
Claims payable	\$	30,178	30,178	28,133	65	85	1,895
Commissions payable		169,185	169,185	169,185	-	-	-
Due to ceding companies		701,521	701,521	698,488	-	3,033	-
Other payables		382,346	382,346	344,884	35,227	639	1,596
Lease liabilities		19,679	19,957	4,246	7,850	3,402	4,459
Other liability							
Guarantee deposits received		7,695	7,695	129	197	112	7,257
Reinsurance liability reserve received		18,443	18,443	18,443	-	-	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$</b>	<b><u>1,329,047</u></b>	<b><u>1,329,325</u></b>	<b><u>1,263,508</u></b>	<b><u>43,339</u></b>	<b><u>7,271</u></b>	<b><u>15,207</u></b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

## (iii) Foreign currency risk

## 1) Exposure about foreign currency risk

The amounts of the original currency (in thousands) exposed to the significant foreign currency exchange rate risk were as follows:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
<b><u>Financial assets</u></b>		
<b><u>Monetary items</u></b>		
USD	\$ 4,641	10,820
EUR	59	113
JPY	26	30
HKD	383	391
KRW	54	60
CNY	-	67
GBP	20	23
THB	1,811	1,926
<b><u>Assets classified as held for sale</u></b>		
THB	-	38,701
<b><u>Financial liability</u></b>		
<b><u>Monetary items</u></b>		
USD	2,777	2,155
EUR	-	14
KRW	117	546
THB	-	3

Important rate:

	<u>Rates</u>	
	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
USD	\$ 28.48	29.98
EUR	35.02	33.59
JPY	0.2763	0.2760
HKD	3.67	3.85
KRW	0.0264	0.0262
CNY	4.38	4.31
GBP	38.90	39.36
THB	0.9556	1.0098

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

2) Sensitivity analysis

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, with all other variable factors that remain constant, when NTD increases 1% compared to other currency, the amount of the Company's comprehensive income will increase as follows:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
USD(increases 1%)	\$ 531	2,598
EUR(increases 1%)	21	33
HKD(increases 1%)	14	15
CNY(increases 1%)	-	3
GBP(increases 1%)	8	9
THB(increases 1%)	17	410

Conversely, if there is a decrease of 1% compared to other currency based on all other variables remain the same, there will be the same amount but opposite direction of influence as of December 31, 2020 and 2019.

(iv) Interest rate risk

1) Summary

The amounts of interest bearing financial instruments related to interest rate risk on the reporting date were as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	
	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
Variable interest rate instrument:		
Term deposit	\$ <u>1,568,125</u>	<u>1,480,125</u>

2) Sensitivity Analysis of variable interest rate financial instruments

Based on the carrying amount of those financial instruments on the reporting date, assuming they are held for one year, and all other variable factors remaining constant, when interest rate change 10 basis points, the Company's net income will increase or decrease as follows:

	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2020</u>	<u>December 31,</u> <u>2019</u>
Increase 10 basis points	\$ 1,568	1,480
Decrease 10 basis points	(1,568)	(1,480)

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(v) Fair value and hierarchy information

1) Fair value information

a) General description

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction among market participants at the measurement date.

b) Definition of fair value hierarchy

i) Level 1

The input of Level 1 is the public quote of the same financial instrument in an active market. An active market is a market that meets all the conditions listed below: Products traded in the market is of homogeneity; it is able to reach buyer and seller anytime in the market and the price information can be accessed by the public. Listed stock, OTC stock, beneficiary certificates, as well as equity and derivative instruments with public quote in an active market possessed by the Company belong to Level 1.

ii) Level 2

The input of Level 2 refers to observable price except public quote in an active market, including direct observable input parameters (such as price) or indirect observable input parameters (derivation from price).

iii) Level 3

The input of level 3 is the parameters of measuring fair value, which is from neither on direct market data nor from the counter party.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

2) Based on fair value measurement

a) Hierarchy information of fair value

The Company's financial instruments measured at fair value are evaluated on a recurring basis. The financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value were as follows:

		December 31, 2020			
		Total	Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)	Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)
<b>Assets and liabilities</b>					
<b>Repeatably fair value measurement</b>					
<u>Non-derivative financial assets and liabilities</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
	Beneficiary certificates	\$ 52,666	52,666	-	-
	Real estate investment trust beneficiary certificates	353,825	353,825	-	-
	Stocks	1,560,052	1,560,052	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
	Stocks	2,356,484	2,342,540	-	13,944
<b>Assets and liabilities</b>					
<b>Repeatably fair value measurement</b>					
<u>Non-derivative financial assets and liabilities</u>					
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss					
	Beneficiary certificate	\$ 71,711	71,711	-	-
	Real estate investment trust beneficiary certificates	334,724	334,724	-	-
	Stocks	1,212,823	1,212,823	-	-
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income					
	Stocks	1,860,294	1,846,770	-	13,524

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

b) Valuation techniques of fair value measurement

The valuation of non-derivative financial instruments are based on transparent offer price as fair value if there is existence of active market. The basic of fair value is the market price announced by stock exchange, OTC, etc., the listed stocks and OTC stocks as equity instruments, and debt instruments in active market.

If obtaining frequently and timely transparent offers from stock exchange, brokers, securities underwriter, industrial union and set price service organization or supervisor organization that means the price is actual and frequent fair market deal that is the transparent offer price as fair value in the active market. If the conditions above mentioned are fail, the market is considered as non active market. Generally, the difference between bid ask is big and significant or with the volume of deal is few would be indicated that non active market. The equity of non transparent offer price shall be evaluated by valuation techniques by using the Market approach public company comparable with the discount of lack equity liquidity.

c) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

There is no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

d) Movements of financial assets at fair value classified into Level 3

Name	For the year ended December 31, 2020							Balance at the end of the year
	Balance at the beginning of the year	Gains and losses on valuation		Increase		Decrease		
		Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Purchase or issue	Transferred from Level 3	Sale, disposal or settlement	Transferred from Level 3	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 13,524	-	420	-	-	-	-	13,944

Name	For the year ended December 31, 2019							Balance at the end of the year
	Balance at the beginning of the year	Gains and losses on valuation		Increase		Decrease		
		Recognized in profit or loss	Recognized in other comprehensive income	Purchase or issue	Transferred from Level 3	Sale, disposal or settlement	Transferred from Level 3	
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ 13,650	-	(126)	-	-	-	-	13,524

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- e) Quantified information of fair value measurement for significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)

The Company's Level 3 fair value measurements are financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income – equity instruments investment.

The Company's equity instruments investment without active market include multiple significant unobservable inputs. Those unobservable inputs of equity instrument without active market are independent from each other, thus, they are not correlative. Since the correlation between significant unobservable inputs and fair value cannot be fully measured in practical, the quantified information is not disclosed.

<u>Items</u>	<u>Evaluation</u>	<u>significant unobservable inputs</u>	<u>relationship between significant unobservable inputs and the fair value</u>
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income - equity instruments without an active market	Market method	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· Price to Book Ratio</li> <li>· Discount for lack of marketability</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>· The higher price to book ratio is, the higher fair value is.</li> <li>· The higher discount for lack of marketability is, the lower the fair value is.</li> </ul>

- f) Fair value measurement to Level 3, and the sensitivity analysis of the substitutable appropriate assumption made on fair value

The fair value measurement that the Company made for the financial instruments is deemed reasonable; however, different valuation models or inputs could result in different valuation results. Specifically, if the valuation input of financial instruments classified in the Level 3 changes by 1%, the effects on other comprehensive income are as follows:

	<u>Change in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income</u>	
	<u>Favorable</u>	<u>Unfavorable</u>
<b>December 31, 2020</b>		
Financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ <u>139</u>	<u>(139)</u>
<b>December 31, 2019</b>		
Financial assets fair value through other comprehensive income	\$ <u>135</u>	<u>(135)</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Favorable and unfavorable movements of the Company refer to the fluctuation of fair value, and the fair value is calculated through the valuation technique according to the unobservable inputs to different extent. If the fair value of a financial instrument is affected by more than one input, the above table only illustrates the effect as a result of one single input, and the correlation and variance among multiple inputs are not listed here.

(vi) Financial instruments not measured at fair value

1) Fair value information

The carrying amounts of financial instruments not measured at fair value, such as cash and cash equivalents, account receivables, reinsurance contract assets, account payables and other financial liabilities that are approximate to the fair value in the Company does not disclose the fair value, except for below items:

<u>Item</u>	<u>Carrying amount</u>	<u>Fair value</u>
<b>December 31, 2020</b>		
Financial assets		
Financial assets at amortized cost (included statutory deposits)	\$ 1,859,746	1,893,480
Investment Property	791,880	1,695,676
<b>December 31, 2019</b>		
Financial assets		
Financial assets at amortized cost (included statutory deposits)	1,787,347	1,824,509
Investment Property	839,087	1,529,595

2) Fair value information

<u>Item</u>	<u>December 31, 2020</u>			
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)</u>	<u>Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)</u>	<u>Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)</u>
Financial assets at amortized cost (included statutory deposits)	\$ 1,893,480	-	1,893,480	-
Investment property	1,695,676	-	-	1,695,676

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

<u>Item</u>	<u>December 31, 2019</u>			
	<u>Total</u>	<u>Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets (Level 1)</u>	<u>Significant other observable inputs (Level 2)</u>	<u>Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)</u>
Financial assets at amortized cost (included statutory deposits)	\$ 1,824,509	-	1,824,509	-
Investment property	1,529,595	-	-	1,529,595

3) Valuation techniques

The valuation assumption and methods of financial instruments not measured at fair value is used by the Company were as follows:

- a) The fair value of short-term financial commodity is estimated by the carrying amount of balance sheet. The carrying amount is the reasonable basis to estimate the fair value, because the maturity date of the commodity is near. The method applied on cash and equivalent cash, accounts receivables and accounts payables.
- b) Financial assets at amortized cost (bond investments without active market)
 

If investments assets measured at amortized cost have transaction price or quotes of the market makers, use the recent transaction price and quotes as the basis of estimating fair value. If without market value, discounted cash flow method or the quotes of the counterparties are used to calculate fair value or the quoted prices of the counter party.
- c) The refundable deposits and guarantee deposits have no specific maturity date, as a result, using the carrying amount on the balance sheet as the fair value.
- d) The fair value of investment property is assessed by the market practices.

4) Transfer between Level 1 and Level 2

There were no transfer in 2020 and 2019.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(y) Financial risk management

(i) Overview

1) Credit risk

Credit risk is that borrowers failing to make payments, including pre settlement risk and settlement risk. The settlement risk is the counterparties' violation, and the problem of their liquidity limit and procedure. The pre settlement risk is that during the period of deal, the counterparties cannot perform their obligation of the contract, resulting in the risk of loss.

2) Liquidity risk

The liquidity risk indicates that the deficiency of trading volume or lack of trading counterparties results in the risk of finished trade out of expecting timing.

3) Market risk

Market risk includes foreign exchange rates and interest rates. The risk of foreign exchange rates comes from the change of price of foreign currency, includes the change of value, and the change of relationship between currencies, and currency depreciation. The risk of interest rates comes from the change of bond's price, i.e. yield curve risk, when the shape of yield curve risk changes, the risk will occur.

(ii) The framework of risk management

Please refer to Note(6)(w)(i)1).

(iii) Credit risk

1) The financial assets are classification of credit risk quantity as an assessment of loss. The Company' internal credit risk is classified as low risk, moderate risk and high risk as definition as follows:

- a) Low risk: The issuers or the counterparties are rated as robust or above to fulfill their obligation of the contracts. Even under various negative news or disadvantageous economic conditions, the companies are capable of dealing with the situations.
- b) Medium risk: The issuers or the counterparties have lower capability of fulfilling their obligation, disadvantage operation, financial and economic conditions, resulting in weaken capability of dealing with the situations.
- c) High risk: The possibility that the issuers or counterparties fulfill their obligation is remote and mainly relies on the business environment. Negative news or disadvantageous economic conditions will lower their ability and willingness to fulfill their obligation.

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**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- d) The impaired items represent the amount of loss allowance provided for financial assets based on the regulations of accounting standards. Under the principle of prudence, the impaired amount is able to reflect the current value of the impaired assets.
- 2) Determining the credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition
- a) At each reporting date, the Company assessed all the financial instruments applicable for IFRS 9 to determine whether the credit risk has increased significantly since the initial recognition. In order to make this assessment, the Company considers reasonable and supportable information (including forward looking information) that is indicative of significant increases in credit risk since initial recognition. The criteria include external credit rating, overdue status, credit spreads, and other market information related to the issuers or debtors.
- b) Low credit risk: If it is determined that the credit risk of a financial instrument at the reporting date is low, it can be assumed that the credit risk of the financial instrument has not increased significantly since the date of initial recognition. Judgment criteria: external credit rating above investment grade (Baa3).
- 3) Measuring the expected credit losses
- a) The methods and assumptions
- If the credit risk on a financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company shall measure the allowance for impairment of the financial instrument using the 12 month expected credit losses; if the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition, the Company shall measure the allowance for impairment using the lifetime expected credit losses.
  - In order to measure expected credit losses, the Company considers the default probability (Probability of default, "PD") of financial assets or issuers or debtors, and loss given default rate ("LGD") multiplying the exposure at default ("EAD"), taking into account the time value of money as well evaluate 12 month and lifetime loss.
  - Default probability is the probability that the issuers or the debtors defaults, and the loss given default rate is the rate of loss caused by default by the issuers or debtors. The relevant indicators used by the Company are based on the default rate and loss given default rate published by Moody's.
  - The Company measures the Exposure at default based on the amortized cost of financial instruments plus accrued interest.

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

4) Consideration of forward-looking information

The Company obtains forward-looking information which it takes into consideration when determining whether the credit risk of financial instruments has increased significantly since initial recognition and assessing the expected credit losses. The default probability used for impairment assessment of the Company is based on the information which already includes forward-looking general economic information published by Moody's.

(iv) Liquidity risk

The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure that there is sufficient liquidity to support the liabilities which is going to expire. The investment targets all have an active market. Financial assets are expected to be sold at a price close to fair value and the own operating capital are sufficient to support the demand for funds needed. so there is no liquidity risk due to the inability to make funds.

(v) Market risk

The goal of market risk management is to control the market risk exposure to an acceptable level and optimize investment returns. The Company uses VAR values to measure price risk. Regularly compare the holding of investment targets with market prices and strictly observe the restrictions on stop-loss. The investment targets do not involve emerging market and commodity risks. It's only foreign currency financial assets and liabilities expose to foreign currency risk and Interest rate risk. The Company conducts stress tests and sensitivity analysis for exchange rate and interest rate risk to ensure that the maximum loss does not endanger the Company's operations.

(z) Capital Management

The policy of the Board of Directors is to maintain robust capital base, and to uphold the confidence of investors, creditors and the market, as well as to support the development of future operations. The capital includes the Company's share capital, capital reserve and undistributed surplus. The Board of Directors controls the rate of return on capital and controls the level of common stock dividends.

As of December 31, 2020, the method of capital management of the Company remains the same.

(aa) Structured entities not included in the financial statements

(i) The Company possesses the equities of the following structured entities which are not included in the financial statements. The fund is from the Company and an outside third party:

<u>Types of structured entity</u>	<u>Characteristic and purpose</u>	<u>Equity owned by the Company</u>
Assets securitization products-REITS	Invests in assets securitization products of commercial real estate.	Asset backed securities issued by the entity

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- (ii) The carrying amount of the assets related to the structured entities recognized by the Company but not yet included in the financial statements on December 31, 2020 and 2019, were as follows:

<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>Asset securitization products-REITS</b>
<b>Assets possessed by the Company</b>	
– Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ <u>353,825</u>
Total assets possessed by the company	\$ <u><u>353,825</u></u>
<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>Asset securitization products-REITS</b>
<b>Assets possessed by the Company</b>	
– Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	\$ <u>334,724</u>
Total assets possessed by the company	\$ <u><u>334,724</u></u>

The maximum exposure of the possible loss from the entity is the carrying amount of the assets possessed.

- (iii) The Company did not provide any financial support for the asset securitization products not included in the financial statements for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

**(7) Related-party transactions:**

- (a) Final controller

Mr. Tsai Yan Ming is the Company final controller.

- (b) Names and relationship of related parties

<b>Name of Related Party</b>	<b>Relationship with the Company</b>
Want Want Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Want Chia Enterprises Co.,Ltd.	Material related party
H.Y. Tsai Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Tsai Ho Want Enterprises Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Want Want Constructions Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Digital Commercial Times Inc.	Material related party
CTI Television Incorporation Co., Ltd.	Material related party
China Times Culture Co., Ltd.	Material related party
China Times Travel Service Co., Ltd.	Material related party
China Television Company Co., Ltd.	Material related party
China Times Weekly Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Infotimes Corporation	Material related party
Touche Innovative Media Co., Ltd.	Material related party

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

<u>Name of Related Party</u>	<u>Relationship with the Company</u>
China Times Study Services Co Ltd.	Material related party
Media Sphere Communications Ltd.	Material related party
CTV Charities Aid Foundation	Material related party
Commercial Culture Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Cnplus Production, Inc.	Material related party
Want Tai Media Co., Ltd.	Material related party
I Lan Foods Ind. Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Top Want Electronic Co., Ltd.	Material related party
First Family Enterprise Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Want Pu Constructions Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Want Pu Trading Limited, Taiwan Branch (B.V.I)	Material related party
Newwing Limited, Taiwan Branch (B.V.I)	Material related party
Twitcher Taiwan Limited, Taiwan Branch (B.V.I)	Material related party
San Want Hotel Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Powerful Media Inc.	Material related party
Shao Yuan Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Jia Peng Development Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Want Want China Holdings Limited	Material related party
Ho Yuan Want Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Eelin Entertainment Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Taiwan Marketing Logistics Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Hao Want Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Wulai Tourism Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Ren Want Co., Ltd.	Material related party
Apollo Marketing Research Co.,Ltd. (Previous Company Name: Apollo Survey & Research Co., Ltd. )	Material related party
Earth Want Co., Ltd.	Material related party
HongKong Da Want Aquaculture Holdings Limite, Taiwan Branch	Material related party
IBF Securities Co., Ltd.	Material related party
International Bills Finance Corp.	Material related party
JKO Asset Management Co., Ltd.	Material related party
China Insurance (THAI) Public Company Limited	Material related party (Note 1)

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

Name of Related Party	Relationship with the Company
All directors, supervisors, managers, chairman of the board, general managers are the Company's related parties.	

Note 1: Since January 2020, it is no longer a related party of the Company.

(c) Compensation of key management personnel

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 46,487	41,219
Short-term employee benefits-paid leave	626	740
Post-employment benefits	821	744
Total	\$ 47,934	42,703

(d) Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

(i) The details of written premium, reinsurance commissions, reinsurance claim payments, due from (to) reinsurers and ceding companies, account receivables, and prepaid expenses were as follows:

1) Written premium

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
	Amount	Amount
Written premium		
Other related parties	\$ 17,111	17,958
Key management personnel	818	717
Total	\$ 17,929	18,675

2) Reinsurance commissions

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Reinsurance premium		
Subsidiary	\$ -	78

  

	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Subsidiary	\$ -	23

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

## 3) Reinsurance claim payments

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Subsidiary	\$ -	4

## 4) Account receivables

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Premiums receivable:		
Other related parties	\$ 516	441
Key management personnel	-	2
Total	\$ 516	443

The terms of transactions were similar to those of non related parties.

## 5) Due from (to) reinsurers and ceding companies

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Subsidiary	\$ -	(2)

## 6) Prepaid expenses

	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>
Prepaid expenses:		
Other related parties	\$ 4,003	200

## (ii) General expense:

	<b>For the years ended December 31,</b>	
<b>Related parties</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
Other related parties	\$ 3,965	10,791

**(8) Pledged assets:**

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the assets pledged or guarantee were as follows:

<b>Pledged Assets</b>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>	<b>December 31, 2019</b>	<b>Purpose of pledge</b>
Other financial assets - Time deposit	\$ 167,000	185,322	Guarantee for the insurance business
Financial assets at amortized cost	365,852	349,396	Guarantee for operating business and suit
Total	\$ 532,852	534,718	

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**(9) Commitments and contingencies:**

- (a) The Company had several significant insurance lawsuits and was required to pay indemnities of \$43,213, of which approximately \$29,854 were reinsured. The remain had been accrued. These cases have not been resolved with District Court of Appeal as of December 31, 2020.
- (b) In order to improve computer equipment and IT systems, the Company is in contract with several IT companies. As of December 31, 2020, there is \$52,279 unpaid.

**(10) Losses Due to Major Disasters:None.**

**(11) Subsequent Events:None.**

**(12) Other:**

- (a) A summary of employee benefits, depreciation, and amortization:

Function Characteristics	For the years ended December 31,					
	2020			2019		
	Operating costs	Operating expense	Total	Operating costs	Operating expense	Total
Personal expenses:						
Salary expense	361,667	779,705	1,141,372	345,009	728,498	1,073,507
Labor and health insurance expense	-	77,988	77,988	-	75,784	75,784
Pension expense	-	41,488	41,488	-	41,906	41,906
Director's remuneration	-	23,122	23,122	-	19,994	19,994
Others	-	44,905	44,905	-	43,216	43,216
Depreciation expense	4,262	49,735	53,997	4,366	51,157	55,523
Amortization expense	-	17,301	17,301	-	16,498	16,498

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(b) Disclosure of earned retention premium by compulsory and non-compulsory insurance:

For the year ended December 31, 2020						
Item	Premium Revenue (1)	Reinsurance Premium (2)	Reinsurance Expense (3)	Net change in unearned premium reserve (4)=(1)+(2)-(3)	Net change in unearned premium reserve(5)	Retention of earned premium (6)=(4)-(5)
Compulsory insurance	\$ 975,122	293,622	412,365	856,379	216	856,163
Non-compulsory insurance	9,247,767	125,650	2,846,664	6,526,753	238,540	6,288,213
Total	<u>\$ 10,222,889</u>	<u>419,272</u>	<u>3,259,029</u>	<u>7,383,132</u>	<u>238,756</u>	<u>7,144,376</u>

  

For the year ended December 31, 2019						
Item	Premium Revenue (1)	Reinsurance Premium (2)	Reinsurance Expense (3)	Net change in unearned premium reserve (4)=(1)+(2)-(3)	Net change in unearned premium reserve(5)	Retention of earned premium (6)=(4)-(5)
Compulsory insurance	\$ 967,336	290,532	406,885	850,983	(332)	851,315
Non-compulsory insurance	8,865,969	109,927	2,825,032	6,150,864	(32,521)	6,183,385
Total	<u>\$ 9,833,305</u>	<u>400,459</u>	<u>3,231,917</u>	<u>7,001,847</u>	<u>(32,853)</u>	<u>7,034,700</u>

(c) Disclosure of self-claim by compulsory and non-compulsory insurance:

For the year ended December 31, 2020				
Item	Claim (included related expenses) (1)	Reinsurance claim (2)	Claims recovered from reinsurers (3)	Retained claim payment (4)=(1)+(2)-(3)
Compulsory insurance	\$ 718,341	270,000	426,763	561,578
Non-compulsory insurance	4,826,204	111,488	1,709,390	3,228,302
Total	<u>\$ 5,544,545</u>	<u>381,488</u>	<u>2,136,153</u>	<u>3,789,880</u>

  

For the year ended December 31, 2019				
Item	Claim (included related expenses) (1)	Reinsurance claim (2)	Claims recovered from reinsurers (3)	Retained claim payment (4)=(1)+(2)-(3)
Compulsory insurance	\$ 833,338	305,711	484,653	654,396
Non-compulsory insurance	4,788,525	87,030	1,631,129	3,244,426
Total	<u>\$ 5,621,863</u>	<u>392,741</u>	<u>2,115,782</u>	<u>3,898,822</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(d) Reserves accrued and recovered for compulsory automobile and motorcycle insurance:

For the years ended December 31, 2020

Type	Beginning	Provision	Recovered	Ending	Note
<b>Unearned premium reserve</b>					
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	\$ 381,506	394,655	381,506	394,655	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	155,157	141,925	155,157	141,925	
<b>Special reserve</b>					
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	(329,245)	35,350	6,716	(300,611)	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	329,245	-	28,634	300,611	
<b>Claim reserve</b>					
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	663,646	667,234	663,646	667,234	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	196,925	188,001	196,925	188,001	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,397,234</b>	<b>1,427,165</b>	<b>1,432,584</b>	<b>1,391,815</b>	

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

For the years ended December 31, 2019

Type	Beginning	Provision	Recovered	Ending	Note
<b>Unearned premium reserve</b>					
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	\$ 368,856	381,506	368,856	381,506	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	167,859	155,157	167,859	155,157	
<b>Special reserve</b>					
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	(358,655)	-	(29,410)	(329,245)	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	376,599	-	47,354	329,245	
<b>Claim reserve</b>					
Compulsory automobile liability insurance	671,600	663,646	671,600	663,646	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	192,271	196,925	192,271	196,925	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,418,530</b>	<b>1,397,234</b>	<b>1,418,530</b>	<b>1,397,234</b>	

(e) Balance sheet and operating revenue and cost of compulsory automobile liability insurance:

(i) Balance sheet of compulsory automobile liability insurance:

Items	Amount		Items	Amount	
	December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019		December 31, 2020	December 31, 2019
<u>Asset</u>			<u>Liabilities</u>		
Cash and bank deposit	\$ 727,228	727,556	Claims payable	\$ 58	2,836
Notes receivable	7,876	5,193	Reinsurance indemnity payable	71,546	71,116
Premiums receivable	10,230	13,302	Unearned premium reserves	536,580	536,663
Claim recoverable from reinsures	70,141	72,750	Claims reserves	855,235	860,571
Due from reinsurers and ceding companies	48,867	48,445	Special reserves	-	-
Reserve - ceded unearned premiums	223,802	224,101			
Reserve - ceded claim	374,963	379,732			
Temporary payments	312	107			
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 1,463,419</b>	<b>1,471,186</b>	<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 1,463,419</b>	<b>1,471,186</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

(ii) Operating revenue and cost of compulsory automobile liability insurance:

Item	For the years ended December 31,	
	2020	2019
Operating revenue	567,727	562,289
Direct insurance premium	687,257	678,124
Reinsurance premium	293,622	290,532
Premium	980,879	968,656
Less: Reinsurance expense	(412,365)	(406,885)
Net change in unearned premium reserve	(216)	332
Retained earned premium	568,298	562,103
Interest income	(571)	186
Operating costs	567,727	562,289
Insurance claim payment	718,341	833,338
Reinsurance claim payment	270,000	305,711
Less: Claim recovered from reinsurers	(426,763)	(484,653)
Retained claim payment	561,578	654,396
Net change in claim reserve	(567)	(4,873)
Net change in special reserve	6,716	(87,234)

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- (f) The amounts of the Company expecting to recover (paid) within (over) 12 months of the balance sheet date were as follows:

<u>Assets</u>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>		
	<u>Within 12 months</u>	<u>Over 12 months</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,386,542	-	2,386,542
Receivables	667,810	-	667,810
Current tax assets	302	-	302
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,966,543	-	1,966,543
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	2,356,484	2,356,484
Financial assets at amortized cost	-	1,493,894	1,493,894
Other financial assets	2,121,637	-	2,121,637
Right-of-use assets	-	7,810	7,810
Investment property	-	791,880	791,880
Reinsurance assets	3,515,764	405,068	3,920,832
Property and equipment	-	1,165,781	1,165,781
Intangible assets	-	136,982	136,982
Other assets	-	728,235	728,235
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 10,658,598</b>	<b>7,086,134</b>	<b>17,744,732</b>

  

<u>Liabilities</u>	<b>December 31, 2020</b>		
	<u>Within 12 months</u>	<u>Over 12 months</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 1,248,822	7,928	1,256,750
Current tax liabilities	180	-	180
Insurance liabilities	9,610,980	715,682	10,326,662
Provisions	-	214,043	214,043
Lease liabilities	6,526	1,337	7,863
Deferred tax liabilities	-	63,920	63,920
Other liabilities	24,873	3,248	28,121
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 10,891,381</b>	<b>1,006,158</b>	<b>11,897,539</b>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

<u>Assets</u>	December 31, 2019		
	<u>Within 12 months</u>	<u>Over 12 months</u>	<u>Total</u>
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,117,261	-	2,117,261
Receivables	858,220	-	858,220
Current tax assets	77	-	77
Assets classified as held-for-sale	39,080	-	39,080
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	1,619,258	-	1,619,258
Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income	-	1,860,294	1,860,294
Financial assets at amortized cost	-	1,437,951	1,437,951
Other financial assets	2,587,570	-	2,587,570
Right-of-use assets	-	19,584	19,584
Investment property	-	839,087	839,087
Reinsurance assets	3,665,690	483,496	4,149,186
Property and equipment	-	1,127,260	1,127,260
Intangible assets	-	133,831	133,831
Other assets	-	745,329	745,329
Total assets	<u>\$ 10,887,156</u>	<u>6,646,832</u>	<u>17,533,988</u>
<u>Liabilities</u>	December 31, 2019		
<u>Liabilities</u>	<u>Within 12 months</u>	<u>Over 12 months</u>	<u>Total</u>
Accounts payable	\$ 1,279,739	3,491	1,283,230
Current tax liabilities	3,166	-	3,166
Insurance liabilities	9,556,818	847,727	10,404,545
Provisions	-	233,432	233,432
Lease liabilities	15,257	4,422	19,679
Deferred tax liabilities	-	63,920	63,920
Other liabilities	100,918	7,257	108,175
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 10,955,898</u>	<u>1,160,249</u>	<u>12,116,147</u>

(Continued)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

- (g) Other disclosures in accordance with regulations governing the preparation of financial reports by insurance enterprises:
- (i) The details of the market values of investments which were held for investment purpose by the discretionary investment trust fund : Refer to Note 6(f).
  - (ii) Information regarding to discontinued operations: None.
  - (iii) Material revolutions of adjustments of organization and management policy: None.
  - (iv) Material influence because of the regulations changed: None.
  - (v) The Loan because of paying large amount of claims: None.
- (h) Disclosure in accordance to "catastrophe special reserve and equalization special reserve", "the special reserve for resident earthquake insurance" and "the special reserve for nuclear insurance":

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the influence for not applying the notification on net income before tax, liabilities, and equity of the Company resulted in an increase of \$116,212, an increase of \$108,992, a decrease of \$116,212, a decrease of \$108,992, an increase of \$116,212, an increase of \$108,992, respectively. The influence on the Company for not applying the notification resulted in an increase in the EPS by \$0.52 and \$0.49, respectively.

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**(13) Other disclosures:**

## (a) Information on significant transactions:

The following is the information on significant transactions required by the “the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises” for the Company:

- (i) Acquisition of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
  - (ii) Disposal of individual real estate with amount exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
  - (iii) Related-party transactions for purchases and sales with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
  - (iv) Receivables from related parties with amounts exceeding the lower of NT\$100 million or 20% of the capital stock: None.
  - (v) Trading in derivative instruments: None.
- (b) Information on investees:None.
- (c) Information on investment in mainland China:None.
- (d) Major shareholders:

<b>Shareholder's Name</b>	<b>Shareholding</b>	<b>Shares</b>	<b>Percentage</b>
Tsai Ho Want Enterprises Co., Ltd.		49,961,671	22.34 %
Want Chia Enterprises Co., Ltd.		48,480,873	21.68 %
Want Want Co., Ltd.		46,689,943	20.88 %

Notes: The information on major shareholders, which is provided by the Taiwan Depository & Clearing Corporation, summarized the shareholders who held over 5% of total non-physical common stocks and preferred stocks (including treasury stocks ) on the last business date of each quarter. The registered non-physical stocks may be different from the capital stocks disclosed in the financial statement due to different calculation basis.

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**  
**Notes to the Financial Statements**

**(14) Segment information:**

Please refer to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of cash and cash equivalents**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Items	Description	Amount
<b>Cash:</b>		
Cash on hand		\$ 500
Petty cash		12,400
Demand deposits		1,505,862
Checking deposits		5,709
Foreign currency deposits	Included dollars and exchange rate:	52,104
	USD 1,655 @ 28.4800	
	HKD 383 @ 3.6700	
	GBP 15 @ 38.9000	
	JPY 26 @ 0.2763	
	AUD 22 @ 21.9500	
	EUR 59 @ 35.0200	
	CNY 1 @ 22.3500	
	SGD 4 @ 21.5600	
	THB 347 @ 0.9556	
Time deposits	Due date from Jan 05, 2021 to Mar 05, 2021, interest rate from 0.35% to 0.42%	239,466
<b>Cash equivalents:</b>		
Bonds purchased under resale agreements	Due date from Jan 04, 2021 to Jan 18, 2021, interest rate from 0.16% to 0.24%	570,501
Total		<u>\$ 2,386,542</u>

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of notes receivable**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Customer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
<b><u>Non-Related Parties</u></b>			
Others		\$ 237,986	Each customer balance is less than 5% of account balance.
Less: Loss allowance		(1,618)	
Total (net)		<u>\$ 236,368</u>	

**Statement of premiums receivable**

<u>Customer</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
<b><u>Related Parties</u></b>			
Other related parties		\$ 516	
<b><u>Non-Related Parties</u></b>			
A company		61,186	
Others		217,125	Each customer balance is less than 5% of account balance.
		<u>278,827</u>	
Less: Loss allowance		(4,934)	
Total (net)		<u>\$ 273,893</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of other receivables**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Interests receivable	Bond interest	\$ 35,341	
	Time deposit interest	<u>4,077</u>	
	Subtotal	<u>39,418</u>	
Overdue commissions of premium refund receivables		29,906	
Less: Loss allowance for overdue commissions of premium refund receivables		(29,604)	
	Subtotal	<u>302</u>	
Others	From credit card	75,587	
	From convenience store	26,365	
	From stock selling	15,560	
	Others	317	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 157,549</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss**

**December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Financial assets Name	Description	Shares/ units	Par Value	Principal Amount	Rate	Acquisition Cost	Fair Value		Change in fair value attributable to change in credit risk	Note
							Unit Price	Total		
<u>Beneficiary Certificate</u>										
	Others(less than 5%)	-	\$ -	-	-	50,000	-	52,666	-	
<u>Domestic listed stocks and</u>										
<u>OTC stocks</u>										
	Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Co., Ltd.	619,000	10	6,190	-	247,059	530.00	328,070	-	
	Others(less than 5%)	-	-	-	-	1,061,194	-	1,231,982	-	
<u>Domestic unlisted stock</u>										
	CHINA REBAR CO., LTD.	5,644,203	10	56,442	-	296,010	-	-	-	
<u>REITs</u>										
	Cathay R1	18,911,000	-	-	-	325,074	18.71	353,825	-	
	Subtotal					1,979,337		<u>1,966,543</u>		
	Less: Valuation adjustment					(12,794)				
	Total (net)					<u>1,966,543</u>				

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive  
income**

**December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Financial assets Name	Description	Shares/ units	Par Value	Principal Amount	Loss Allowance	Allowance Adjustments for Valuation	Acquisition Cost	Fair Value		Note
								Unit Price	Total	
<u>Domestic listed stocks and OTC stocks</u>										
Taiwan Cement Corp. 2nd Preferred Shares		2,785,000	\$ 10	27,850	-	8,750	141,083	53.80	149,833	
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Stock A		5,000,000	10	50,000	-	9,000	300,000	61.80	309,000	
Cathay Financial Holding Co., Ltd. Preferred Stock B		2,709,011	10	27,090	-	7,856	162,540	62.90	170,397	
Taishin Financial Holding CO., LTD. Class E Preferred Shares		6,328,000	10	63,280	-	15,390	317,463	52.60	332,853	
Taishin Financial Holding CO., LTD. Class E Preferred Shares II		2,000,000	10	20,000	-	2,800	100,000	51.40	102,800	
CTBC Financial Holding CO., LTD. Preferred Shares C		8,333,000	10	83,330	-	13,333	499,980	61.60	513,313	
Chailease Holding CO., LTD. Class A Preferred Shares		2,990,000	10	29,900	-	(1,716)	299,520	99.60	297,804	
Mega Financial Holding CO., LTD.		3,500,000	10	35,000	-	5,906	98,394	29.80	104,300	
Others(less than 5%)		-	-	-	-	(15,545)	377,786	-	362,240	
Subtotal					-	45,774	2,296,766		2,342,540	
<u>Domestic unlisted stocks</u>										
Minchali Metal Industry CO., LTD.		1,400,000	10	14,000	-	12,684	1,260	9.96	13,944	
Total					-	58,458	2,298,026		2,356,484	

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

## Statement of financial assets measured at amortized cost

December 31, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Bonds Name	Description	Quantity	Par Value	Principal Amount	Rate	Loss Allowance	(Discount) Premium Unamortised	Book Value	Note
Central Government Construction Bonds:									
Bond A2 issued in 2001	Due on 2021.02.13. Interests paid once a year	-	-	20,000	5.000 %	(5)	4	19,999	
Bond A4 issued in 2001	Due on 2021.05.08. Interests paid once a year	-	-	20,000	4.625 %	(5)	43	20,038	
Bond A7 issued in 2002	Due on 2022.08.16. Interests paid once a year	-	-	50,000	3.750 %	(12)	291	50,279	100% of securities serving
Bond A3 issued in 2003	Due on 2023.02.18. Interests paid once a year	-	-	300,000	2.500 %	(69)	(1,965)	297,966	76.5% of securities serving
Bond A2 issued in 2006	Due on 2026.02.24. Interests paid once a year	-	-	50,000	1.875 %	(11)	(348)	49,641	100% of securities serving
Bond A7 issued in 2006	Due on 2026.11.10. Interests paid once a year	-	-	50,000	2.125 %	(11)	(115)	49,874	76.00% of securities serving
Bond A8 issued in 2012	Due on 2042.08.24. Interests paid once a year	-	-	100,000	1.625 %	(28)	22,709	122,681	
Subtotal				<u>590,000</u>		<u>(141)</u>	<u>20,619</u>	<u>610,478</u>	
Corporate Bonds:									
NAN SHAN Life Insurance Subordinated Corporate Bonds 2016 1	Cumulative without due date	-	-	300,000	3.500 %	(124)	-	299,876	
SHIN KONG Life Insurance Subordinated Corporate Bonds 2016 1	"	-	-	80,000	3.800 %	(72)	-	79,928	
Mercuries Life Insurance Subordinated Corporate Bonds 2016 1	"	-	-	170,000	3.700 %	(200)	-	169,800	
Taiwan Life Insurance Subordinated Corporate Bonds 2017 1	"	-	-	200,000	3.450 %	(83)	-	199,917	
NAN SHAN Life Insurance Subordinated Corporate Bonds 2018 1	"	-	-	100,000	3.300 %	(41)	-	99,959	
SHIN KONG Life Insurance Subordinated Corporate Bonds 2018 1	"	-	-	100,000	3.500 %	(89)	-	99,911	
Subtotal				<u>950,000</u>		<u>(609)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>949,391</u>	
Financial Bonds:									
First Commercial Bank Subordinated Financial Bonds issued in 2018 2	Debenture Bonds, non-cumulative without due date	-	-	100,000	2.360 %	(41)	-	99,959	
HUA NAN Commercial Bank Subordinated Financial Bonds issued in 2019 1	"	-	-	200,000	1.950 %	(82)	-	199,918	
Subtotal				<u>300,000</u>		<u>(123)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>299,877</u>	
Less: Guarantee for operating business and suit				(367,500)			1,648	(365,852)	
Total				<u>\$ 1,472,500</u>		<u>(873)</u>	<u>22,267</u>	<u>1,493,894</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of other financial assets**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Time deposit – initial maturity date over than three months		\$ 2,288,637	
Less: Securities serving as deposits paid (Note)		(167,000)	
Total		<u>\$ 2,121,637</u>	

Note: Securities serving as deposits paid are kinds of guarantee deposits paid which transfer from the time deposits pledged as collateral.

**Statement of changes in right-of-use assets**

<u>Item</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Note</u>
Buildings and Constructions	\$ 27,052	5,345	5,235	27,162	
Transportation Equipment	5,434	-	-	5,434	
	<u>\$ 32,486</u>	<u>5,345</u>	<u>5,235</u>	<u>32,596</u>	

Note: The increase includes the effects of retrospective application IFRS16.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of changes in accumulated depreciation of  
right-of-use assets**

**December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<b>Item</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Addition</b>	<b>Decrease</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Note</b>
Buildings and constructions	\$ 11,391	13,798	4,354	20,835	
Transportation equipment	1,511	2,440	-	3,951	
	<u>\$ 12,902</u>	<u>16,238</u>	<u>4,354</u>	<u>24,786</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of changes in investment property**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Items	Beginning Balance			Addition			Decrease			Ending Balance			Collateral or pledged	Note
	Initial Recognition Amount	Accumulated Changes in Fair Value	Total	Initial Recognition Amount	Accumulated Changes in Fair Value	Total	Initial Recognition Amount	Accumulated Changes in Fair Value	Total	Initial Recognition Amount	Accumulated Changes in Fair Value	Total		
Land and improvement	\$ 714,171	-	714,171	-	-	-	(32,646)	-	(32,646)	681,525	-	681,525	None	
Buildings and constructions	204,027	-	204,027	2,251	-	2,251	(18,642)	-	(18,642)	187,636	-	187,636	"	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 918,198</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>918,198</b>	<b>2,251</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2,251</b>	<b>(51,288)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(51,288)</b>	<b>869,161</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>869,161</b>		

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of changes in accumulated depreciation of investment property**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>		<u>Decrease</u>		<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Note</u>
		<u>Provision</u>	<u>Reclassification</u>	<u>Sold and Scrap</u>	<u>Reclassification</u>		
Buildings and constructions	\$ <u>74,794</u>	<u>4,262</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,987)</u>	<u>(3,929)</u>	<u>73,140</u>	

Note: Provision depreciated by using the straight-line method over useful life of 21 to 60 years.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of changes in accumulated impairment of  
investment property**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<b>Items</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Addition</b>	<b>Decrease</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Note</b>
Land and improvement	\$ 2,359	-	-	2,359	
Buildings and constructions	1,958	-	(176)	1,782	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 4,317</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>(176)</b>	<b>4,141</b>	

Note: The decrease is due to the reclassification to property and equipment.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of claims and payments recovered from**  
**reinsurers**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Long-term dwelling fire insurance		\$ (29)	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance		7,989	
Domestic transportation insurance		98	
Marine cargo insurance		680	
Hull insurance		(585)	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance		117,793	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance		3,493	
Personal automobile liability insurance		54,754	
Commercial automobile liability insurance		16,839	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance		51,132	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance		9,919	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance		9,090	
General liability insurance		6,982	
Professional indemnity insurance		58	
Engineering insurance		34,935	
Other property insurance		134	
Accident insurance		40,611	
Personal all risks insurance		16	
Typhoon and flood insurance		30	
Health insurance		706	
Overdue claims recoverable from reinsurers		15	
Total		<u>\$ 354,660</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of due from and due to reinsurers and**  
**ceding companies**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Description</u>	<u>Debit</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Credit</u>	<u>Note</u>
WOCA Insurance Broker Ltd.	\$ 149,231	Arthur J. Gallagher (UK) Limited	16,694	
Elicon Risk Services Ltd.	27,923	Transatlantic Reinsurance Company	15,557	
Foreign exchange gains (losses) and others	37,995	Miller Insurance Services LLP- UK	11,047	
		Central Reinsurance Corporation	5,199	
		Enrich Insurance Broker Co., Ltd.	4,265	
		Foreign exchange gains (losses) and others	8,035	Each customer balance is less than 5% of account balance.
Subtotal	<u>215,149</u>	Subtotal	<u>60,797</u>	
Reinsurance receivable	62,081	Reinsurance payable	599,748	
Reinsurance commission receivable	61,381	Reinsurance commission payable	1,712	
Overdue from ceding companies	45,574			
Less: Loss allowance	<u>(37,913)</u>			
Total (net)	<u>\$ 346,272</u>		<u>662,257</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of change in property and equipment**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<b>Items</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Addition</b>		<b>Decrease</b>		<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Collateral or pledged</b>	<b>Note</b>
		<b>Purchase</b>	<b>Reclassification</b>	<b>Sold and Scrap</b>	<b>Reclassification</b>			
Land	\$ 802,214	14,580	10,006	(854)	-	825,946	None	
Buildings and constructions	441,007	30,243	11,242	(2,296)	-	480,196	"	
Computer equipment	182,043	5,632	-	(4,074)	-	183,601	"	
Transportation equipment	579	-	-	-	-	579	"	
Other equipment	47,893	6,060	-	(2,154)	-	51,799	"	
Leasehold improvements	7,216	199	-	(5,411)	-	2,004	"	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,480,952</b>	<b>56,714</b>	<b>21,248</b>	<b>(14,789)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,544,125</b>		

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of changes in accumulated depreciation of property and equipment**

**December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>		<u>Decrease</u>		<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Note</u>
		<u>Provision</u>	<u>Reclassification</u>	<u>Sold and Scrap</u>	<u>Reclassification</u>		
Buildings and constructions	\$ 146,358	12,834	3,929	(1,311)	-	161,810	Note
teComputer equipment	143,477	16,351	-	(4,074)	-	155,754	"
Transportation equipment	467	97	-	-	-	564	"
Other equipment	40,455	3,740	-	(2,154)	-	42,041	"
Leasehold improvements	5,794	475	-	(5,411)	-	858	"
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 336,551</b>	<b>33,497</b>	<b>3,929</b>	<b>(12,950)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>361,027</b>	

Note: Both buildings and structures and miscellaneous equipment are depreciated by using the straight line method over useful life of 21 to 60 years and 3 to 8 years, respectively.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of changes in accumulated impairment of**  
**property and equipment**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Reclassification</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Note</u>
Land	\$ 15,196	-	-	-	15,196	
Buildings and constructions	1,945	-	-	176	2,121	
Total	<u>\$ 17,141</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>176</u>	<u>17,317</u>	

**Statement of changes in intangible assets**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Addition</u>	<u>Decrease</u>	<u>Reclassification</u>	<u>Note</u>
Computer software	\$ 51,701	32,504	(13,802)	70,403	Note 1, 2
Golf club card	56,095	3,319	(10,810)	48,604	Note 3, 4
Other intangible assets - others	26,035	-	(8,060)	17,975	Note 5
Total	<u>\$ 133,831</u>	<u>35,823</u>	<u>(32,672)</u>	<u>136,982</u>	

Note 1: Cost of computer software is amortized by straight line method over useful life of 3 to 10 years.

Note 2: The increase of \$11,045 is addition, and \$21,459 reclassification from other assets. The decrease of \$13,802 is amortization expense.

Note 3: The increase of \$3,319 is the addition. The decrease of \$3,499 is amortization expense and the decrease of \$7,311 is the disposal of the golf club card.

Note 4: Cost of golf club card is amortized by using the straight line method over useful life of 10 to 20 years.

Note 5: In accordance with IFRS 4, the intangible asset recognized was the difference from the fair value of the contractual insurance rights acquired and insurance obligations assumed to a liability measured in accordance with the insurer's accounting policies for insurance contracts that it issues. The subsequent measurement of this asset shall be consistent with the measurement of the related insurance liability.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of other assets**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Prepayments	Prepaid expense, etc.	\$ <u>5,920</u>	
Guarantee deposits	Operation	334,062	
	Performance bond	196,490	
	Membership	69,749	
	Lawsuit	31,790	
	Others	4,690	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
	Subtotal	<u>636,781</u>	
Reinsurance liability reserve deposits	WORLDWIDE	1	
	Cosmos Services Co. Ltd. (HK)	<u>1,022</u>	
	Subtotal	<u>1,023</u>	
Suspense payment		<u>84,511</u>	
Total		<u>\$ <u>728,235</u></u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of insurance and reinsurance indemnity**  
**payables**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	\$	30
Personal automobile liability insurance		154
Commercial automobile liability insurance		5
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance		43
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance		3
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance		12
General liability insurance		233
Engineering insurance		4
Surety Insurance		1
Accident insurance		536
Personal all risks insurance		1,646
Commercial all risks insurance		50
Health insurance		36
Total	<u>\$</u>	<u><u>2,753</u></u>

Note: All of the above are direct businesses.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of other payables**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Accrued expenses	Year-end bonus	\$ 170,484	
	Salesman bonus	31,560	
	Paid leave liabilities	26,748	
	Labor and health insurance	19,053	
	Employee and directors' remuneration	35,000	
	Others	31,438	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
	Subtotal	<u>314,283</u>	
Accrued taxes		34,771	
Accrued suspense collection		8,570	
Accrued premium refund		13,721	
Others	Estimating accrued premium refund and claim return of the past years	15,943	
	Stock settlement	5,243	
	Management and administrative fee	24,235	
	Others	2,078	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
	Subtotal	<u>47,499</u>	
Total		<u><u>\$ 418,844</u></u>	

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

## Statement of changes in unearned premium reserve

For the year ended December 31, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Total:

Insurance	Beginning Balance	Net Change	Other Change	Ending Balance	Note
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 68,753	1,743	-	70,496	
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	130,780	(39,039)	-	91,741	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	248,474	(7,561)	-	240,913	
Long-term commercial fire insurance	907	(407)	-	500	
Domestic transportation insurance	7,998	3,696	-	11,694	
Marine cargo insurance	44,934	(4)	-	44,930	
Hull insurance	9,196	3,685	-	12,881	
Fishing vessel insurance	13,418	(803)	-	12,615	
Aviation insurance	33,505	1,023	-	34,528	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	1,459,322	92,073	-	1,551,395	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	60,848	7,583	-	68,431	
Personal automobile liability insurance	970,619	92,756	-	1,063,375	
Commercial automobile liability insurance	263,877	43,374	-	307,251	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance	308,775	6,238	-	315,013	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance	72,731	6,911	-	79,642	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	155,157	(13,232)	-	141,925	
General liability insurance	110,322	11,813	-	122,135	
Professional indemnity insurance	19,819	(1,143)	-	18,676	
Engineering insurance	539,775	87,973	-	627,748	
Nuclear risks insurance	4,953	(693)	-	4,260	
Surety insurance	12,301	(447)	-	11,854	
Credit insurance	234	(234)	-	-	
Other property insurance	17,011	3,375	-	20,386	
Accident insurance	376,217	10,297	-	386,514	
Commercial earthquake insurance	118,214	2,322	-	120,536	
Personal all risks insurance	8,103	1,445	-	9,548	
Commercial all risks insurance	1	(1)	-	-	
Typhoon and flood insurance	93,266	2,655	-	95,921	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	135,818	9,448	-	145,266	
Health insurance	6,891	4,030	-	10,921	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	330,357	(103,760)	-	226,597	
Total	<u>\$ 5,622,576</u>	<u>225,116</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,847,692</u>	

**Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance**

Insurance	Beginning Balance	Net Change	Other Change	Ending Balance	Note
Fire insurance	\$ 1,872	146	-	2,018	
Hull insurance	445	(240)	-	205	
Aviation insurance	483	543	-	1,026	
Other liability insurance	327,557	(104,209)	-	223,348	
Total	<u>\$ 330,357</u>	<u>(103,760)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>226,597</u>	

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

## Statement of changes in unearned premium reserve

For the year ended December 31, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Ceded-out:

Insurance	Beginning Balance	Net Change	Other Change	Ending Balance	Note
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 61,633	(18,238)	-	43,395	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	121,842	(14,286)	-	107,556	
Long-term commercial fire insurance	228	(116)	-	112	
Domestic transportation insurance	798	371	-	1,169	
Marine cargo insurance	37,749	1,383	-	39,132	
Hull insurance	9,107	3,728	-	12,835	
Fishing vessel insurance	10,465	(352)	-	10,113	
Aviation insurance	32,244	(1,346)	-	30,898	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	318,412	1,369	-	319,781	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	10,929	1,340	-	12,269	
Personal automobile liability insurance	146,810	9,465	-	156,275	
Commercial automobile liability insurance	45,424	5,377	-	50,801	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance	131,067	2,009	-	133,076	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance	33,845	3,904	-	37,749	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	59,189	(6,212)	-	52,977	
General liability insurance	36,778	2,758	-	39,536	
Professional indemnity insurance	7,672	(516)	-	7,156	
Engineering insurance	338,464	60,495	-	398,959	
Surety insurance	6,469	(138)	-	6,331	
Credit insurance	234	(234)	-	-	
Other Property insurance	4,814	(953)	-	3,861	
Accident insurance	42,451	(917)	-	41,534	
Commercial earthquake insurance	59,803	(613)	-	59,190	
Personal all risks insurance	-	6	-	6	
Commercial all risks insurance	1	(1)	-	-	
Typhoon and Flood Insurance	52,173	(2,469)	-	49,704	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	120,098	8,849	-	128,947	
Health insurance	1,110	876	-	1,986	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	223,754	(61,119)	-	162,635	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,913,563</b>	<b>(5,580)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,907,983</b>	

**Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance**

Insurance	Beginning Balance	Net Change	Other Change	Ending Balance	Note
Hull insurance	\$ 399	(194)	-	205	
Aviation insurance	483	165	-	648	
Other liability insurance	222,872	(61,090)	-	161,782	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 223,754</b>	<b>(61,119)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>162,635</b>	

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

## Statement of changes in loss reserve

For the year ended December 31, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Total:

Insurance	Beginning Balance	Net Change	Other Change	Ending Balance	Note
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 17,922	6,416	-	24,338	
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	2,694	(1,352)	-	1,342	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	473,863	(192,941)	-	280,922	
Long-term commercial fire insurance	359	(127)	-	232	
Domestic transportation insurance	3,214	2,625	-	5,839	
Marine cargo insurance	25,866	(8,453)	-	17,413	
Hull insurance	102,366	(14,781)	-	87,585	
Fishing vessel insurance	28,535	5,384	-	33,919	
Aviation insurance	121,718	(51,067)	-	70,651	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	356,174	(41,934)	-	314,240	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	22,237	4,735	-	26,972	
Personal automobile liability insurance	667,911	(6,143)	-	661,768	
Commercial automobile liability insurance	175,215	46,707	-	221,922	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance	549,620	15,815	-	565,435	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance	114,026	(12,227)	-	101,799	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	196,925	(8,924)	-	188,001	
General liability insurance	75,858	(4,545)	-	71,313	
Professional indemnity insurance	3,864	521	-	4,385	
Engineering insurance	221,634	8,051	-	229,685	
Nuclear risks insurance	252	(66)	-	186	
Surety insurance	24,515	532	-	25,047	
Credit insurance	1,772	(1,772)	-	-	
Other property insurance	57,261	(48,727)	-	8,534	
Accident insurance	289,467	29,876	-	319,343	
Commercial earthquake insurance	51,972	(12,759)	-	39,213	
Personal all risks insurance	3,003	(1,009)	-	1,994	
Commercial all risks insurance	970	(970)	-	-	
Typhoon and flood insurance	22,509	(13,653)	-	8,856	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	172	(172)	-	-	
Health insurance	3,786	3,537	-	7,323	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	7,272	(510)	-	6,762	
Total	<u>\$ 3,622,952</u>	<u>(297,933)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,325,019</u>	

**Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance**

Insurance	Beginning Balance	Net Change	Other Change	Ending Balance	Note
Fire insurance	\$ 630	(164)	-	466	
Marine cargo insurance	137	(35)	-	102	
Hull insurance	1,515	(99)	-	1,416	
Automobile insurance	41	(3)	-	38	
Engineering insurance	82	(47)	-	35	
Aviation insurance	807	55	-	862	
Other liability insurance	4,060	(217)	-	3,843	
Total	<u>\$ 7,272</u>	<u>(510)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>6,762</u>	

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

## Statement of changes in loss reserve

For the year ended December 31, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Ceded-out:

Insurance	Beginning Balance	Net Change	Other Change	Ending Balance	Note
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 568	(293)	-	275	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	371,167	(212,482)	-	158,685	
Long-term commercial fire insurance	90	(30)	-	60	
Domestic transportation insurance	104	165	-	269	
Marine cargo insurance	8,892	(2,616)	-	6,276	
Hull insurance	97,680	(13,663)	-	84,017	
Fishing vessel insurance	20,624	4,869	-	25,493	
Aviation insurance	115,826	(51,961)	-	63,865	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	100,894	(13,748)	-	87,146	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	5,179	161	-	5,340	
Personal automobile liability insurance	142,665	(24,336)	-	118,329	
Commercial automobile liability insurance	44,060	(7,282)	-	36,778	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance	250,551	7,261	-	257,812	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance	54,347	(7,507)	-	46,840	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	74,834	(4,523)	-	70,311	
General liability insurance	26,484	(6,697)	-	19,787	
Professional indemnity insurance	1,013	(316)	-	697	
Engineering insurance	163,808	1,126	-	164,934	
Guarantee insurance	10,590	341	-	10,931	
Credit insurance	1,205	(1,205)	-	-	
Other property insurance	23,942	(23,147)	-	795	
Accident insurance	126,828	11,496	-	138,324	
Commercial earthquake insurance	15,421	(3,491)	-	11,930	
Personal all risks insurance	1,112	(1,043)	-	69	
Commercial all risks insurance	70	(70)	-	-	
Typhoon and flood insurance	9,548	(7,559)	-	1,989	
Health insurance	726	239	-	965	
Less: Accumulated impairment	(81)	-	81	-	
Total	\$ 1,668,147	(356,311)	81	1,311,917	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of changes in special reserves**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<b>Insurance</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Net Change</b>	<b>Other Change</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Note</b>
Nuclear risks insurance	\$ 82,796	-	-	82,796	
Commercial earthquake insurance	725,202	(2,788)	-	722,414	
Typhoon and flood insurance	219,752	(2,278)	-	217,474	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	127,111	-	-	127,111	
Others(Note)	4,156	-	-	4,156	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 1,159,017</b>	<b>(5,066)</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1,153,951</b>	

Note: In 2013, the determination of cost of real estate and equipment based on the International Financial Reporting Standards No. 1 that approved by the Financial Supervisory Committee, the Company chose the exemption that the revaluation reserve of land and buildings according to the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles of the Republic of China, and transferred it to retained earnings. However, according to the standard of the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises, the revaluation reserve that estimated by the cash flow discount approach via contractual rent of the investment real estate target as the upper limit adjustment to define the cost and the value added part. Then, to fill the unrecognized pension loss, the unrecognized transition net payment obligation, the increase on defined benefit obligation based on the change of actuarial assumptions, and the employee's paid leave liability, those adjustments increased the special by \$4,156.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Statement of changes in special reserves (special reserves for  
catastrophic event and fluctuation of risk)**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<b>Insurance</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Provision</b>	<b>Recovered</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Note</b>
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 65,826	9,915	(1,220)	74,521	
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	18,729	1,940	(6,083)	14,586	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	59,024	10,999	-	70,023	
Long-term commercial fire insurance	1,298	49	(126)	1,221	
Domestic transportation insurance	7,833	998	-	8,831	
Marine cargo insurance	76,270	7,358	-	83,628	
Hull insurance	8,326	114	(88)	8,352	
Fishing vessel insurance	6,414	570	-	6,984	
Aviation insurance	4,271	479	(374)	4,376	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	369,473	49,061	-	418,534	
Commercial Automobile Physical Damage Insurance	6,280	2,080	-	8,360	
Personal automobile liability insurance	97,120	23,444	-	120,564	
Commercial automobile liability insurance	33,837	3,733	(14,381)	23,189	
General liability insurance	168,577	15,801	(19,535)	164,843	
Professional indemnity insurance	5,396	622	(490)	5,528	
Engineering insurance	117,846	8,686	-	126,532	
Nuclear risks insurance	36,442	3,171	-	39,613	
Guarantee insurance	5,838	1,332	-	7,170	
Credit insurance	733	73	(88)	718	
Other property insurance	14,821	2,660	-	17,481	
Accident insurance	272,508	29,405	(25,499)	276,414	
Commercial earthquake insurance	240,158	40,662	-	280,820	
Personal all risks insurance	9,202	1,015	-	10,217	
Commercial all risks insurance	8,906	102	(102)	8,906	
Typhoon and flood insurance	191,797	30,973	-	222,770	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	167,087	24,858	-	191,945	
Health insurance	14,534	1,606	(4,418)	11,722	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	11,834	936	(128)	12,642	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 2,020,380</b>	<b>272,642</b>	<b>(72,532)</b>	<b>2,220,490</b>	

**Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance**

<b>Insurance</b>	<b>Beginning Balance</b>	<b>Provision</b>	<b>Recovered</b>	<b>Ending Balance</b>	<b>Note</b>
Fire insurance	\$ 5,926	509	-	6,435	
Marine cargo insurance	671	39	-	710	
Hull insurance	1,690	17	-	1,707	
Fishing vessel insurance	1	-	-	1	
Automobile insurance	162	1	-	163	
Engineering insurance	602	-	(2)	600	
Aviation insurance	1,012	23	(126)	909	
Other property insurance	59	-	-	59	
Other liability insurance	1,711	347	-	2,058	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 11,834</b>	<b>936</b>	<b>(128)</b>	<b>12,642</b>	

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

**Calculation of special reserves (special reserves for catastrophic event and  
fluctuation of risk) allocated**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Insurance	Retained Earned premium	Expected Claim		Retained Claim payment	Special Reserve Provision				
		Expected Probability of Loss	Expected Claim Amount		Provision Rate	Standard Provision	Less than Expected Claim Provision	Effects of Income Tax	Total Provision
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 128,470	55.56 %	71,383	14,449	3.00 %	3,854	8,540	(2,479)	9,915
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	20,545	70.40 %	14,464	(332)	1.00 %	206	2,219	(485)	1,940
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	203,288	62.48 %	127,018	103,120	5.00 %	10,164	3,585	(2,750)	10,999
Long-term commercial fire insurance	293	74.00 %	216	(91)	5.00 %	15	46	(12)	49
Domestic transportation insurance	16,932	60.50 %	10,244	5,314	3.00 %	508	739	(249)	998
Marine cargo insurance	75,631	60.50 %	45,756	9,645	5.00 %	3,782	5,416	(1,840)	7,358
Hull insurance	386	68.30 %	263	(561)	5.00 %	19	124	(29)	114
Fishing vessel insurance	6,137	69.30 %	4,253	1,542	5.00 %	307	406	(143)	570
Aviation Insurance	4,584	72.30 %	3,314	1,465	7.00 %	321	278	(120)	479
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	2,283,325	65.53 %	1,496,189	1,239,568	1.00 %	22,833	38,493	(12,265)	49,061
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	103,633	65.00 %	67,363	56,938	1.00 %	1,036	1,564	(520)	2,080
Personal automobile liability insurance	1,618,898	65.41 %	1,058,955	971,509	1.00 %	16,189	13,116	(5,861)	23,444
Commercial automobile liability insurance	466,672	65.23 %	304,404	325,207	1.00 %	4,667	-	(934)	3,733
General liability insurance	290,401	71.84 %	208,613	96,294	1.00 %	2,904	16,847	(3,950)	15,801
Professional Indemnity Insurance	9,746	67.30 %	6,559	2,025	1.00 %	97	680	(155)	622
Engineering Insurance	132,116	59.30 %	78,345	49,996	5.00 %	6,606	4,252	(2,172)	8,686
Nuclear Risks Insurance	7,927	- %	-	-	- %	-	3,964	(793)	3,171
Guarantee insurance	12,304	72.42 %	8,911	269	3.00 %	369	1,296	(333)	1,332
Credit insurance	(3)	66.66 %	-	(607)	3.00 %	-	91	(18)	73
Other property insurance	28,482	66.30 %	18,884	2,413	3.00 %	854	2,471	(665)	2,660
Accident insurance	702,700	74.77 %	525,418	359,683	1.69 %	11,896	24,860	(7,351)	29,405
Commercial earthquake insurance	89,381	63.40 %	56,664	(2,763)	7.00 %	6,257	44,570	(10,165)	40,662
Personal all risks insurance	29,266	72.58 %	21,242	14,742	1.00 %	293	976	(254)	1,015
Commercial all risks insurance	1	65.30 %	-	(853)	3.00 %	-	127	(25)	102
Typhoon and flood insurance	65,393	62.80 %	41,068	(4,449)	7.00 %	4,578	34,138	(7,743)	30,973
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	31,052	- %	-	-	- %	-	31,073	(6,215)	24,858
Health insurance	28,269	80.92 %	22,876	15,148	3.00 %	848	1,160	(402)	1,606
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	48,551		32,459	34,024		701	468	(233)	936
	<u>\$ 6,404,380</u>		<u>4,224,861</u>	<u>3,293,695</u>		<u>99,304</u>	<u>241,499</u>	<u>(68,161)</u>	<u>272,642</u>

**Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance**

Insurance	Retained Earned premium	Expected Claim		Retained Claim Payment	Special Reserve Provision				
		Expected Probability of Loss	Expected Claim Amount		Provision Rate	Standard Provision	Less than Expected Claim Provision	Effects of Income Tax	Total Provision
Fire insurance	\$ 4,361	62.48 %	2,725	(69)	5.00 %	218	418	(127)	509
Marine cargo insurance	359	60.50 %	217	14	5.00 %	18	31	(10)	39
Hull insurance	47	68.30 %	32	(96)	5.00 %	2	19	(4)	17
Fishing vessel insurance	-	69.30 %	-	-	5.00 %	-	-	-	-
Automobile insurance	21	65.53 %	14	109	1.00 %	1	-	-	1
Engineering insurance	8	59.30 %	5	720	5.00 %	-	-	-	-
Aviation insurance	392	72.30 %	283	856	7.00 %	28	-	-	28
Other property insurance	-	66.30 %	-	-	3.00 %	-	-	(5)	(5)
Other liability insurance	43,363	67.30 %	29,183	32,490	1.00 %	434	-	-	434
	<u>\$ 48,551</u>	<u>- %</u>	<u>32,459</u>	<u>34,024</u>	<u>- %</u>	<u>701</u>	<u>468</u>	<u>(233)</u>	<u>936</u>

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

## Calculation of special reserves (special reserves for catastrophic event and fluctuation of risk) recovered

For the year ended December 31, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Insurance	Previous Accumulated Special Reserve	Previous Accumulated Special Reserve added Provision	Special Reserve Recovered					Total Recoverable amount	Accumulated Special Reserve
			More than Expected Claim Recovered	More than Retained Earned Premium Recovered	Special Reserve Recovered for Serious Accident	Effects of Income Tax			
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 65,826	75,741	-	(1,525)	-	305	(1,220)	74,521	
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	18,729	20,669	-	(7,604)	-	1,521	(6,083)	14,586	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	59,024	70,023	-	-	-	-	-	70,023	
Long-term commercial fire insurance	1,298	1,347	-	(158)	-	32	(126)	1,221	
Domestic transportation insurance	7,833	8,831	-	-	-	-	-	8,831	
Marine cargo insurance	76,270	83,628	-	-	-	-	-	83,628	
Hull insurance	8,326	8,440	-	(110)	-	22	(88)	8,352	
Fishing vessel insurance	6,414	6,984	-	-	-	-	-	6,984	
Aviation insurance	4,270	4,750	-	(468)	-	94	(374)	4,376	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	369,473	418,534	-	-	-	-	-	418,534	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	6,280	8,360	-	-	-	-	-	8,360	
Personal automobile Liability Insurance	97,120	120,564	-	-	-	-	-	120,564	
Commercial Automobile liability insurance	33,837	37,570	(17,976)	-	-	3,595	(14,381)	23,189	
General liability insurance	168,577	184,378	-	(24,419)	-	4,884	(19,535)	164,843	
Professional indemnity insurance	5,396	6,018	-	(613)	-	123	(490)	5,528	
Engineering insurance	117,846	126,532	-	-	-	-	-	126,532	
Nuclear risks insurance	36,442	39,613	-	-	-	-	-	39,613	
Guarantee Insurance	5,838	7,170	-	-	-	-	-	7,170	
Credit insurance	733	806	-	(88)	-	-	(88)	718	
Other property insurance	14,821	17,481	-	-	-	-	-	17,481	
Accident insurance	272,508	301,913	-	(31,874)	-	6,375	(25,499)	276,414	
Commercial earthquake insurance	240,158	280,820	-	-	-	-	-	280,820	
Personal all risks insurance	9,202	10,217	-	-	-	-	-	10,217	
Commercial all risks insurance	8,906	9,008	-	(128)	-	26	(102)	8,906	
Typhoon and flood insurance	191,797	222,770	-	-	-	-	-	222,770	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	167,087	191,945	-	-	-	-	-	191,945	
Health insurance	14,534	16,140	-	(5,523)	-	1,105	(4,418)	11,722	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance	11,834	12,770	(161)	-	-	33	(128)	12,642	
	<u>\$ 2,020,379</u>	<u>2,293,022</u>	<u>(18,137)</u>	<u>(72,510)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>18,115</u>	<u>(72,532)</u>	<u>2,220,490</u>	

Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance

Insurance	Previous Accumulated Special Reserve	Previous Accumulated Special Reserve added Provision	Special Reserve Recovered					Total Recovered	Accumulated Special Reserve
			More than Expected Claim Recovered	More than Retained Earned Premium Recovered	Special Reserve Recovered for Serious Accident	Effects of Income Tax			
Fire insurance	\$ 5,926	6,435	-	-	-	-	-	6,435	
Marine cargo insurance	671	710	-	-	-	-	-	710	
Hull insurance	1,690	1,707	-	-	-	-	-	1,707	
Fishing vessel insurance	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Automobile insurance	162	163	-	-	-	-	-	163	
Engineering insurance	602	602	(3)	(3)	-	1	(2)	600	
Aviation insurance	1,012	1,035	(158)	(158)	-	32	(126)	909	
Other property insurance	59	59	-	-	-	-	-	59	
Other liability insurance	1,711	2,058	-	-	-	-	-	2,058	
	<u>\$ 11,834</u>	<u>12,770</u>	<u>(161)</u>	<u>(161)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33</u>	<u>(128)</u>	<u>12,642</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of provisions**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Provisions for employee benefits		<u>\$ 214,043</u>	

**Statement of lease liabilities**

<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Leasing Term</u>	<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Note</u>
Buildings and constructions		2018.09.01~2023.07.31	2.00%~2.10%	\$ 6,349	
Transportation equipment		2018.05.11~2021.10.15	2.50%	1,514	
				<u>\$ 7,863</u>	

**Statement of deferred tax liabilities**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Provisions for land value-added tax		<u>\$ 63,920</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of other liabilities**  
**December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Incomes collected in advance		\$ 863	
Premiums received in advance		4,954	
Guarantee deposits	Leasehold	4,639	
	Others	175	
Reinsurance liability reserve deposits		11,963	
Suspense receipts		<u>5,527</u>	
Total		<u>\$ 28,121</u>	

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

## Statement of retained earned premium income

For the year ended December 31, 2020

(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Items	Written Premium	Reinsurance Premium	Reinsurance Expense	Retained Premium	Provision Method	Net Change in Unearned Premiums Reserve	Retained Earned Premium	Note
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire Insurance	\$ 130,212	-	-	130,212	Note	1,742	128,470	
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	(286)	(21)	(51)	(256)	"	(12,751)	12,495	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire Insurance	478,288	20,454	288,729	210,013	"	6,724	203,289	
Long-term commercial fire insurance	1	-	-	1	"	(292)	293	
Domestic transportation insurance	23,053	-	2,797	20,256	"	3,324	16,932	
Marine cargo insurance	152,082	1,647	79,485	74,244	"	(1,387)	75,631	
Hull insurance	63,212	-	62,869	343	"	(42)	385	
Fishing vessel insurance	25,939	2,659	22,912	5,686	"	(451)	6,137	
Aviation insurance	77,657	-	70,704	6,953	"	2,370	4,583	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	2,994,021	88	620,080	2,374,029	"	90,704	2,283,325	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	133,810	-	23,934	109,876	"	6,243	103,633	
Personal automobile liability insurance	1,996,165	95	294,070	1,702,190	"	83,292	1,618,898	
Commercial automobile liability insurance	603,760	195	99,286	504,669	"	37,997	466,672	
General liability insurance	310,766	1,326	103,436	208,656	"	9,054	199,602	
Professional indemnity insurance	24,142	141	15,164	9,119	"	(616)	9,735	
Engineering insurance	450,986	27,999	319,389	159,596	"	27,479	132,117	
Guarantee insurance	19,445	1,107	8,557	11,995	"	(309)	12,304	
Credit insurance	(37)	-	(35)	(2)	"	-	(2)	
Other property insurance, accident	27,917	-	10,040	17,877	"	(142)	18,019	
Other property insurance, automobile	14,933	-	-	14,933	"	4,470	10,463	
Accident insurance	1,001,610	6,306	302,893	705,023	"	11,214	693,809	
Commercial earthquake insurance	229,843	6,645	144,171	92,317	"	2,936	89,381	
Personal all risks insurance	28,371	3,116	782	30,705	"	1,439	29,266	
Commercial all risks insurance	-	-	-	-	"	(1)	1	
Typhoon and flood insurance	181,647	6,528	117,657	70,518	"	5,125	65,393	
Health insurance	27,107	-	4,101	23,006	"	3,154	19,852	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — fire insurance	-	4,507	-	4,507	"	146	4,361	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — marine cargo insurance	-	359	-	359	"	-	359	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — hull insurance	-	1,127	1,127	-	"	(47)	47	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — automobile insurance	-	21	-	21	"	-	21	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — engineering insurance	-	8	-	8	"	-	8	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — aviation insurance	-	2,230	1,460	770	"	378	392	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — other liability insurance	-	244	-	244	"	(43,119)	43,363	
Nuclear risks insurance	-	7,234	-	7,234	"	(693)	7,927	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance	676,375	186,450	266,152	596,673	"	4,229	592,444	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance	138,250	33,443	75,498	96,195	"	3,008	93,187	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	160,497	73,729	70,715	163,511	"	(7,021)	170,532	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	253,123	31,635	253,107	31,651	"	599	31,052	
Total	\$ <u>10,222,889</u>	<u>419,272</u>	<u>3,259,029</u>	<u>7,383,132</u>		<u>238,756</u>	<u>7,144,376</u>	

Note : The provision methods of unearned premiums reserve are determined by an actuary according to the characteristics of each insurance, and are stated in the instruction of insurance commodity calculation, and shall not be changed without the approval of the competent authority. The Company has submitted the provision method of unearned premiums reserve on Letter (Wang) Zong Jing Suan No. 1112 on October 24, 2011, and has been approved by Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (Taiwan) Insurance Bureau Jin Guan Bao Cai Zi No. 10002518120.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of interest income**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Government bonds, financial bonds, and corporate bonds		\$ 56,186	
Cash in banks		21,855	
Others	Imputed-interest for deposit	296	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 78,337</u>	

**Statement of gain (loss) on financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Equity instrument	Realized gains (losses)	\$ 93,396	
	Valuation gains (losses)	148,811	
Liability instrument	Realized gains (losses)	2,142	
	Valuation gains (losses)	<u>20,056</u>	
		<u>\$ 264,405</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of realized gain (loss) on financial assets**  
**at fair value through other comprehensive income**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Items	Amount	Note
Equity instrument:		
Cash dividends	\$ <u><u>67,954</u></u>	

**Statement of foreign exchange gain (loss)**

Items	Description	Amount
Valuation for foreign currency deposits		\$ <u><u>(657)</u></u>

**Statement of gain (loss) on investment property**

Items	Description	Amount	Note
Lease income		\$ 46,140	
Gains on sale of investment property		9,947	
Depreciation expense		<u>(4,262)</u>	
Total		\$ <u><u>51,825</u></u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of expected credit loss and reversal on**  
**investment**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Impairment losses</u>	<u>Reversal of impairment losses</u>	<u>Note</u>
Government bonds	\$ 15	-	
Financial bonds	1	-	
Corporate bonds	-	92	
	<u>\$ 16</u>	<u>92</u>	

**Statement of other operating income or cost**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Income:			
Exchange gains— non-investment		\$ 13,090	
Others		<u>1</u>	
Total		<u>\$ 13,091</u>	
Costs:			
Exchange losses— non-investment		\$ 24,922	
Reserve for industry stability fund		20,447	
Others		<u>132</u>	
Total		<u>\$ 45,501</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of retained claims payments**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<b>Insurance</b>	<b>Claim(included related expense)</b>	<b>Reinsurance claim</b>	<b>Claims recovered from reinsurers</b>	<b>Retained claim payment</b>	<b>Note</b>
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire insurance	\$ 8,205	-	-	8,205	
Long-term dwelling fire insurance	863	51	226	688	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance	438,662	8,116	368,510	78,268	
Domestic transportation insurance	3,253	-	331	2,922	
Marine cargo insurance	30,174	86	14,988	15,272	
Hull insurance	18,825	-	18,857	(32)	
Fishing vessel insurance	4,269	674	3,872	1,071	
Aviation insurance	88,194	-	88,953	(759)	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance	1,732,165	26	465,739	1,266,452	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance	66,255	-	13,762	52,493	
Personal automobile liability insurance	1,174,263	-	219,819	954,444	
Commercial automobile liability insurance	334,570	-	61,044	273,526	
General liability insurance	121,883	206	27,973	94,116	
Professional indemnity insurance	1,745	-	524	1,221	
Engineering insurance	128,781	11,910	97,351	43,340	
Guarantee insurance	44	92	33	103	
Credit insurance	-	(127)	-	(127)	
Other property insurance, accident	21,831	74	9,835	12,070	
Other property Insurance, automobile	14,741	-	-	14,741	
Accident insurance	598,697	902	257,947	341,652	
Commercial earthquake insurance	8,849	92	2,802	6,139	
Personal all risks insurance	13,758	1,371	473	14,656	
Typhoon and flood insurance	1,637	39	497	1,179	
Health insurance	14,540	-	2,535	12,005	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance — fire insurance	-	92	-	92	
Overseas Ceded-in reinsurance — marine cargo insurance	-	49	-	49	
Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance — automobile insurance	-	112	-	112	
Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance — engineering insurance	-	765	-	765	
Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance — aviation insurance	-	798	-	798	
Overseas Ceded-in Reinsurance — other liability insurance	-	86,021	53,319	32,702	
Nuclear risks insurance	-	9	-	9	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance	525,555	122,230	311,502	336,283	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance	101,569	20,751	60,650	61,670	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance	91,217	127,019	54,611	163,625	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance	-	130	-	130	
<b>Total</b>	<b>\$ 5,544,545</b>	<b>381,488</b>	<b>2,136,153</b>	<b>3,789,880</b>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of commission expenses**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Commission expense from underwriting:			
Yearly renewable term dwelling fire insurance		\$ 21,461	
Long-term dwelling fire insurance		4	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance		51,198	
Domestic transportation insurance		3,609	
Marine cargo insurance		18,777	
Hull insurance		506	
Fishing vessel insurance		1,371	
Aviation insurance		9,557	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance		520,982	
Commercial automobile physical damage insurance		24,110	
Personal automobile liability insurance		347,915	
Commercial automobile liability insurance		107,157	
Compulsory personal automobile liability insurance		111,272	
Compulsory commercial automobile liability insurance		4,667	
Compulsory motorcycle liability insurance		16,713	
General liability insurance		57,943	
Professional indemnity insurance		3,714	
Engineering insurance		43,677	
Guarantee insurance		2,732	
Credit insurance		(4)	
Other property insurance		6,530	
Accident insurance		190,335	
Commercial earthquake insurance		16,935	
Personal all risks insurance		5,615	
Typhoon and flood insurance		15,263	
Policy-oriented earthquake insurance		14,730	
Health insurance		6,025	
Total		<u>\$ 1,602,794</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of commission expenses**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Reinsurance commission expense:			
Long-term dwelling fire insurance		(10)	
Yearly renewable term commercial fire insurance		2,042	
Domestic transportation insurance		8	
Fishing vessel insurance		381	
Personal automobile physical damage insurance		16	
Personal automobile liability insurance		3	
Commercial automobile liability insurance		36	
General liability insurance		95	
Professional indemnity insurance		4	
Engineering insurance		8,395	
Nuclear risks insurance		422	
Guarantee insurance		13	
Other property insurance		13	
Personal injury insurance		93	
Commercial earthquake insurance		665	
Personal all risks insurance		314	
Commercial all risks insurance		6	
Typhoon and flood insurance		660	
Overseas ceded-in reinsurance		<u>2,576</u>	
Total		<u>\$ 15,732</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of financial costs**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Deferred interest expense	Deferred interest payment due to claim disputation	\$ 2,206	
Interest expense of lease liability		278	
Total		<u>\$ 2,484</u>	

**Statement of general expenses**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Salary expense	Employee salary and year-end bonuses	\$ 563,398	
Taxes	Value-added and stamp tax	231,352	
Entertainment expense		236,809	
Advertisement expense		127,993	
Handling fee		121,286	
Others		330,403	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 1,611,241</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of administrative expenses**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Note</u>
Salary Expense	Employee salary and year-end bonuses	\$ 238,722	
Professional service expense		38,193	
Depreciation expense		26,372	
Postage expense		22,714	
Others		108,331	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 434,332</u>	

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**

**Summary of employee benefits, depreciation and  
amortization expenses by functional account**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019**

**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

Function category Property category	2020			2019		
	Operating costs	Operating expense	Total	Operating costs	Operating expense	Total
Employee benefits expenses						
Salary expense	361,667	779,705	1,141,372	345,009	728,498	1,073,507
Labor and health insurance expense	-	77,988	77,988	-	75,784	75,784
Pension expense	-	41,488	41,488	-	41,906	41,906
Directors remuneration	-	23,122	23,122	-	19,994	19,994
Other employee benefits	-	44,905	44,905	-	43,216	43,216
Depreciation expense	4,262	49,735	53,997	4,366	51,157	55,523
Amortization expense	-	17,301	17,301	-	16,498	16,498

A additional information on the numbers of employees and employee benefits of The Company for 2020 and 2019 were as follow:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Employees	<u>1,119</u>	<u>1,082</u>
Numbers of directors-non-employees	<u>7</u>	<u>8</u>
Average employee benefits expense	<u>\$ 1,174</u>	<u>1,149</u>
Average employee salary expense	<u>\$ 1,026</u>	<u>1,000</u>
Adjustment to average employee salaries and wages	<u>2.60 %</u>	
Supervisor's remuneration	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Remuneration policy (including directors, managers and employees):

(1) Directors and appointed managers:

- (a) It is handled in accordance with the Company's "Salary and Remuneration Committee Organizational Rules", "Performance and Salary and Remuneration Evaluation Methods for Directors and Managers" and " Performance System and Evaluation Mechanism for the Chairman and General Manager ".

- (b) Directors:
  - (i) The salary and remuneration of the Company's directors is based on a monthly salary system, and transportation fees are paid based on actual attendance of the board of directors and their respective functional committees.
  - (ii) The remuneration of the chairman of the Board also includes an annual performance bonus and is handled in accordance with the "Performance System and Evaluation Mechanism for the Chairman and General Manager".
  - (iii) The remuneration of the Company's directors (including transportation fees) is based on the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation, and the amount is authorized to be paid by the Board of Directors according to usual standards of the industry.
- (c) Appointed managers:
  - (i) The remuneration of appointed managers is based on a monthly salary system plus various bonuses; they are in nature to motivate or reward appointed managers ; and depend on the Company's overall operating performance during the year and the achievement of the unit. They include year-end and variable performance bonuses, etc.
  - (ii) The remuneration of the general manager is handled in accordance with the content stipulated in the appointment contract, and "Performance System and Evaluation Mechanism for the Chairman and General Manager".
  - (iii) The remuneration of the Company's appointed managers is based on the regulations of the Articles of Incorporation, which shall be submitted to the Board of Directors for discussion.
- (d) Regarding the distribution of flexible bonuses to the Company's directors and appointed managers, the Company's overall operating results for the year and the comprehensive evaluation of the operating performance of the units under its jurisdiction shall be considered. Reasonableness and fairness and the provisions of the Articles of Incorporation shall be paid attention to during the evaluation.
- (e) The remuneration of the directors and appointed managers of the Company shall be discussed by the remuneration committee before the Board of Directors' resolution.

(2) Employee:

The employees' annual salary includes 12-months salary, year-end bonus and employee compensation. Year-end bonuses are paid based on the Company's operating performance and individual employee performance for the year; employee compensation is based on the Company's Articles of Incorporation. If the Company makes a profit during the year, one to five percent shall be allocated as employee compensation. However, if the Company still has accumulated losses, it shall first make up for the accumulated losses before the balance can be allocated and distributed.

**Union Insurance Co., LTD.**  
**Statement of non-operating income and expenses**  
**For the year ended December 31, 2020**  
**(Expressed in thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)**

<u>Items</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
Recovery claim		\$ 19,484	
Miscellaneous income		15,505	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
Recovery service expense		(4,895)	
Other expense		(73)	Each item amount is less than 5% of account balance.
Total		<u>\$ 30,021</u>	

(English Translation of Other Disclosures in Financial Reports and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**

**Other Disclosures in Financial Reports**

**For the Year Ended December 31, 2020**



安侯建業聯合會計師事務所

KPMG

台北市110615信義路5段7號68樓(台北101大樓)  
68F., TAIPEI 101 TOWER, No. 7, Sec. 5,  
Xinyi Road, Taipei City 110615, Taiwan (R.O.C.)

Telephone 電話 + 886 (2) 8101 6666  
Fax 傳真 + 886 (2) 8101 6667  
Internet 網址 kpmg.com/tw

## Union Insurance Co., LTD.

### Review Report of Other Disclosures in Financial Reports

To the Board of Directors  
Union Insurance Co., LTD.:

We have audited the financial statements of Union Insurance Co., LTD. for the year ended December 31, 2020. Our audit was made in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Certification of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and Republic of China generally accepted auditing standards, and we issued the audit report thereon on March 26, 2021. Our audit was made for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The attached “Other Disclosures in Financial Reports” (Other Disclosures) is prepared in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises. We have reviewed the information included in the Other Disclosures in accordance with article 25 of Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises.

Based on our review, the Other Disclosures in Financial Reports of Union Insurance Co., LTD. for the year ended December 31, 2020, are in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Insurance Enterprises. The financial information disclosed is consistent with the basic financial statements, and does not need any modification.

The engagement partners on the reviews resulting in this independent auditors’ review report are LEE, FENG HUI and CHUNG, TAN TAN.

KPMG

Taipei, Taiwan (Republic of China)  
March 26, 2021

#### Notes to Readers

The accompanying other disclosures in financial reports are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with the accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such other disclosures in financial reports are those generally accepted and applied in the Republic of China.

The independent auditors’ audit report and the accompanying other disclosures in financial reports are the English translation of the Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between, or any difference in the interpretation of the English and Chinese language independent auditors’ audit report and other disclosures in financial reports, the Chinese version shall prevail.

(English Translation of Other Disclosures in Financial Reports and Report Originally Issued in Chinese)  
Reviewed only, not audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards

**UNION INSURANCE CO., LTD.**

**Other Disclosures in Financial Reports**

**For the year ended December 31, 2020**

**(1) Information on business conditions**

(a) Significant business matters

- (i) Acquisition or merger: None
- (ii) Demerger: None
- (iii) Change in management rights (equity) reaching 10% or more: None
- (iv) Transfer of business: None
- (v) Investments in affiliated enterprises arising over the most recent 5 fiscal years

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars/shares)

Name of investee	Year		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016	
	Amount	Shares										
China Insurance (Thai) Public Company Limited	-	-	39,080	3,743	38,794	3,743	41,140	3,743	41,936	3,743		

Note: On December 30, 2019, the Board of Directors of the Company approved to sell China Insurance (THAI) Public Company Ltd., the subsidiary of the Company. All shares would be transferred in January 2020. Thus, the investments accounted for using equity method were reclassified from assets to held-for-sale.

- (vi) Reorganization: None
- (vii) Acquisition or disposal of major assets arising over the most recent 5 fiscal years
  - 1) Acquisition of major assets

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Type of property	Acquisition date		Acquisition amount	Name of counter-party	Relationship with the Company	If the counter-party is a related party, disclose the previous transfer information				References for determining price	Purpose of acquisition	Current condition
	Date of contract	Transfer date				Counter-party	Relationship with the Company	Date	Amount			
Property	2016.12	2016.12	193,990	Ji LI Development Co. Ltd	Non-related parties	-	-	-	-	Appraisal report	Investment property	Investment property

- 2) Disposal of major assets: None

(viii) Significant changes in operation method (including sales system) or business activity

The Company's main business is property insurance, engaging in the sales of various insurances and related business operations. There was no major change in the last five years.

(Continued)

- (b) Remuneration to directors, supervisors, president, vice presidents, and Chairmen of the board and presidents rehired as consultants after retiring from the insurance enterprise or its affiliate enterprises and related information
- (i) Remuneration paid to directors, supervisors, president, vice presidents, and consultants
- 1) Remuneration to directors (include independent directors)

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Title	Name	Remuneration of directors								Relevant remuneration received by directors who are also employees								Ratio of total remuneration (A+B+C+D)+E+F+G) to net income	Compensation paid to directors from an invested company other than the Company's subsidiary					
		Compensation (A)		Retirement pension (B)		Bonus to directors (C)		Business execution fee (D)		Salary, bonuses, and allowances (E)		Retirement pension (F)		Employees' compensation (G)										
		The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company				All companies in the consolidated financial statements		The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	
																Cash	Stock			Cash	Stock			
Director	Director of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd.																						
	President of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. (legal representative, HUNG, CHI-HSIUNG)																						
	Vice President of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. (legal representative, TSAI, SHAO-CHUNG(Note3))																						
	Director of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. (legal representative, LIN,HSIU-CHUAN(Note4))																						
	Director of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. (legal representative, HSU, HAI-LUN)	11,297	11,297	-	-	6,500	6,500	2,135	2,135	2.84 %	2.84 %	7,299	7,299	108	108	82	-	82	-	3.91 %	3.91 %	None	
	Director of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. (legal representative, SYU,SHIH-WEI(Note5))																						
	Director of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. (legal representative, MA, CHIA-YING)																						
	Director of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. (legal representative, LIU, CHIH-MING)																						
Independent director	Independent director	WANG, TUNG-LIANG																						
Independent director	Independent director	KUO, PING-SHEN	2,340	2,340	-	-	-	-	850	850	0.45 %	0.45 %	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.45 %	0.45 %	None	
Independent director	Independent director	MA, YU-FENG																						

Except listed above, there are 0 thousand dollars remuneration for services directors provided to all companies in financial statements, such as being consultants who are non-employees.

Note1: The relationship between the policy, the regulation, the structure, and the standard of remuneration paid to independent directors and the amount of remuneration:

- According to Art. 36.2 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, the remuneration paid to independent directors is reasonably decided by the Board. Independent directors would not participate in earning distribution. Regarding to the amount of remuneration(including the amount of reward for driver), by Art. 28 of the Articles of Incorporation of the Company, is decided by the Board, which refers to the standard of the same trade.
- According to the regulation of remuneration paid to directors and functional committee members, independent directors are given fixed payment without participating in earning distribution.
- According to the regulation of performance and remuneration of directors and managers, they should follow the principle of sustainable development and stable profits and keep from high-risk operating mode and high-volatility investment strategy.

Note2: Employment data of the year 2020.

Note3: Dismissed on June 11, 2020.

Note4: Dismissed on November 5, 2020.

Note5: Taking over directors on November 5, 2020.

Note6: Retirement pension contains provision and payment.

Note7: The amount of reward for driver of \$1,412 was excluded.

(Continued)

## Range of remuneration

Range of remuneration paid to directors	Name of directors			
	Total of remuneration (A+B+C+D)		Total of remuneration (A+B+C+D+E+F+G)	
	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements (H)	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements (I)
Under TWD 1,000,000	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : TSAI, SHAO-CHUNG ; LIN, HSIU-CHUAN ; HSU, HAI-LUN ; SYU, SHIH-WEI ; MA, CHIA-YING ; LIU, CHIH-MING	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : TSAI, SHAO-CHUNG ; LIN, HSIU-CHUAN ; HSU, HAI-LUN ; SYU, SHIH-WEI ; MA, CHIA-YING ; LIU, CHIH-MING	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : TSAI, SHAO-CHUNG ; LIN, HSIU-CHUAN ; HSU, HAI-LUN ; SYU, SHIH-WEI ; MA, CHIA-YING	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : TSAI, SHAO-CHUNG ; LIN, HSIU-CHUAN ; HSU, HAI-LUN ; SYU, SHIH-WEI ; MA, CHIA-YING
TWD 1,000,000 (included)~ TWD 2,000,000 (excluded)	WANG, TUNG-LIANG ; KUO, PING-SHEN ; MA, YU-FENG ;	WANG, TUNG-LIANG ; KUO, PING-SHEN ; MA, YU-FENG ;	WANG, TUNG-LIANG ; KUO, PING-SHEN ; MA, YU-FENG ;	WANG, TUNG-LIANG ; KUO, PING-SHEN ; MA, YU-FENG ;
TWD 2,000,000 (included)~ TWD 3,500,000 (excluded)				
TWD 3,500,000 (included)~ TWD 5,000,000 (excluded)				
TWD 5,000,000 (included)~ TWD 10,000,000 (excluded)	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd.	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd.	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. and Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : LIU, CHIH-MING	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd. and Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : LIU, CHIH-MING
TWD10,000,000 (included)~ TWD 15,000,000 (excluded)	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : HUNG, CHI-HSIUNG	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : HUNG, CHI-HSIUNG	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : HUNG, CHI-HSIUNG	Legal representative of WANT-WANT Co., Ltd., : HUNG, CHI-HSIUNG
TWD15,000,000 (included)~ TWD 30,000,000 (excluded)				
TWD30,000,000 (included)~ TWD 50,000,000 (excluded)				
TWD50,000,000 (included)~ TWD100,000,000 (excluded)				
Over TWD100,000,000				
Total	11 people	11 people	11 people	11 people

Note: Listing legal director and representative respectively.

2) Remuneration paid to supervisors: None.

(Continued)

## 3) Remuneration paid to president and vice presidents

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Title	Name	Salary (A)		Retirement pension (B)		Bonuses, and Allowances (C)		Employees' compensation (D)				Ratio of total remuneration (A+B+C+D) to net income		Compensation paid to president and vice presidents from an invested company other than the Company's subsidiary
		The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	The Company		All companies in the consolidated financial statements		The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements	
								Cash	Stock	Cash	Stock			
President	LIU, CHIH-MING	16,359	16,359	821	821	7,248	7,248	384	-	384	-	3.53 %	3.53 %	None
Vice president	TSAO, SHENG-KUANG													
Vice-president	PAN, SHAO-YUN													
Chief Actuary	LIN, CHIN-YUAN(Note1)													
Chief Information Officer	CHIOU, JIA-XIONG (Note2)													
Chief Investment Officer	WU, FU-CHENG													
Chief Audit Officer	WANG, LI-HUNG													
Chief compliance officer	KO, CHING-HUA													

Note1: Dismissed on December 31, 2020.

Note2: Dismissed on August 1, 2020.

Note3: The amount of reward for driver of \$1,360 was excluded.

Note4: Retirement pension contains provision and payment.

(Continued)

## Range of remuneration

Range of remuneration paid to president and vice presidents	Name of president and vice presidents	
	The Company	All companies in the consolidated financial statements (E)
Under TWD 1,000,000	-	-
TWD 1,000,000 (included)~ TWD 2,000,000 (excluded)	CHIOU, JIA-XIONG ; KO, CHING-HUA ;	CHIOU, JIA-XIONG ; KO, CHING-HUA ;
TWD 2,000,000 (included)~ TWD 3,500,000 (excluded)	LIN, CHIN-YUAN ; WANG, LI-HUNG ; WU, FU-CHENG ; PAN, SHAO-YUN ; TSAO, SHENG-KUANG	LIN, CHIN-YUAN ; WANG, LI-HUNG ; WU, FU-CHENG ; PAN, SHAO-YUN ; TSAO, SHENG-KUANG
TWD 3,500,000 (included)~ TWD 5,000,000 (excluded)	-	-
TWD 5,000,000 (included)~ TWD 10,000,000 (excluded)	LIU, CHIH-MING ;	LIU, CHIH-MING ;
TWD 10,000,000 (included)~ TWD 15,000,000 (excluded)	-	-
TWD 15,000,000 (included)~ TWD 30,000,000 (excluded)	-	-
TWD 30,000,000 (included)~ TWD 50,000,000 (excluded)	-	-
TWD 50,000,000 (included)~ TWD 100,000,000 (excluded)	-	-
Over TWD 100,000,000	-	-
Total	8 people	8 people

4) Top 5 managers' remuneration of the listed insurance companies: Not applicable.

(Continued)

## 5) Employees' compensation distributed to managers

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Title	Name	Bonus - in Stock	Bonus - in Cash	Total	Ratio of total amount to net income (%)	
Management	President	LIU, CHIH-MING					
	Vice President	PAN, SHAO-YUN					
	Vice President	TSAO, SHENG-KUANG					
	Chief Investment Officer	WU, FU-CHENG					
	Chief Audit Officer	WANG, LI-HUNG					
	Chief Compliance Officer	KO, CHING-HUA					
	Senior Manager	CHAO, MAO-LIANG					
	Senior Manager	CHEN, TAI-LUNG					
	Senior Manager	LO, YU-CHENG					
	Senior Manager	HSU, JUI-LIN					
	Senior Manager	LAI, TUNG-YI					
	Senior Manager	WU, TA-CHUN					
	Senior Manager	LI, WEN-RUEI					
	Senior Manager	HUANG, CHIN-PIN					
	Senior Manager	LAI, HUNG-TE					
	Senior Manager	WANG, MIN-CHIN					
	Senior Manager	YEN, KUO-CHUNG					
	Senior Manager	TSAI, WAN-HUA					
	Manager	LAI, SUNG-YEN					
	Manager	LIN, CHING-HSIN					
	Manager	WU, PI-TU					
	Manager	CHENG, KUO-JUNG					
	Manager	LU, TSUNG-HSUN		-	1,330	1,330	0.19 %
	Manager	HSIEH, JUI-CHENG					
	Manager	LAI, CHIN-FANG					
	Manager	LIAO, WEN-SUNG					
	Manager	LIN, HOUNG-HUA					
	Manager	TSUI, CHUAN-SHENG					
	Manager	LIU, SEN-JUNG					
	Manager	WU, SHU-CHUAN					
	Manager	CHANG, HUI-KUO					
	Manager	CHANG, SUNG-TSE					
	Manager	HUNG, KUO-CHUN					
	Manager	LI, HUI-YING					
Manager	LIN, TSANG-CHING						
Manager	HSU, CHE-CHANG						
Manager	WU, YI-CHENG						
Manager	HSU, MIN-YUAN						
Chief Financial Officer	HSUEH, CHANG-HSIAO						
Chief Accounting Officer	KUO, FEI-WEN						

Note 1: Employment data on December 31, 2020.

Note 2: Estimated with percentage which is calculated by actual payment last year.

(Continued)

- 6) Chairmen of the board and presidents rehired as consultants after retirement: None.
- (ii) The Company's chairman, general manager, or any managerial officer in charge of finance or accounting matters has in the most recent year held a position at the accounting firm of its CPA or at an affiliated enterprise: None.
- (c) Labor-management relations
- (i) Agreements between labor and management and the implementation
- 1) Employee benefit policies
- The Company established Employees' Welfare Committee, which is comprised of employees recommend. They hold various of welfare activities in accordance with Rules for Employees' Welfare.
- 2) Professional development and training
- The Company provides employees systematic and professional education training in concert with interdisciplinary learning program, multiple training program, and self-learning program.
- 3) Retirement programs
- In compliance with the Labor Standards Act and Labor Pension Act, the Company shall make a monthly contribution to the labor pension reserve funds and labor pension funds. The calculation of the defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary with actuarial report to protect the workers' rights and interests.
- 4) Other major agreements: None.
- (ii) Loss sustained as a result of labor disputes in the most recent 3 fiscal years: None.
- (iii) Violation of the Labor Standards Act found during the labor inspection.
- In accordance with the Fu Lao Jian Zi No.1090224604 on September 9,2020, the Company was fined \$20 for violating the provisions of "Labor Standards Act" Art. 24.1. The Company has immediately improved after this arbitration.
- (d) Changes in president, chief audit officer and actuaries in the most recent 2 years
- (i) Changes in president, chief audit officer: None
- (ii) Changes in qualified actuaries
- The Company's Board of Directors approved on October 30, 2020 that the appointed actuary was switched from chief actuary LIN,CHIN-YUAN, to manager WU,YI-CHENG. This case was approved by the governmental authority for review on February 23, 2021.
- (e) Changes in the method for provision of all kinds of reserves: None.
- (f) The situation in the most recent year where its shareholders' meeting has adopted the resolution to carry out capital increase or decrease or its Board of Directors (council) has adopted the resolution to issue new shares but the application (or filing) has not been approved (or has not been approved for record) by the FSC, or where its application for capital change registration has not been approved by the Ministry of Economic Affairs.

(Continued)

The Company's transfer \$106,480 from retained earnings to common stocks distributed to shareholders was approved by the resolution of the shareholders' meeting held on June 24, 2020 ; therefore, total of 10,648 thousand shares were issued. This issuance of shares was approved by the Financial Supervisory Commission, R.O.C. (Taiwan) on August 14, 2020. The committee approved the declaration to take effect. The base date for the capital increase was set on September 18, 2020. The relevant statutory registration procedures have been completed.

- (g) Cases of claim payment and claim recovery from reinsurer involving amount exceeding NT\$20 million in the most recent 3 years and financial impact analysis

<b>For the year ended December 31, 2020</b>			
<b>Insurance</b>	<b>Insurance Claim Payment (A)</b>	<b>Claims Recoverable from Reinsurers (B)</b>	<b>Retained Claim Payment (C)=(A)-(B)</b>
Injury Insurance	\$ 26,000	19,000	7,000
Commercial Fire Insurance	109,000	30,700	78,300
	<u>\$ 135,000</u>	<u>49,700</u>	<u>85,300</u>
<b>For the year ended December 31, 2019</b>			
<b>Insurance</b>	<b>Insurance Claim Payment (A)</b>	<b>Claims Recoverable from Reinsurers (B)</b>	<b>Retained Claim Payment (C)=(A)-(B)</b>
Commercial Fire Insurance	\$ 208,000	158,000	50,000
Engineering Insurance	54,000	50,970	3,030
	<u>\$ 262,000</u>	<u>208,970</u>	<u>53,030</u>
<b>For the year ended December 31, 2018</b>			
<b>Insurance</b>	<b>Insurance Claim Payment (A)</b>	<b>Claims Recoverable from Reinsurers (B)</b>	<b>Retained Claim Payment (C)=(A)-(B)</b>
Commercial Fire Insurance	675,000	615,000	60,000
Commercial Earthquake Insurance	39,960	9,960	30,000
	<u>\$ 714,960</u>	<u>624,960</u>	<u>90,000</u>

- (h) Names of reinsurers to whom the reinsurance premium expenses paid in the most recent year account for more than 1% of total premium income and the credit rating of those reinsurers

<b>Reinsurer</b>	<b>Credit Rating</b>	<b>Credit Rating Agency</b>
Central Reinsurance Corporation	A	S & P
Transatlantic Reinsurance Company, Hong Kong Branch	A+	S & P
Swiss Reinsurance Co., Ltd, HK Branch	AA-	S & P

(Continued)

## (i) Entrust credit rating agency to rating reinsurers

The Company entrusted Taiwan Ratings to make the credit rating in connection with financial condition and issuer. On September 22, 2020, the result of Taiwan Ratings is twAA, and the credit rating vision is stable. On September 22, 2020, the result of Standard & Poor 's is A-, and the credit rating vision is stable. On June 4, 2020, the result of A.M. Best Company is A-, and the credit rating vision is stable.

## (2) Market price of securities, dividend and dispersion of ownership

## (a) Per share market price, net worth, earnings per share, dividends in the past 2 years

(New Taiwan Dollars/in Thousands of shares)

Item	Year		2020	2019
	Market price per share	Highest		22.90
Lowest		15.60	19.00	
Average		19.49	20.02	
Net worth per share	Before distribution		26.15	25.44
	After distribution		Note 1	23.39
Earnings per share	Weighted average number of ordinary shares		223,608	223,608
Earnings per share	Earnings per share	Before distribution	3.14	3.30
		After distribution	3.14	3.15
Dividends per share	Cash dividends		Note 1	0.88
	Issuance of bonus shares	Stock dividend from retained earnings	"	0.50
		Stock dividend from capital reserve	"	-
	Accumulated undistributed dividends		-	-
Analysis of return on investment	Price-earnings ratio		6.21	6.36
	Price-dividend ratio		Note 1	22.75
	Cash dividend yield		"	4.40 %

Note 1: The earning distribution of 2020 is pending to pass a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

(Continued)

## (b) Dispersion of ownership

## (i) Common shares

Ordinary Par Value Per Share NT10		As of December 31, 2020		
Class of Shareholding		Number of Shareholders	Shareholding	Percentage
1 ~	999	8,598	1,726,359	0.7721 %
1,000 ~	5,000	2,898	5,840,225	2.6118 %
5,001 ~	10,000	648	4,226,149	1.8900 %
10,001 ~	15,000	318	3,619,788	1.6188 %
15,001 ~	20,000	113	1,942,350	0.8686 %
20,001 ~	30,000	143	3,354,856	1.5003 %
30,001 ~	40,000	66	2,280,113	1.0197 %
40,001 ~	50,000	36	1,557,522	0.6965 %
50,001 ~	100,000	102	7,114,753	3.1818 %
100,001 ~	200,000	53	7,009,656	3.1348 %
200,001 ~	400,000	28	7,894,601	3.5306 %
400,001 ~	600,000	17	8,531,440	3.8154 %
600,001 ~	800,000	6	3,948,646	1.7659 %
800,001 ~	1,000,000	5	4,617,609	2.0650 %
1,000,001 or over		9	159,943,933	71.5287 %
<b>Total</b>		13,040	223,608,000	100.00 %

(ii) Preferred shares: The Company have no preferred share.

## (c) Net change in shareholding of directors, supervisors, managerial officers, and shareholders with 10% shareholdings or more.

Title	Name	2020		As of February 28, 2021	
		Holding Increase (Decrease)	Pledged Holding Increase (Decrease)	Holding Increase (Decrease)	Pledged Holding Increase (Decrease)
Over 10% shareholder	TSAI HO WANT ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. (Note3)	29,191,946	-	-	-
Over 10% shareholder	WANT CHIA ENTERPRISES CO., LTD. (Note3)	27,711,148	-	-	-
Director of the Board	WANT-WANT Co., Ltd.	2,223,330	-	-	-
Director of the Board and General Manager	LIU, CHIH-MING	298	-	-	-
Chief Audit Officer	WANG, LI-HUNG	514	-	-	-

(Continued)

Title	Name	2020		As of February 28, 2021	
		Holding Increase (Decrease)	Pledged Holding Increase (Decrease)	Holding Increase (Decrease)	Pledged Holding Increase (Decrease)
Senior Manager	CHEN, TAI-LUNG	5,000	-	-	-
Senior Manager	WANG, MIN-CHIN	36	-	-	-
Senior Manager	HSU, JUI-LIN	1,050	-	-	-
Senior Manager	LO, YU-CHENG	614	-	-	-
Manager	WU, PI-TU	288	-	-	-
Manager	LAI, CHIN-FANG	310	-	-	-

Note 1: Employment data on December 31, 2020.

Note 2: The Company's transfer \$106,480 from retained earnings to common stocks distributed to shareholders was approved by the resolution of the shareholders' meeting held on June 24, 2020.

Note 3: Shareholders who held more than 10% shares on February 11, 2020.

(Continued)

## Shares Trading

(New Taiwan Dollars, Shares)

Name	Reason for transfer	Date of transaction	Transferee	Relationship between transferee and the Company as well as the Company's directors, supervisors, and shareholders holding more than 10% of the entire shares	Shares	Transaction Price
TSAI HO WANT ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.	Acquisition	2020.02.11	TSAI, YAN-MING	The Company final controller	26,812,819	20.4
			SEALAND LOGISTICS SOLUTIONS TAIWAN LIMITED-TAIWAN BRANCH; FINANCE PLUS TAIWAN LIMITED-TAIWAN BRANCH	Material related party		
WANT CHIA ENTERPRISES CO., LTD.	Acquisition	2020.02.11	WANT WANT CONSTRUCTIONS CO., LTD.; EINDRICH SZWART TAIWAN LIMITED-TAIWAN BRANCH; THEME PARK DOME TAIWAN LIMITED-TAIWAN BRANCH	Material related party	25,402,535	20.4

(Continued)

## Shares Pledge

(New Taiwan Dollars, Shares)

Name	Reason for pledge	Date of transaction	Transferee	Relationship between transferee and the Company as well as the Company's directors, supervisors, and shareholders holding more than 10% of the entire shares	Shares	Shares holding (%)	Shares pledged (%)	Pledged amount
None					-	- %	- %	-

(d) Information for shelf registration: Not applicable.

**(3) Financial Information**

(a) Concise balance sheet and statement of comprehensive income

(i) Concise Balance Sheet from 2016 to 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Year	Financial summary for the most recent five years (Note 1)				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Cash and cash equivalents		2,386,542	2,117,261	2,268,129	2,585,164	2,095,849
Account receivables		667,810	858,220	888,537	711,557	660,317
Assets classified as held-for-sale		-	39,080	-	-	-
Financial assets and loans		8,730,438	8,344,160	7,793,073	7,002,017	6,420,997
Reinsurance assets		3,920,832	4,149,186	4,510,868	4,151,807	4,391,031
Property and equipment		1,165,781	1,127,260	1,037,396	816,841	836,937
Intangible assets		136,982	133,831	134,484	74,893	101,609
Other assets		736,347	764,990	708,472	880,406	844,344
Total assets		17,744,732	17,533,988	17,340,959	16,222,685	15,351,084
Accounts payable		1,256,750	1,283,230	1,209,944	1,254,165	1,179,206
Liabilities related to assets classified as held-for-sale		-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities		-	-	-	-	-
Insurance liabilities and reserve for insurance with nature of financial instrument		10,326,662	10,404,545	10,899,072	10,284,374	10,253,324
Provisions		214,043	233,432	275,649	254,150	238,904
Other liabilities		100,084	194,940	118,486	115,590	74,007
Total liabilities	Before distribution	11,897,539	12,116,147	12,503,151	11,908,279	11,745,441
	After distribution	Note 2	12,303,552	12,694,815	12,057,351	11,745,441
Ordinary share		2,236,080	2,129,600	2,129,600	2,129,600	2,129,600
Capital surplus		-	-	-	-	-
Retained earnings	Before distribution	3,552,655	3,164,913	2,652,316	2,171,062	1,523,643
	After distribution	Note 2	2,871,028	2,460,652	2,021,990	1,523,643
Other equity interest		58,458	123,328	55,892	13,744	(47,600)
Total equity	Before distribution	5,847,193	5,417,841	4,837,808	4,314,406	3,605,643
	After distribution	Note 2	5,230,436	4,646,144	4,165,334	3,605,643

(Continued)

Note 1: Financial summary for the most recent five years has been audited by CPA.

Note 2: The earning distribution of 2020 is pending to pass a resolution of the shareholders' meeting.

(ii) Concise comprehensive income statement from 2016 to 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Year	Financial summary for the most recent five years (Note 1)				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Operating revenue		8,237,782	8,065,998	7,695,690	7,220,409	6,280,565
Operating cost		5,509,703	5,346,030	5,160,294	4,727,178	4,394,905
Operating expense		2,054,189	2,032,547	1,942,719	1,834,876	1,698,330
Non-operating income and expense		32,162	13,930	34,069	5,103	30,836
Income before tax		706,052	701,351	626,746	663,458	218,166
Net income (after tax)		702,097	703,782	605,620	663,458	218,479
Other comprehensive income		(82,387)	67,915	55,757	45,305	(85,479)
Earnings per share (Note 2) (in New Taiwan dollars)		3.14	3.15	2.84	3.12	1.03

Note 1: Financial summary for the most recent five years has been audited by CPA.

Note 2: Earnings(Loss) per share is calculated by retrospective-adjusted weighted average number of ordinary shares. If capital increase by retained earning or share premium, or capital decrease due to reverse share split happened, the shares will be retrospective-adjusted according to ratio of increased and decreased capital, regardless of the outstanding period.

(b) Financial ratios analysis

Item	Year	Financial ratios analysis for the most recent five years (Note 1)				
		2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Business analysis (%)	Rate of change in direct written premiums	3.96	0.08	8.12	7.21	3.74
	Rate of change in claims paid	(1.38)	15.65	(3.47)	10.92	8.12
	Rate of change in net premiums	5.45	(0.28)	5.21	15.58	8.65
	Rate of net value	32.95	30.90	27.90	26.59	23.49
Profitability analysis (%)	Return on assets	3.99	4.05	3.62	4.21	1.47
	Return on equity	12.47	13.72	13.23	16.75	6.15
	Net return on fund	2.93	2.78	1.36	2.18	0.80
	Return on investment	2.65	2.52	1.23	1.96	0.72
	Net combined ratio	96.03	96.83	93.39	93.21	98.41
	Net expense ratio	42.17	42.90	40.80	40.79	40.99
Overall operation analysis (%)	Net loss ratio	53.86	53.93	52.59	52.42	57.42
	Net premiums to shareholders' equity	126.27	129.24	145.13	154.68	160.14
	Gross premiums to shareholders' equity	182.00	188.89	211.63	223.90	251.19
	Net reinsurance commission to equity	7.85	8.69	10.11	10.85	17.35
	Reserves to equity	176.61	192.04	225.29	238.37	284.37
	Rate of change in equity	7.92	11.99	12.13	19.66	3.20
	Expense rate	34.70	35.08	33.97	34.19	34.04

Note 1: Financial summary for the most recent five years has been audited by CPA.

(Continued)

The reason why change in financial business indicator for the most recent two years

(i) Rate of change in claims paid

The decrease in the rate of change in claims paid resulted from the fact that most of the major fire insurance claims were settled and paid last year.

(ii) Rate of change in net premiums

The increase in the rate of change in net premiums resulted from the fact that the written premium on automobile insurance benefited from the promotion of various car manufacturers and the government's replacement subsidy program.

(iii) Net return on fund and return on investment:

The increase in the return on investment and net return on fund resulted from the increase in the profits of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and profit before tax income, which led in the investment performance to improve.

- (c) Other significant information sufficient to enhance understanding of its financial position, financial performance and cash flows or trends of change (e.g. the effects of exchange rate fluctuation): None.

**(4) Financial position and financial performance analysis**

(a) Financial position analysis

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Year	2020	2019	Difference	
				Amount	%
Cash and cash equivalents		2,386,542	2,117,261	269,281	12.72
Account Receivables		667,810	858,220	(190,410)	(22.19)
Assets classified as held-for-sale		-	39,080	(39,080)	(100.00)
Financial assets and loans		8,730,438	8,344,160	386,278	4.63
Reinsurance assets		3,920,832	4,149,186	(228,354)	(5.50)
Property and equipment		1,165,781	1,127,260	38,521	3.42
Intangible assets		136,982	133,831	3,151	2.35
Other assets		736,347	764,990	(28,643)	(3.74)
Total assets		17,744,732	17,533,988	210,744	1.20
Accounts payable		1,256,750	1,283,230	(26,480)	(2.06)
Liabilities related to assets classified as held-for-sale		-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities		-	-	-	-
Insurance liabilities and reserve for insurance with nature of financial instrument		10,326,662	10,404,545	(77,883)	(0.75)
Provisions		214,043	233,432	(19,389)	(8.31)
Other liabilities		100,084	194,940	(94,856)	(48.66)
Total liabilities		11,897,539	12,116,147	(218,608)	(1.80)
Capital stock		2,236,080	2,129,600	106,480	5.00
Capital surplus		-	-	-	-
Retained earnings		3,552,655	3,164,913	387,742	12.25
Other equity interest		58,458	123,328	(64,870)	(52.60)
Total equity		5,847,193	5,417,841	429,352	7.92

(Continued)

## Analysis of change over 20%:

## (i) Account Receivables:

The decrease in accounts receivable was mainly due to the impact of Covid-19, resulting the decline in the sales of travel insurance and the significant reduction in premiums receivable.

## (ii) Assets classified as held-for-sale:

The decrease in assets classified as held-for-sale resulted from the fact that all shares of the subsidiary, China Insurance (THAI) Public Company Ltd. were transferred in January of this year.

## (iii) Other liabilities:

The decrease in other liabilities resulted from the facts that there was a new account "An advance receipt deriving from the disposal of subsidiary's shares" last year, and the transfer of the shareholdings of the subsidiary was completed in current period.

## (iv) Other equity interest:

The financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income resulted in the decrease in unrealized gains.

## (b) Financial performance analysis

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Item	Year	2020	2019	Change in amount	Change of rate (%)
Operating revenue		8,237,782	8,065,998	171,784	2.13
Operating cost		5,509,703	5,346,030	163,673	3.06
Operating expense		2,054,189	2,032,547	21,642	1.06
Income from operation		673,890	687,421	(13,531)	(1.97)
Non-operating income and expense		32,162	13,930	18,232	130.88
Profit (loss) from continuing operations before tax		706,052	701,351	4,701	0.67
Tax (income) expense		3,955	(2,431)	6,386	262.69
Profit (loss) from continuing operations		702,097	703,782	(1,685)	(0.24)

## Analysis of change over 20%:

## (i) Non-operating income and expense:

The increase in the current period compared with the previous period was mainly due to the receipt of the second creditor's rights allocation from Walsun Insurance Ltd.

## (ii) Tax (income) expense:

The increase in the current period compared with the previous period was mainly due to the increase in the basic tax payable this year.

(Continued)

**(5) CPA information****(a) Information on Accountants' Fees**

- (i) Non-audit fees paid to the CPA, to the accounting firm of the CPA, and to any affiliated enterprise of such accounting firm are equivalent to one quarter or more of the audit fees: None.
- (ii) Alter the CPA Firm and the audit fee in altering year is less than that in the previous year: None.
- (iii) The audit fee is reduced by over 15% compared with the previous year: None.

**(b) Alternation of CPA: None.**

Union Insurance Co., LTD.

Chairman: HUNG, CHI-HSIUNG

President: LIU, CHIH-MING

Chief Accounting Officer: KUO, FEI-WEN